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(54) Title: FELINE IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS CLONE JSY3

(57) Abstract

A full length genomic clone (JSY3) of FIV-NCSU₁ was isolated and sequenced. The JSY3 molecular clone retains in the *in vivo* biological characteristics of the parent virus, including the ability to cause a significant inversion of the CD4+/CD8+ ratio by six weeks post infection.

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FELINE IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS CLONE JSY3

This invention was made with government support under Public Health Service grant NO1 AI 35515 from the NIAIDS-DAIDS. The government may have certain rights to this invention.

Field of the Invention

This invention concerns a Feline Immunodeficiency Virus molecular clone which is highly infectious in vivo and which produces immunodeficiency in infected subjects.

Background of the Invention

Feline immunodeficiency virus lentivirus of cats, is associated with feline acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). See N. Pedersen et al., Science 235: 790 (1987). Disorders associated with FIV infection include chronic gingivitis/stomatitis, chronic upper respiratory infections, chronic enteritis, and recurrent ocular disease. See R. English et al., J. Am. Vet. Med. Assoc. 196: 1116 (1990); N. Pedersen et al., Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol. 21: 111 (1989); J. Yamamoto et al., J. Am. Vet. Med. Assoc. 194: 213 (1989). What is known to date of the pathogenesis of FIV infection suggests that it is a valuable animal model for other retroviral diseases, such as human immunodeficiency virus-1 (HIV-1) infection. HIV-1 and FIV belong to the lentivirus subfamily of retroviruses, have similar morphology, protein composition, and Mg2+-dependency of their reverse transcriptases (RT). See N. Pedersen et al., Science 235: 790 (1987); N. Pedersen et al., Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol. 21:111 (1989). They both display tropism for T lymphocytes and monocytes and are capable of inducing these cells to form syncytia. See D. Brunner and N. Pedersen, J. Virol. 63: 5483 (1989); M. Gardner and P. Luciw, FASEB Journal 3: 2593 (1989). HIV-1 displays a particular tropism for CD4 lymphocytes, which leads to their gradual depletion and an inversion of the CD4:CD8 ratio. See A. Dalgleish et al., Nature 312: 763 (1984). The pathogenesis of HIV-1 infection has been attributed to virus-induced reduction of CD4 lymphocyte numbers and functions, resulting in decreased immune responsiveness and subsequent severe secondary infections. See M. McChesney and M. Oldstone, Ad. Immunol. 45: 335 (1989).

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Yamamoto et al. studied the early events in the 15 pathogenesis of FIV in kittens. See J. Yamamoto et al., Am. J. Vet. Res. 49: 1246 (1988). These kittens developed an acute infection syndrome similar to that seen in HIV-1, including low grade fever and transient generalized lymphadenopathy. More recent studies by Ackley et al., J. 20 Virol. 64: 5652 (1990), utilized monoclonal antibodies directed against feline CD4' and CD8' homologues and Pan T lymphocyte profiles in SPF analyze experimentally infected with FIV. These authors reported that a significant inversion of the CD4*:CD8* ratios 25 occurred only in cats infected for 18 months or more. inversion was associated with a decrease in absolute number of CD4 cells and an increase in CD8 cells.

A panel of monoclonal antibodies specific for feline T cell subsets (M. Tompkins et al., Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol. 26: 305 (1990)) has been used to analyze T cell numbers and profiles in cats naturally infected with FIV. See C. Novotney et al., AIDS 4: 1213 (1990). Similar to the observation of Ackley et al. supra, cats naturally infected with FIV have an inverted CD4*:CD8* ratio characterized by a selective reduction in CD4* cells.

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Summary of the Invention

A first aspect of the present invention is an isolated feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV) having all of the identifying characteristics of FIV clone JSY3.

A further aspect of the present invention is an isolated feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV) whose proviral DNA comprises a DNA sequence selected from SEQ ID NO:1 and sequences which vary from SEQ ID NO:1 due to the degeneracy of the genetic code.

A further aspect of the present invention is a biologically pure culture of host cells containing feline immunodeficiency virus as described above.

A further aspect of the present invention is isolated DNA comprising a DNA sequence selected from SEQ ID NO:1 and sequences which vary from SEQ ID NO:1 due to the degeneracy of the genetic code; vectors containing such DNA; and host cells containing and capable of expressing such vectors.

A further aspect of the present invention is isolated DNA comprising a DNA sequence selected from (a) SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:9, SEQ ID NO:11, SEQ ID NO:13, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ ID NO:18, SEQ ID NO:19, and (b) sequences which vary from those of (a) above due to the degeneracy of the genetic code; vectors containing such DNA; and host cells containing and capable of expressing such vectors.

A further aspect of the present invention is a polypeptide having a sequence selected from SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:12, SEQ ID NO:15, SEQ ID NO:17, and SEQ ID NO:20.

A further aspect of the present invention is a specific pathogen free (SPF) cat infected with feline immunodeficiency virus clone JSY3.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1A - 10 provide the DNA sequence of the FIV-NCSU, insert of the lambda clone. The first three nucleotides are part of the lambda vector DNA sequence; the FIV

proviral DNA sequence begins with the fourth nucleotide of Figure 1A. The gag region (and the p15, p25, p24a and p10 regions therein), the pol region (and two open reading frames (orf) therein, and the env region (and the transmembrane (TM) protein therein) are indicated.

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Figure 2A - 2H aligns the group specific antigen (gag) open reading frame of the FIV NCSU₁ JSY3 molecular clone with those of six known FIV strains: FIV PPR, FIV Z1, FIV CG, FIV 14, FIV TM1 and FIV TM2.

Figure 3A - 3O aligns the envelope protein sequence of FIV NCSU₁ JSY3 molecular clone with those of five known FIV strains: FIV 14, FIV Z1, FIV CG, FIV 19k, and FIV PPR.

Figure 4 is a schematic of the strategy used for the molecular cloning of the FIV JSY3 full-length genome, beginning with total cellular DNA from FCD4E cells directly infected with FIV-NCSU₁.

Detailed Description of the Invention

A major limitation of the FIV model for the study of retroviral infection is the unavailability of molecular clones that retain the pathogenic characteristics of the wild-type viruses. Genetically homogeneous molecular clones of FIV that retain the biological and disease-causing properties of the pathogenic wild-type populations are useful for understanding the molecular basis for determinants of FIV pathogenesis, treatment of FIV, and the relevance of FIV to other retroviral infections.

The FIV molecular clones FIV-14 (Olmsted et al., PNAS USA 86:2448 (1989)), FIV-pF34 of FIV-Petaluma (Sparger et al., Virology 205:546 (1994)), FIV-pPPR of FIV-PPR (Sparger et al., Virology 205:546 (1994)), pFTM191CG of FIV-TM1 (Miyazawa et al., J. Virol. 65:1572 (1991)), and 19K1 of FIV Amsterdam-19 (Siebelink et al., J. Virol. 66:1091 (1992)), have been reported to be infectious in vivo as determined by seroconversion, cell-associated virus, and the presence of FIV provirus. No clone has been reported as pathogenic to the extent that it causes immunodeficiency

and increased susceptibility to secondary opportunistic infections.

An isolate of FIV (FIV-NCSU₁) that is pathogenic in vivo, as measured by a severe loss of CD4+ cells and development of secondary infections, severe wasting, neurological disease, and B-cell lymphomas, has been described recently (English et al., J. Infect. Dis. 170:543 (1994)). Davidson et al. (Am. J. Pathol. 143:1486 (1993)) were able to demonstrate that FIV-NCSU₁ causes a relatively early and profound state of immunodeficiency, as measured by loss of resistance to challenge with a Toxoplasma gondii strain with a low level of virulence. This dual FIV-T. gondii infection provides a model with which to determine the ability of FIV isolates as well as molecular clones of FIV to cause immunodeficiency.

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A full length FIV-NCSU₁ genome (JSY3) was cloned directly from FIV-NCSU, infected feline CD4+ lymphocyte (FCD4E) genomic DNA and identified by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) amplification with 5'-LTR, gag, env, 3'-LTR Supernatant collected from FCD4E cells cocultured with JSY3-transfected Crandell feline kidney (CrFK) cells was used as inoculum. Cell-free JSY3 virus was cytopathogenic for FCD4E lymphocytes, but did not To determine in vivo infect CrFK cells in vitro. infectivity and pathogenesis, 6 young adult SPF cats were inoculated with cell-free JSY3 virus. Provirus was detected at 2 wk post-infection, and was still detectable at 25 weeks post infection as determined by gag region PCR/Southern blot analysis of peripheral blood mononuclear cell (PBMC) lysates. Infectious virus was recovered from PBMC at six weeks and 25 weeks post infection, and antibody response to FIV was detected by four weeks post infection. In the acute phase of infection, JSY3 provirus was found only in the CD4+ lymphocyte subset; however, by 14 weeks post invention the greatest provirus burden was detected in B lymphocytes. All six cats were panleukopenic at two weeks post infection, CD4+:CD8+ ratios were inverted by six

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and 5/6 developed post-infection, cats weeks lymphadenopathy by ten weeks post infection. To determine if the JSY3 molecular clone caused immunodeficiency similar to the parent wild-type FIV-NCSU,, the cats were challenged with the low virulence ME49 strain of Toxoplasma gondii (T. gondii) at 29 weeks post infection. Five of six cats developed acute respiratory distress and euthanasia. Histopathologic examination of the severely affected cats revealed generalized inflammatory reactions and the presence of T. gondii tachyzoites in multiple None of the six age- and sex-matched SPF cats tissues. inoculated with only T. gondii developed clinical disease. These results indicate that the pathogenesis of the molecularly cloned NCSU, JSY3 isolate is similar to the wild-type FIV-NCSU, and induces immunodeficiency in cats.

The JSY3 molecular clone retains the essential in vitro and in vivo biological characteristics of the parent virus. This clone was obtained from an EMBL3 lambda phage library made from FCD4E cells, and the intact genomic structure was confirmed by PCR comparison with the FIV-pPPR molecular The JSY3 molecular clone recovered was highly infectious for PBMCs and FCD4E cells but failed to infect CrFK cells, thus retaining the tropism of the parent FIV-NCSU, virus. Miyazawa et al. (Miyazawa et al., J. Virol. 65:1572 (1991)) and Siebelink et al. (Siebelink et al., J. Virol. 66:1091 (1992)) reported that CD4+ lymphoblastoid MYA-1 cell-derived or bone marrow-derived cell line molecular clones of FIV recovered from transfected CrFK cells failed to reinfect CrFK but retained their tropism for PBMC and CD4+ cell cultures. Similarly, the PBMCderived molecular clone FIV-pPPR replicated efficiently in PBMCs but did not infect adherent cells such as CrFK or G355-5 cells (Phillips et al., J. Virol. 64:4605 (1990)), whereas the FIV-p34 clone, derived from the CrFK-adapted Petaluma isolate, replicated efficiently in feline adherent cells, including CrFK cells, but inefficiently in PBMCs (Sparger et al., Virology 205:546 (1994)).

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JSY3 clone retains the in vivo biological The characteristics of the parent NCSU1 virus. Both viruses caused a significant inversion of the CD4+/CD8+ ratio by six weeks post infection. As reported previously for a number of biological isolates of FIV (Ackley et al., J. Virol. 64:5652 (1990); Torten et al., J. Virol. 65:2225 (1991); Willett et al., Immunology, 78:1 (1993)), including the NCSU, isolate (English et al., J. Infect. Dis. 170:543 (1994); Tompkins et al., J. Am. Vet. Med. Assoc. 199:1311 (1991)), the inverted CD4+/CD8+ ratio caused by the JSY3 clone was the result of a loss of CD4+ lymphocytes and an increase in CD8+ lymphocytes. Consistent with the NCSU₁ biological isolate, the JSY3 molecular clone caused a strong antibody response to gag and env antigens, and PBMCs had a high burden of FIV provirus during the acute-stage infection.

The JSY3 clone exhibited a pattern similar to the parent FIV-NCSU₁ (English et al., J. Virol. 67:5175 (1993)) of high provirus burden in CD4+ cells during acute-stage infection, followed by a gradual shift to a panlymphotropic pattern during the transition from the acute to the asymptomatic stage of infection.

Derivation of molecular clones of viruses from in vitro culture systems poses the risk of selection of some viral genotypes over others (see Dahl et al., J. Virol. 61:1602 (1987; Evans et al., J. Immunol. 138:3415 (1987); Meyerhans 58:901 (1989)), or introduction Cell modifications in cultured virus, (see Hirsch et al., Nature 341:767 (1989); Kodama et al.; J. Virol. 63:4709 (1989)). For FIV, Sparger et al. (Sparger et al., Virology 205:546 (1994)) reported that the pF34 clone derived from the CrFKadapted Petaluma isolate is less pathogenic than the parent Petaluma virus isolated from PBMCs. In contrast the FIVpPPR molecular clone derived from PPR-infected PBMCs and isolate show PPR parent biological pathogenicities, including virus burden in PBMCs and reduced CD4+/CD8+ ratios (Sparger et al., Virology 205:546

-8-

(1994)). The JSY3 molecular clone also retains the essential biological characteristics of the parent isolate. This may be largely because the risk of culture-related artifacts was minimized by isolating FIV-NCSU, genomic DNA from FIV-inoculated CD4+ lymphocytes (FCD4E cells). The FCD4E cells used had been in laboratory culture for several years, but remained interleukin-2 dependent and appeared to express a normal rather than a transformed phenotype and thus represent as near as possible in vitro the primary in vivo target of FIV.

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The value of a molecular clone for studies of pathogenesis depends on its ability to replicate the disease caused by its biological parent virus. isolate of FIV causes an acute-stage clinical disease fever and lymphadenopathy that characterized by transient and resolves as the infection progresses to the clinically asymptomatic stage of infection. The JSY3 acute-stage infection was also characterized by a fever and clinically lymphadenopathy that was followed by a asymptomatic stage.

Davidson et al. (Am. J. Pathol. 143:1486 (1993)) reported that cats infected with FIV-NCSU, become highly susceptible to a normally avirulent strain of T. gondii as early as 18 weeks post-FIV infection. This dual FIV-T. gondii infection was utilized herein to determine if infection with clone JSY3 also caused an immunodeficiency early in the asymptomatic stage of infection; T. gondii infection of cats with prior JSY3 infection resulted in severe clinical infection as described below.

The present observations indicate that the JSY3 molecular clone causes a major impairment in the immune response, resulting in enhanced susceptibility to secondary infection by T. gondii. Thus, JSY3 possesses all of the essential biological characteristics of the parent NCSU1 isolate, including induction of immunodeficiency.

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A. The JSY3 Genome

The DNA sequence of the JSY3 provirus clone of FIV-NCSU, is provided in Figure 1, with the group specific antigen (gag), polymerase (pol), and envelope protein (env) regions marked. The JSY3 proviral DNA sequence consists of 9471 base pairs (SEQ ID NO:1).

The coding region of gag is nucleotides 631-1980 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:4) and encodes a 450 amino acid product (SEQ ID NO:2).

The coding region for the p15 protein is nucleotides 631-1035 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:5), with a polypeptide product of 135 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:6).

The coding region for the p25 protein is nucleotides 1036-1704 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:7), with a polypeptide product of 223 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:8).

The coding region for the p24a protein is nucleotides 1264-1305 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:9), with a polypeptide product of 14 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:10).

The coding region for the pl0 protein is nucleotides 1717-1980 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:11), with a polypeptide product of 88 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:12).

The coding region of pol is amino acids 2151-5991 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:13). Two open reading frames (orfs) are found in the pol region. Orf 1 is nucleotides 2151-5243 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:14), encoding a product of 1031 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:15); Orf 2 is nucleotides 5239-5991 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:16) and encodes a product of 251 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:17).

The env coding region is nucleotides 6269-8824 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:18) and encodes a protein of 852 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:3). The transmembrane (TM) peptide is encoded by nucleotides 8339-8374 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:19), and is 12 amino acids in length (SEQ ID NO:20).

Figure 2 aligns the gag open reading frames of the JSY3 clone of NCSU₁ (FIV-NCSU), FIV PPR, FIV Z1, FIV CG, FIV 14, FIV TM1, and FIV TM2. Figure 3 aligns the whole envelope protein sequence of clone JSY3 of NCSU₁ with FIV 14, FIV Z1,

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FIV CG, FIV 19k, and FIV PPR.

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Amino acid sequences disclosed herein are presented in the amino to carboxy direction, from left to right. amino and carboxy groups are not presented in the sequence. Nucleotide sequences are presented herein by single strand only, in the 5' to 3' direction, from left to right. Nucleotides and amino acids are represented herein in the recommended by the IUPAC-IUB Biochemical Nomenclature Commission, or (for amino acids) by three letter code in accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.822 established usage. See, e.g. PatentIn User Manual, 99-102 (Nov. 1990) (U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, Office of the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington D.C. 20231); U.S. Patent No. 4,871,670 to Hudson et al. at Col. 3, lines 20-43 (applicants specifically intend that the disclosure of this and all patent references cited herein are to be incorporated herein by reference).

Aspects of the present invention are achieved by a viral clone having the DNA sequence as provided herein for Feline Immunodeficiency Virus clone JSY3.

B. Identification of Antigenic Fragments

Antigenic fragments of the present invention are peptides which contain at least one epitope (antibody binding site) which binds antibodies which bind to the FIV clone of the present invention. The antigenic fragments are preferably capable of inducing an immune response when administered to a feline subject, as discussed in greater detail below. In addition, the antigenic fragments preferably bind antibodies which do not bind to prior FIV isolates. DNA encoding such antigenic fragments may be used to transform host cells to thereby produce such antigenic fragments, as explained in greater detail below.

Antigenic fragments may be identified by a variety of means. A protein from FIV clone JSY3 (such as the envelope protein, the gag open reading frame product, or a gag peptide such as pl0, pl5, p24a or p25) may be fragmented

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with a protease, and the fragments tested to determine whether or not a fragment reacts with antiserum against the protein. See, e.g., J. Robinson et al., Mol. Cell Biochem. Another technique is to synthesize 21, 23-32 (1978). peptides which are fragments of the entire protein, and determine whether the individual fragments are recognized by neutralizing antibodies against the protein. See, e.g., J. Gerin et al., in Vaccines 85: Molecular and Chemical Basis of Resistance to Parasitic, Bacterial and Viral Diseases, 235-239 (Lerner et al., eds. 1985). another method useful for obtaining immunogenic fragments of a protein is by isolation and identification of monoclonal escape mutants. In this strategy, FIV is produced in the presence of a monoclonal antibody to the The only virus which can grow under these conditions are those with a mutation in the nucleotide sequence which codes for an epitope to which the monoclonal antibody binds. A mutant virus which grows under these conditions is referred to as the "monoclonal escape mutant." The monoclonal escape mutant is then sequenced and the mutant sequence compared with the nucleotide sequence of clone JSY3 to find the specific location of the mutation. The mutation is located in a region which codes for a protective epitope, or an "immunogenic fragment." See, e.g., J. Lopez et al., Location of a Highly Conserved 25 Neutralizing Epitope in the F Glycoprotein of Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus, J. Virol. 64, 927 (1990).

C. Genetic Engineering Techniques

The production of DNA, vectors, transformed host cells, FIV virus, proteins, and protein fragments of the present invention by genetic engineering techniques can be carried out in accordance with methods known in the art. See, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,761,371 to Bell et al. at Col. 6 line 3 to Col. 9 line 65; U.S. Patent No. 4,877,729 to Clark et al. at Col. 4 line 38 to Col. 7 line 6; U.S. Patent No. 4,912,038 to Schilling at Col. 3 line 26 to Col.

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14 line 12; and U.S. Patent No. 4,879,224 to Wallner at Col. 6 line 8 to Col. 8 line 59.

Vectors are replicable DNA constructs used to either amplify or express DNA of the present invention. expression vector is a replicable DNA construct in which DNA of the present invention is operably linked to control sequences capable of expressing that DNA in a suitable control Generally, sequences transcriptional promoter, an optional operator sequence to control transcription, a sequence encoding suitable mRNA ribosomal binding sites, and sequences which control the termination of transcription and translation. vectors include plasmids, viruses (e.g., vaccinia virus, baculovirus, cytomegalovirus), phage, adenovirus, integratable DNA fragments (i.e., fragments integratable into the host genome by recombination).

DNA regions are operably linked or operably associated when they are functionally related to each other. For example, a promoter is operably linked to a coding sequence if it controls the transcription of the sequence; or a ribosome binding site is operably linked to a coding sequence if it is positioned so as to permit translation.

Transformed host cells are cells which have been transformed or transfected with vectors as described above. Transformed host cells ordinarily express the DNA of the present invention. As used herein, host cells containing the FIV clone JSY3 refer to isolated cells (or cultures of such cells) naturally infected with JSY3, including cells containing the JSY3 proviral DNA integrated into cellular DNA. Suitable host cells include prokaryote, yeast or higher eukaryotic cells such as mammalian cells and insect cells.

Prokaryote host cells include gram negative or gram positive organisms, for example Escherichia coli (E. coli) or Bacilli. Exemplary host cells are E. coli W3110 (ATCC 27,325), E. coli B, E. coli X1776 (ATCC 31,537), E. coli 294 (ATCC 31,446). A broad variety of suitable prokaryotic

-13-

and microbial vectors are available. E. coli is typically transformed using pBR322. Promoters most commonly used in recombinant microbial expression vectors include the β-lactamase (penicillinase) and lactose promoter systems (Chang et al., Nature 275:615 (1978); and Goeddel et al., Nature 281:544 (1979)), a tryptophan (trp) promoter system (Goeddel et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 8:4057 (1980) and EPO App. Publ. No. 36,776) and the tac promoter (H. De Boer et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 80:21 (1983)). The promoter and Shine-Dalgarno sequence are operably linked to the DNA of the invention, i.e., they are positioned so as to promote transcription of messenger RNA from the DNA.

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Eukaryotic microbes such as yeast cultures may also be transformed with vectors of the present invention. e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,745,057. Saccharomyces cerevisiae is the most commonly used yeast, although other yeast may also be used. Yeast vectors may contain an origin of replication from the 2 micron yeast plasmid or an autonomously replicating sequence (ARS), a promoter, a JSY3 polyadenylation sequences for region, transcription termination, and a selection gene. exemplary plasmid is YRp7, (Stinchcomb et al., Nature 282:39 (1979); Kingsman et al., Gene 7:141 (1979); Tschemper et al., Gene 10:157 (1980)). Suitable promoting sequences in yeast vectors include the promoters for metallothionein, 3-phosphoglycerate kinase (Hitzeman et al., J. Biol. Chem. 255:2073 (1980) or other glycolytic enzymes (Hess et al., J. Adv. Enzyme Reg. 7:149 (1968); and Holland et al., Biochemistry 17:4900 (1978)).

Host cells such as insect cells (e.g., cultured Spodoptera frugiperda cells) and expression vectors such as the baculovirus expression vector (e.g., vectors derived from Autographa californica MNPV, Trichoplusia ni MNPV, Rachiplusia ou MNPV, or Galleria ou MNPV) may be employed in carrying out the present invention, as described in U.S. Patents Nos. 4,745,051 and 4,879,236 to Smith et al. In general, a baculovirus expression vector comprises a

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baculovirus genome containing the gene or coding region to be expressed inserted into the polyhedrin gene at a position ranging from the polyhedrin transcriptional start signal to the ATG start site and under the transcriptional control of a baculovirus polyhedrin promoter.

Examples of useful mammalian host cell lines are VERO and HeLa cells, Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cell lines, and WI138, BHK, COS-7, CV, and MDCK cell lines. transcriptional and translational control sequences in expression vectors to be used in transforming vertebrate cells are often provided by viral sources. For example, commonly used promoters are derived from polyoma, Adenovirus 2, and Simian Virus 40 (SV40). See, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,599,308. An origin of replication may be provided either by construction of the vector to include an exogenous origin, such as may be derived from SV40 or other viral (e.g. Polyoma, Adenovirus, VSV, or BPV) source, or may be provided by the host cell chromosomal replication mechanism. If the vector is integrated into the host cell chromosome, the latter is often sufficient. Rather than using vectors which contain viral origins of replication, one can transform mammalian cells by the method of cotransformation with a selectable marker and DNA of the present invention, as described in U.S. Pat. No. 4,399,216.

Alternatively, the invention DNA sequences can be translated into RNA, which can then be transfected into amphibian cells for transcription into protein. Suitable amphibian cells include Xenopus occytes.

Use of the phrase "substantial sequence similarity" in the present specification and claims means that DNA, RNA or amino acid sequences which have slight and non-consequential sequence variations from the actual sequences disclosed and claimed herein are considered to be equivalent to the sequences of the present invention. In this regard, "slight and non-consequential sequence variations" mean that "similar" sequences (i.e., the sequences that have substantial sequence similarity with

-15-

the DNA, RNA, or proteins disclosed and claimed herein) will be functionally equivalent to the sequences disclosed and claimed in the present invention. Functionally equivalent sequences will function in substantially the same manner to produce substantially the same compositions as the nucleic acid and amino acid compositions disclosed and claimed herein.

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As used herein, the term 'gene' refers to a DNA sequence that incorporates (1) upstream (5') regulatory signals including the promoter, (2) a coding region specifying the product, protein or RNA of the gene, (3) downstream (3') regions including transcription termination and polyadenylation signals and (4) associated sequences required for efficient and specific expression.

The term 'promoter' refers to a region of a DNA sequence that incorporates the necessary signals for the efficient expression of a coding sequence. This may include sequences to which an RNA polymerase binds but is not limited to such sequences and may include regions to which other regulatory proteins bind together with regions involved in the control of protein translation and may include coding sequences.

D. Vaccines and Vaccine Formulations.

The present invention provides for a variety of different vaccines useful for protecting feline species against FIV. Examples include live attenuated clone JSY3 virus, fixed whole virus, host cells which express virus antigen on the surface thereof (with the cells optionally fixed), preparations of virus fragments, purified proteins, antigenic fragments of proteins, and antigenic peptides which are derivatives of the antigenic fragments (as discussed in detail below). These various compounds and mixtures are generically referred to herein as active agents.

Live attenuated FIV clone JSY3 virus is made by serial passage of the virus in tissue culture or genetically

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-16-

altered by recombinant techniques, in accordance with known procedures. Fixed virus is made by contacting live virus (attenuated or unattenuated) to a suitable fixative, such as formalin.

Preparations of viral fragments are made by lysing host cells, such as *E. coli* cells, transformed with a vector encoding the FIV of the present invention or a portion thereof. For example, the vector may encode a JSY3 DNA segment which produces hollow virus particles which are antigenic. The lysate may be used in crude form, partially purified, or a particular viral protein (or antigenic fragment thereof) such as the envelope protein purified to homogeneity, and used as an active agent for a vaccine against FIV.

Host cells such as yeast cells may be transformed with vectors of the present invention capable of expressing JSY3 proteins, or antigenic fragments thereof, on the surface of the host cells, and the transformed host cells used as an active vaccine agent per se or fixed (e.g., with formalin) and used as an active agent.

Antigenic peptides are selected from the consisting of antigenic fragments of FIV clone JSY3 proteins, such as the envelope protein, the gag open reading frame product, and gag peptides (such as pl0, p15, p24a, p25) and the antigenic equivalents thereof (i.e., analogs or derivatives). Antigenic peptides may be chemically synthesized or recombinant produced by The antigenic fragments are preferably not techniques. more than 20 amino acid residues in length, and are more preferably not more than 10 amino acid residues in length. The antigenic equivalents are selected from the group (a) modified peptides comprising the consisting of: aforesaid antigenic fragments modified by the inclusion of one or more changes to the amino acid sequence thereof; and (b) longer peptides which incorporate the sequence of the aforesaid fragments or the aforesaid modified peptides and which have (i) up to four extra amino acid residues

-17-

attached to the C-terminal end thereof, (ii) up to four extra amino acid residues attached to the N-terminal end thereof, or (iii) up to four extra amino acid residues attached to the C-terminal end thereof and up to four extra amino acid residues attached to the N-terminal end thereof.

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The term "antigenic equivalents," as used herein, refers to proteins or peptides which bind to an antibody which binds to the protein or peptide with which equivalency is sought to be established. Antibodies which are used to select such antigenic equivalents are referred to as "selection antibodies" herein. Preferred selection antibodies are monoclonal antibodies which bind to clone JSY3, but preferably not to isolates of FIV other than FIV strain NCSU1 (such as the Petaluma strain isolated by N. Pedersen), and most preferably not to other molecular clones of FIV NCSU1.

One or more amino acids of an antigenic peptide sequence may be replaced by one or more other amino acids which does not affect the antigenicity of that sequence. Such changes can be guided by known similarities between amino acids in physical features such as charge density, hydrophobicity/hydrophilicity, size and configuration. For example, Thr may be replaced by Ser and vice versa, Asp may be Replaced by Glu and vice versa, and Leu may be replaced by Ile and vice versa.

Antigenic equivalents may be formed by modifying reactive groups within a natural sequence or modifying the N-terminal amino and/or C-terminal carboxyl group. Such equivalents include salts formed with acids and/or bases, particularly physiologically acceptable inorganic and organic acids and bases. Other equivalents include modified carboxyl and/or amino groups on the synthetic peptide to produce esters or amides, or amino acid protecting groups such as N-t-butoxycarbonyl. Preferred modifications are those which provide a more stable, active peptide which will be less prone to enzymatic degradation in vivo.

For use as a vaccine, the active agents of the present invention may be administered to the subject by any suitable means. Exemplary are by intramuscular injection, by subcutaneous injection, by intravenous injection, by intraperitoneal injection, by oral injection, and by nasal spray.

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The amount of active agent administered will depend upon factors such as route of administration, species, and the use of booster administrations. In general, a dosage of about .1 to about 100 μg per pound subject body weight may be used, more particularly about 1 μg per pound.

Vaccine formulations of the present invention comprise the active agent in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The active agent is included in the carrier in an amount effective to protect the subject being treated. Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers are preferably liquid, particularly aqueous, carriers, such as sodium phosphate buffered saline. The vaccine formulation may be stored in a sterile glass container sealed with a rubber stopper through which liquids may be injected and formulations withdrawn by syringe.

Vaccine formulations of the present invention may optionally contain one or more adjuvants. Any suitable adjuvant can be used, exemplary being aluminum hydroxide, aluminum phosphate, plant and animal oils, synthetic polymers and the like, with the amount of adjuvant the nature of the particular depending on employed. In addition, the vaccine formulations may also stabilizer, exemplary more orcontain one carbohydrates such as sorbitol, mannitol, starch, sucrose, dextrin, and glucose, proteins such as albumin or casein, and buffers such as alkaline metal phosphates and the like.

E. Infection of Cats with FIV clone JSY3.

Cats infected with FIV clone JSY3 are useful as a model system for the study of retroviral infections, such as by HIV. Cats used for this purpose are preferably specific

-19-

pathogen-free (SPF) cats, which are commercially available from sources such as Charles River Laboratories and Berkshire Laboratories. Infected cats are preferably maintained as a single colony of two or more cats, all infected with FIV clone JSY3. The colony may be maintained in a single room with each cat housed in an appropriate cage, in accordance with standard practices for the maintenance of animals. A colony will consist of a plurality of infected cats, typically from ten, fifteen, twenty, thirty or more cats; the number of individual cats will vary according to need. Preferably, all members of the colony are SPF cats (i.e., free of pathogens other than FIV clone JSY3).

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SPF cats may be infected with FIV clone JSY3 by any suitable means, such as by intraperitoneal, intravenous, or subcutaneous injection with a solution containing FIV clone JSY3. The solution may be blood from a previously infected cat, a blood fraction containing peripheral blood mononuclear cells from a previously infected cat, a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier such as saline solution containing FIV clone JSY3, etc.

Cats infected with FIV clone JSY3 are particularly useful as a model system for immunodeficient states associated with retroviral infection because of the rapid inversion of the CD4*:CD8* ratio caused by JSY3. When used as a model system, the cat or cats infected with FIV clone JSY3 is subjected to a treatment, which treatment is a candidate for use in combating retroviral infections, and the progress of the FIV infection cat or cats thereafter examined. A control group of cats infected with FIV clone JSY3 but untreated, or placebo treated, may be included as a control group. A slowing in the progression of the disease in the cats indicates that the treatment may be useful for combating retroviral diseases in other animal subjects. Typically, the candidate treatment will then be subjected to further screening procedures and toxicological testing to determine whether the treatment may be

-20-

clinically useful. The treatment to which the cats are subjected may be any treatment, such as the administration candidate drugs (e.g., candidate antiretroviral compounds) or drug combinations, including small organic compounds, peptides, or proteins, which may be administered orally or parenterally, or may involve treatments other than the administration of drugs such as a biological response modifier or a vaccine. The progress of the disease in the cats after treatment can be monitored by any suitable means, such as examination for inhibition of the deterioration of CD4* cell levels, declines circulating levels of the FIV GAG protein, the weight of the cat and its general appearance, etc.

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An advantage of using JSY3 infected cats as a model for retroviral disease as described above is that the FIV virus is not infectious to humans. A disadvantage of this model is that cats are somewhat large animals; mice are much more practical as animal models of disease.

An additional aspect of the present invention is an immunodeficient mouse containing feline tissue, which feline tissue is capable of infection with feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV). The mouse is infected with FIV clone JSY3, and used as an animal model in essentially the same manner as cats as described above. Any suitable immunodeficient mouse may be employed, such as SCID mice (e.g., the C.B.-17 scid/scid mouse) athymic mice such as the nude mouse, and mice which have been rendered immunodeficient by treatment with radiation. The mouse may be deficient in T lymphocytes function alone (e.g., athymic mice), but is preferably deficient in both T and B lymphocyte function.

The feline tissue which the immunodeficient mice contains preferably comprises one or more of the following: feline thymus tissue, feline lymph node tissue, feline liver cells, feline bone marrow cells, feline peripheral blood mononuclear cells such as peripheral blood lymphocytes and peripheral blood monocytes, and feline

WO 98/39451

-21-

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spleen cells. The feline tissue may be introduced into the mouse by any suitable means, such as intraperitoneal injection, intravenous injection, surgical implantation, and combinations thereof. Feline tissue may be introduced as organized tissues (e.g., thymus and lymph node) or as discrete cells. One example is an immunodeficient mouse having feline thymus tissue and/or lymph node tissue example is Another implanted. surgically peripheral blood which mouse into immunodeficient mononuclear cells have been intraperitoneally injected.

F. Diagnostic Probes.

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The FIV clone JSY3 nucleotide sequence can be used to generate hybridization probes which specifically bind to FIV clone JSY3 genetic material, or the genetic material of FIV clones having all of, or essentially all of, the identifying characteristics of FIV clone JSY3, to determine the presence of such FIV in cats. The hybridization probe may be selected so that it does not bind to known FIV isolates (such as the Petaluma strain) other than NCSU1, or to any FIV isolate or clone other than JSY3. Hybridization probes may be cDNA fragments or oligonucleotides, and may discussed detectable group as labelled with a Pairs of probes which will serve as PCR hereinbelow. primers for the JSY3 genome or a portion thereof may be used in accordance with the process described in U.S. Patents Nos. 4,683,202 and 4,683,195.

For example, an illustrative embodiment of the above probes comprises DNA sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOS:4, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 18, and 19, or suitable fragments thereof.

The term "labelled" is used herein to refer to the conjugating or covalent bonding of any suitable detectable group, including enzymes (e.g., horseradish peroxidase, β -glucuronidase, alkaline phosphatase, and β -D-galactosidase), fluorescent labels (e.g., fluorescein, luciferase), and radiolabels (e.g., 14 C, 131 I, 3 H, 32 P, and

to the compound being labelled. Techniques for labelling various compounds, including proteins, peptides, and antibodies, are well known. See, e.g., Morrison, Methods in Enzymology 32b, 103 (1974); Syvanen et al., J. Biol. Chem. 284, 3762 (1973); Bolton and Hunter, Biochem. J. 133, 529 (1973).

G. DNA Sequence and Genome Organization

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Isolated DNA from the JSY3 provirus may be used to generate hybridization probes, which may be used in diagnostic assays as discussed above. Isolated DNA capable of expressing antigenic proteins or antigenic fragments thereof may be used for producing proteins which are also useful in diagnostic assays.

An aspect of the present invention is oligonucleotide probes which selectively hybridize to DNA encoding a group antigen (qaq) polypeptide (or an antigenic fragment thereof) of FIV clone JSY3 under stringent conditions, which probes do not bind to DNA encoding the group antigen (gag) polypeptide of the following known FIV strains under the same stringency conditions: FIV-Petaluma (U.S. Patent No. 5,037,753); FIV-PPR (Phillips et al., J. Virology, 64:4605 (1990)); FIV-TM1 and FIV-TM2 (Miyazawa et al., Arch. Virology 108:59 (1989)); FIV-UT113 (Verschoor et al., J. Cell. Biochem., Suppl. 14D:143 (1990). Conditions which will permit other DNA coding for an FIV gag polypeptide to hybridize to the DNA of FIV clone JSY3 gag polypeptide can be determined in a routine manner. For example, hybridization may be carried out under conditions of reduced stringency or even stringent conditions (e.g., conditions represented by a wash stringency of 0.3M NaCl, 0.03M sodium citrate, and 0.1% SDS at 60°C or even 70° C) to DNA encoding the gag polypeptide of FIV clone JSY3 disclosed herein in a standard in situ hybridization assay. See J. Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual (2nd Ed. 1989) (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory)).

In general, DNA which codes for FIV gag polypeptide or

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-23-

antigenic fragments thereof and which hybridizes to DNA encoding gag polypeptide (or antigenic fragments thereof) of FIV clone JSY3 disclosed herein will have at least 75%, 80%, 85%, or even 90% or more sequence similarity with the DNA of the gag polypeptide (or antigenic fragments thereof) of FIV clone JSY3 disclosed herein. Further, DNA which codes for FIV gag polypeptide (or antigenic fragments thereof), or which codes for a gag polypeptide or antigenic fragment coded for by DNA which hybridizes to the DNA which codes for FIV clone JSY3 gag polypeptide or antigenic fragment thereof, but which differ in codon sequence from these due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, are also an aspect of this invention. The degeneracy of the genetic code, which allows different nucleic acid sequences to code for the same protein or peptide, is well known in the literature. See, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,757,006 to Toole et al. at Col. 2, Table 1.

A particular embodiment of the foregoing also disclosed herein is isolated DNA encoding the group antigen (gag) polypeptide or an antigenic fragment thereof, of FIV clone JSY3, and isolated DNA encoding the envelope protein or an antigenic fragment thereof, where the DNA is: (a) isolated DNA encoding group antigen (gag) polypeptide or envelope protein, or an antigenic fragment thereof, of FIV clone JSY3, (b) isolated DNA which hybridizes to isolated DNA of (a) above under stringent conditions and which encodes a immunodeficiency virus group antigen (qaq) feline polypeptide, envelope protein, or antigenic fragment thereof with at least 75%, 80%, 85% or even 90% or more sequence similarity to isolated DNA of (a) above; or (c) isolated DNA differing from the isolated DNAs of (a) and (b) above in nucleotide sequence due to the degeneracy of encodes which code, and genetic immunodeficiency virus group antigen (gag) polypeptide, envelope protein, or antigenic fragment thereof encoded by the isolated DNAs of (a) or (b), above.

An illustrative embodiment of the foregoing DNA which

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codes for FIV clone JSY3 gag polypeptide (or antigenic fragments thereof) is DNA according to SEQ ID NO:4 or a portion thereof; DNA according to SEQ ID NO:5 (p15) or a portion thereof; DNA according to SEQ ID NO:7 (p25) or a portion thereof; DNA according to SEQ ID NO:9 (p24a) or a portion thereof; DNA according to SEQ ID NO:11 (pl0) or a An illustrative embodiment of the portion thereof. foregoing DNA which codes for FIV clone JSY3 envelope protein (or antigenic fragments thereof) is SEQ ID NO:18 or Also disclosed herein are recombinant DNA SEO ID NO:19. sequences comprising vector DNA and a DNA encoding group specific antigen (gag) polypeptides of clone JSY3, or the envelope protein of JSY3, or antigenic fragments thereof (as given above).

The FIV provirus includes the structural genes for group-specific antigens (gag gene), envelope proteins (env gene) and reverse transcriptase (pol gene), as well as several short open reading frames similar to those of other lentiviruses. Omsted et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 86, 2448 (1989); Olmsted et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. The gag gene of FIV has been USA, 86, 8088 (1989). reported to encode a polyprotein of about 450 amino acids, which is subjected to postranslational cleavage. Talbot et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 86, 5743 (1989); Phillips et al., J. Virology, 64, 4605 (1990). The gag gene and its predicted protein product has been reported to be highly conserved among isolates of FIV. Phillips et al., J. Virology, 64, 4605 (1990); Morikawa et al., Virology, 183, 288 (1991). FIV gag gene has been expressed in baculovirus vectors and assembled into virus-like particles. Morikawa et al., Virology, 183, 288 (1991).

Isolated and purified FIV clone JSY3 group antigen (gag) polypeptide, envelope protein, or antigenic fragments thereof are also an aspect of the present invention. These polypeptides or fragments are coded for by: (a) isolated DNA which encodes group antigen (gag) polypeptide or envelope protein, or an antigenic fragment thereof, of FIV

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clone JSY3; (b) isolated DNA which hybridizes to isolated DNA of (a) above under stringent conditions and which encodes a FIV gag polypeptide, envelope protein, antigenic fragment thereof with at least 75% sequence similarity to isolated DNA of (a) above; or (c) isolated DNA differing from the isolated DNAs of (a) and (b) above in nucleotide sequence due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, and which encodes a FIV gag polypeptide, envelope protein, or antigenic fragment thereof encoded by DNAs of (a) or (b), above. By antigenic polypeptide is meant a polypeptide which is able to raise (with the aid of an adjuvant if necessary) an antibody response in cats. polypeptide may be a fragment of a polypeptide naturally occurring in FIV particles. The fragment may be from a naturally occurring polypeptide or produced by isolation or synthesis of a gene or coding region encoding a desired polypeptide and expression within an appropriate expression system.

An illustrative embodiment of the foregoing polypeptides is the JSY3 group antigen specific polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:2) and peptides thereof (SEQ ID NO:6 (p15); SEQ ID NO:8 (p25); SEQ ID NO:10 (p24a); SEQ ID NO:12 (p10)); and the JSY3 envelope protein (SEQ ID NO:3) and TM protein (SEQ ID NO:19).

The present invention is explained in greater detail in the non-limiting Examples set forth below.

EXAMPLE 1

Materials and Methods

Viruses. The biological parent virus isolate FIV-NCSU₁

(US Patent No. 5,413,927 to Tompkins et al.) was obtained from the peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) of a cat naturally infected with FIV and has been described elsewhere (Davidson et al., Am. J. Pathol. 143:1486 (1993); English et al., J. Virol. 67:5175 (1993); English et al., J. Infect. Dis. 170:543 (1994); Tompkins et al., J. Am. Vet. Med. Assoc. 199:1311 (1991)). The NCSU₁ isolate (or

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"NCSU-1") is available from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC Number VR2333), 12301 Parklawn Drive, Rockville, Maryland 20852 USA (deposited in accordance with the provisions of the Budapest Treaty, July 23, 1991). See U.S. Patent 5,413,927 to Tompkins et al. The FIV-NCSU₁ molecular clone JSY3 inoculum was collected from an FCD4E feline lymphocyte culture which had been cocultured with transfected Crandell feline kidney (CrFK) cells (see below).

Molecular cloning of the FIV proviral genome. Genomic DNA was isolated by equilibrium centrifugation in CsClethidium bromide gradients (Maniatis et al., laboratory manual, Cold Spring A cloning: Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor, NY) from 5 x 107 FCD4E cells (interleukin-2-dependent, FIV-NCSU1-infected feline CD4+ lymphocytes) inoculated with FIV-NCSU, obtained from the original source cat. 'As shown in Figure 4, FCD4E genomic DNA which had been partially digested with Sau3AI and size fractionated was cloned into the EMBL3 lambda vector arm. libraries were screened primarily by plaque hybridization with a gag region PCR product probe (838 bp) as described elsewhere (Maniatis et al., Molecular cloning: A laboratory manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor, NY). A full-length clone was identified by PCR of phage suspension with six primer sets designed from FIV-14 sequences (GenBank accession no. M25381). primer sets amplified 5' long terminal repeat, gag, env, long terminal repeat regions under the PCR and conditions described below. • The following primers were used for identification of the full-length lambda clone JSY3 (each primer designated by the 5' nucleotide of the complete FIV-14 sequence): 3U (U3) 5'-GGA TGA GTA TTG GAA CCC TGA A-3' (SEQ ID NO:21); 337L (U5) 5'-GAT TCC GAG ACC TCA CAG GTA A-3' (SEQ ID NO:22); 447U 5'-AAT AGG GAA GCA GTA GCA GAC-3' (SEQ ID NO:23); 829L 5'-GTA AAT CGC AAA TAA CCA ACC-3' (SEQ ID NO:24); 919U (FIV7) 5'-TGA CGG TGT CTA CTG CTG CT-3' (SEQ ID NO:25); 1756L (FIV8) 5'-CAC ACT GGT

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-27-

CCT GAT CCT TTT-3' (SEQ ID NO:26); 1057U 5'-CCA CAA TAT GTA GCA CTT GAC C-3' (SEQ ID NO:27); 1639L 5'-GGG TAC TTT CTG GCT TAA GGT G-3' (SEQ ID NO:28); 6938U 5'-GGG GGA CCT ACC TTG GGG AAT TGG GCT-3' (SEQ ID NO:29); 7252L 5'-GGT GAT CAT GAT CAG TGG GAT TTG TAA TGG GTC TG-3' (SEQ ID NO:30); 7252L 5'-GGT GAT CAT GAT CAG TGG GAT TTG TAA TGG GTC TG-3' (SEQ ID NO:31); 8859U 5'-ATA AGG GAG ATA CTG TGC TGA-3' (SEQ ID NO:32); 9029L 5'- GCG ATC TTC TAA CTC TGT CAT-3' (SEQ ID NO:33).

DNA transfection. Ten micrograms of lambda clone DNA was transfected into CrFK and AH927 (a feline embryonic fibroblast cell line) cells by using the cationic liposome DOTAP (Boehringer Mannheim, Indianapolis, Ind.) according to the manufacturer's protocol. Twenty-four hours after transfection, these cells were cocultured for 72 hours with FCD4E or concanavalin A (10 μg/ml)-stimulated normal cat PBMCs. FCD4E (or PBMCs) and CrFK (or AH927) cells were then cultured separately. Culture supernatant was collected at 3- to 4- day intervals and assayed for RT activity. Pooled samples for in vivo infection were titrated in FCD4E cells by the 50% tissue culture infective dose (TCID₅₀) method.

In vitro infections with JSY3 clone. Cultures of FCD4E or DEAE-dextran-treated CrFK cells were inoculated with cell-free FIV-NCSU, JSY3 clone containing 2 x 104 cpm of RT activity. The culture supernatant was collected twice weekly and assayed for RT activity.

In vivo FIV infection. Six 6-month old female cats were inoculated intravenously with 10⁶ TCID₅₀s of the JSY3 clone. Nine age- and sex-matched specific-pathogen-fee (SPF) cats were inoculated with wild-type FIV-NCSU₁, and nine mock-infected SPF cats were used as controls. The wild-type FIV-NCSU₁ infected group was examined up to 18 weeks post infection (p.i.) in parallel with the JSY3-infected cats.

Blood sampling. Whole blood was collected by jugular venipuncture into sodium citrate anticoagulant tubes. Aliquots were removed for complete blood counts and flow

cytometry, and plasma was collected for anti-FIV antibody assays. PBMCs were purified over Percoll as described (Tompkins et al., Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol., 16:1 (1987)). PBMCs were then cocultured with FCD4E cells for infectious virus recovery, lysed for provirus detection by PCR, or sorted for lymphocyte subset tropism studies.

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analysis by flow cytometry. subset Lymphocyte Lymphocyte subsets were determined by two-color flow cytometric analysis as described (Davidson et al., Am. J. Pathol. 143:1486 (1993)) using a panel of monoclonal et al., Vet. immunol. (Tompkins (MAbs) antibodies Immunopathol. 26:305 (1990)). Briefly, plasma was removed, the cells were washed twice in phosphate-buffered saline (PBS), and MAbs were added in a combination of fluorescein isothiocyanate-labeled anti-cat immunoglobulin (Kirkegaard & Perry Laboratories, Inc., Gaithersburg, MD) and biotinanti-pan T-cell antibodies or fluorescein isothiocyanate-labeled anti-CD8 and biotin-labeled anti-CD4 antibodies. Biotin-labeled antibodies were developed with phycoerythrin. Erythrocytes were lysed with fluorescenceactivated cell sorter (FACS) lysing solution (Becton Dickinson Immunocytometry Systems, San Jose, CA), and the percent positively stained lymphocytes was determined by flow cytometric analysis using a Becton Dickinson FACScan. The absolute numbers for each lymphocyte subset were calculated by multiplying the percent positive cells by the total number of lymphocytes, determined by a complete blood count and differential performed on the blood sample.

PCR-Southern blot analysis for FIV-provirus detection. Percoll-purified PBMCs were washed with PBS, and cell pellets were stored at -70°C until assayed. Cells (106) were lysed in 200 μ l of 1 x PCR buffer and digested with 600 μ g of proteinase K per ml. An 838-bp length of the FIV gag region was amplified with the primer set 919U-1756L. Amplification was performed as described previously (English et al., J. Virol. 67:5175 (1993)), with minor modifications. Briefly, 2 μ l of cell lysate (equivalent to

10⁴ cells) was amplified in a 100- μ l PCR mixture (1 x PCR buffer, 1.5 mM MgCl₂, 200 μ M each deoxynucleoside triphosphate, 0.5 μ M each primer, and 2.5 U of Taq DNA polymerase over 40 cycles (one cycle was 94°C for 1 minute, 59°C for 2 minutes, and 72°C for 1 minute, final extension was done at 72°C for 10 minutes). Amplified products were resolved on a 1.2% agarose gel, blotted, and hybridized with radiolabeled internal oligonucleotides probe.

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Western blot analysis for plasma antibody to FIV. The Western blot (immunoblot) assay was performed as described (Novotney et al., AIDS 4:1213 (1990)).

RT activity assay. The Mg²⁺ -dependent RT activity assay was performed as described (Novotney et al., AIDS 4:1213 (1990)) and is a modification of a procedure of Goff et al., J. Virol. 38:239 (1981)).

Lymphocyte subset sorting of feline PBMCs. The JSY3 clone-infected cat PBMCs were sorted into CD4+, CD8+ and B lymphocyte subsets using MiniMACS (Miltenyi Sunnyvale, CA) magnetic beads. Percoll-enriched PBMCs were divided among three tubes and incubated at 4°C for 30 minutes with biotin-labeled anti-CD4 or anti-CD8 or anticanine B-cell MAb (B5) for a non-immunoglobulin-positive Bcell epitope (English et al., J. Virol. 67:5175 (1993)). Streptavidin-conjugated MiniMACS beads were then added, and the cells were incubated for an additional 20 minutes at 4°C and then positively sorted. A fraction of each sorted subset was analyzed for purity by two-color flow cytometry. Cells were stained with biotin-labeled MAbs, developed with phycoerythrin-conjugated streptavidin, and analyzed on the FACScan. The remaining sorted lymphocytes were stored at -70°C until they were assayed for the presence of FIV provirus by PCR-Southern blotting.

T. gondii infection. Twenty-nine weeks after infection with the JSY3 clone, cats were inoculated via the carotid artery with 10,000 tachyzoites of the ME49 strain of T. gondii as described (Davidson et al., Am. J. Pathol. 143:1486 (1993)). Six age- and sex-matched SPF cats were

also inoculated with *T. gondii* as controls. The cats were examined daily for clinical signs of illness using scoring criteria (Davidson et al., *Am. J. Pathol.* 143:1486 (1993)). Cats with severe clinical signs indicative of generalized toxoplasmosis were euthanized by barbiturate overdose.

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Postmortem examination. Following euthanasia, a gross necropsy was performed and tissues were sampled for microscopic examination. Tissues were fixed in 10% neutral buffered formalin, embedded in paraffin, sectioned and stained with hematoxylin and eosin stain.

EXAMPLE . 2

Molecular Cloning and Sequencing of the JSY3 Proviral Genome

A total of 5 x 10⁷ FCD4E cells were infected with wild-type FIV-NCSU, from the FIV-NCSU, source cat. Genomic DNA from this culture was cloned into the EMBL3 lambda vector arm. Primary hybridization-positive clones, determined by plaque hybridization with a randomly labeled 838 bp FIV gag PCR product probe, were screened further by PCR as described in Example 1. Five microliters of phage plaque suspensions of each hybridization-positive clone was directly amplified with six different primer sets, and a full-length proviral clone was identified (designated JSY3). The specificity of each FIV PCR product was established by comparing it with the FIV-pPPR plasmid clone (Phillips et al., J. Virol. 64:4605 (1990)).

The genomic proviral insert was subcloned into pJEM vectors, and the provirus genome was sequenced by primer directed sequencing, using techniques as are known in the art. Nucleotide and predicted amino acid sequences were computer analyzed, and open reading frames (orfs) were identified.

The provirus DNA sequence of the JSY3 provirus clone of $FIV-NCSU_1$ is provided in **Figure 1**, with the group specific antigen (gag), polymerase (pol), and envelope protein (env) regions marked. As shown in **Figure 1**, the DNA sequence

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consists of 9471 base pairs (SEQ ID NO:1).

The coding region of gag is nucleotides 631-1980 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:4) and encodes a 450 amino acid product (SEQ ID NO:2).

-31-

The coding region for the p15 protein is nucleotides 631-1035 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:5), with a polypeptide product of 135 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:6).

The coding region for the p25 protein is nucleotides 1036-1704 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:7), with a polypeptide product of 223 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:8).

The coding region for the p24a protein is nucleotides 1264-1305 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:9), with a polypeptide product of 14 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:10).

The coding region for the pl0 protein is nucleotides 1717-1980 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:11), with a polypeptide product of 88 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:12).

The coding region of pol is amino acids 2151-5991 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:13). Two open reading frames (orfs) are found in the pol region. Orf 1 is nucleotides 2151-5243 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:14), encoding a product of 1031 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:15); Orf 2 is nucleotides 5239-5991 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:16) and encodes a product of 251 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:17).

The env coding region is nucleotides 6269-8824 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:18) and encodes a protein of 852 amino acids (SEQ ID NO:3). The transmembrane (TM) peptide is encoded by nucleotides 8339-8374 of SEQ ID NO:1 (SEQ ID NO:19), and is 12 amino acids in length (SEQ ID NO:20).

Figure 2 aligns the gag open reading frames of the JSY3 clone of NCSU₁ (FIV-NCSU) with known FIV isolates FIV PPR, FIV Z1, FIV CG, FIV 14, FIV TM1, and FIV TM2. Figure 3 aligns the whole envelope protein sequence of clone JSY3 of NCSU₁ with known FIV isolates FIV 14, FIV Z1, FIV CG, FIV 19k, and FIV PPR.

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EXAMPLE 3

Biological Activity of JSY3

To determine the biological activity of the JSY3 clone, lambda DNA was transfected into CrFK, AH927, and FCD4E cells, which were then cocultured with FCD4E cells or While no RT activity was detected in culture supernatants of JSY3-transfected CrFK or AH927 cells when cultured alone, RT activity was detected when the transfected cells were cocultured with either PBMCs or FCD4E cells (data not shown). The replication kinetics of FIV in FCD4E cells is more rapid than in PBMCs because of the greater percentage of CD4+ cells in the FCD4E culture. Supernatants collected at 15 and 19 days of culture from FCD4E cells were filtered (0.2 μm pore size) and stored in aliquots for use an in vitro and in vivo inocula. inocula were designated the FIV-NCSU1-JSY3 clone. No RT activity was detected in the FCD4E cultures directly transfected with JSY3, suggesting that the transfection was unsuccessful (data not shown).

To determine the *in vitro* infectivity of the JSY3 clone, FCD4E and CrFK cells were inoculated with cell-free JSY3 clone. Similarly to the FIV-NCSU₁ wild-type virus (English et al., *J. Virol.* 67:5175 (1993)), the JSY3 clone replicated efficiently in FCD4E cells, resulting in syncytium formation and cell death (data not shown). However, the JSY3 clone was unable to infect CrFK cells.

EXAMPLE 4

In vivo Infectivity of JSY3

To determine the *in vivo* infectivity of the JSY3 molecular clone, six SPF cats were inoculated intravenously with 10, TCID₅₀ of JSY3 clone. Nine age-matched SPF cats were inoculated with 10 TCID₅₀s of FIV-NCSU₁, also produced in FCD4E cells. Plasma and PBMCs were collected at various times post infection, and tested for antibodies to FIV by Western blotting and tested for cell-associated FIV

-33-

provirus by PCR. As previously reported (English et al., J. Infect. Dis. 170:543 (1994); Tompkins et al., J. Am. Vet. Med. Assoc. 199:1311 (1991)) cats infected with FIV-NCSU, parent virus were anti-FIV positive by 4 weeks post infection and were provirus positive by PCR by 2 weeks post infection (data not shown).

The response of cats infected with the JSY3 clone was similar to that of the cats infected with the wild-type. By four weeks post infection, all six cats had antibody to the FIV gag proteins p17 and p24, and they were still antibody positive at 25 weeks post infection (data not shown). The presence of FIV provirus in PBMCs from six cats infected with the JSY3 clone was determined by PCR and southern analysis. A PBMC lysate (equivalent to 104 cells) was amplified with the gag region primer set 919U-1756L, resolved on an agarose gel, and subjected to Southern blot analysis with a 5'-end-labeled internal probe. Provirus was detected in PBMCs from all cats by two weeks post infection (data not shown). All cats remained provirus positive when the amount of cell lysate in the PCR mixture was increased (data not shown).

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To establish the presence of infectious virus in PBMCs from the JSY3-infected cats, PBMCs collected at 6 and 25 weeks post infection were cocultured with FCD4E cells and the supernatants were assayed for RT activity. Syncytium formation and cell death were observed in cocultures from all six cats at both six and 25 weeks p.i. RT activity was detectable in all cocultures by 8 to 10 days and peaked by 16 to 18 days of culture (data not shown).

EXAMPLE 5

Lymphocyte Subset Changes in JSY3-infected Cats

Lymphocyte profiles in naturally and experimentally FIV-infected cats are well documented (Ackley et al., J. Virol. 64:5652 (1990); English et al., J. Infect. Dis. 170:543 (1994); Hoffmann-Fezer et al., J. Virol. 66:1484 (1992); Novotney et al., AIDS 4:1213 (1990); Tompkins et

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al., J. Am. Vet. Med. Assoc. 199:1311 (1991)). To determine whether the JSY3 clone causes hematologic and immunologic abnormalities similar to those biological parent FIV-NCSU1, lymphocyte subset profiles were analyzed by two-color flow cytometry. As reported for NCSU, (English et al., J. Infect. Dis. 170:543 (1994); Tompkins et al., J. Am. Vet. Med. Assoc. 199:1311 (1991)), both the biological virus and the JSY3 clone caused a panlymphopenia two to four weeks p.i. The parent FIV-NCSU1 and the JSY3 molecular clone caused parallel alterations CD4+/CD8+ ratio (data not shown). At six weeks p.i., the mean CD4+/CD8+ cell ratios (\pm standard errors) decreased from 3.48 \pm 0.50 to 1.30 \pm 0.21 for the parent virusinfected cats. By using total cell counts and flow cytometric analysis of lymphocyte subsets, the decrease in the CD4+/CD8+ ratio was determined to be the result of a decrease in CD4+ lymphocytes and an increase in CD8+ lymphocytes (data not shown). These results indicate that clone-infected cats have hematologic JSY3 the abnormalities, including CD4+ CD8+ immunologic lymphocyte changes similar to those of cats infected with the biological parent virus.

EXAMPLE 6

In vivo Lymphocyte Tropism

The in vivo hematopoietic target cells of FIV isolates, 25 including NCSU1, have been reported to be CD4+, CD8+, monocytes, and B lymphocytes (Beebe et al., J. Virol. 68:3080 (1994); Brown et ali, J. Virol. 65:3359 (1991); English et al., J. Virol. 67:5175 (1993)). To determine has a molecular clone JSY3 the whether 30 panlymphotropism in vivo, PBMCs from JSY3 clone infected cats were sorted into CD4+, CD8+, and B lymphocyte populations using antibody-coated magnetic beads. cell subset was lysed, PCR amplified with the gag region 919U-1756L primer set, and analyzed by Southern blotting. 35 As previously reported for the NCSU, parent virus, FIV provirus was first detected in CD4+ lymphoctyes during the acute-stage infection with JSY3 (2 to 4 weeks p.i.) (data not shown). At a later stage of infection (as early as 14 weeks p.i.), FIV provirus was found in CD8+ and B lymphocytes in addition to CD4+ lymphocytes, as reported for FIV-NCSU, (English et al., J. Virol. 67:5175 (1993)). All six JSY3-infected cats showed similar shifts in provirus burden from predominately CD4+ cells during the acute-stage infection to predominately B cells during the asymptomatic stage. While CD4+ and CD8+ cells were not always positive for provirus under PCR conditions described in Example 1, provirus was always able to be detected in these cells during the asymptomatic-stage infection by increasing cell numbers or using nested primers described by English et al., J. Virol. 67:5175 (1993). The JSY3 molecular clone, similar to the parent biological isolate, exhibits a CD4+ tropism during the acute-stage infection that then shifts to a panlymphotropism as the infection progresses.

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EXAMPLE 7

JSY3-Infected Cats

Acute-stage disease. In the primary phase of infection (2 to 16 weeks p.i.), both the JSY3- and the parent isolate-infected cats developed low-grade fevers, panlymphopenia, neutropenia, and generalized lymphadenopathy (data not shown), as has been reported for a number of biological isolates of FIV (Yamamoto et al., Am. J. Vet. Res. 49:1246 (1988)), including NCSU1 (English et al., J. Infect. Dis. 170:543 (1994)).

Clinical response of JSY3-infected cats to T. gondii challenge. Davidson et al., (Am. J. Pathol. 143:1486 (1993)) reported that FIV-NCSU1 causes immune system impairment in cats as early as eighteen weeks after infection and enhances susceptibility to a primary t. gondii infection. To determine if the molecular clone JSY3 caused immune impairment early in the asymptomatic stage of

WO 98/39451 PCT/US98/04147

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infection, the cats were parenterally inoculated with the ME49 strain of T. gondii 29 weeks after JSY3 infection. six age-matched SPF control cats were similarly infected with T. gondii. At the time of T. gondii inoculation, all six FIV-infected cats were clinically normal; however, they had a marked decrease in their CD4+/CD8+ ratios comparison with preinfection ratios and those of the control cats (data not shown). Only one of six T. gondiiinfected cats in the non-FIV-inoculated group had positive clinical scores, as a result of anorexia and lethargy on days 8 to 11 after inoculation. Cats in this group also developed multifocal chorioretinitis beginning on days 7 to 10 after inoculation, which resolved over a three week The infection was otherwise subclinical in these cats. This clinical response is similar to that previously reported for healthy cats challenged with the mildly virulent ME49 strain of T. gondii (Davidson et al., Invest. Ophthalmol. Visual Sci. 34:3653 (1993); Davidson et al., Am. J. Pathol. 143:1486 (1993)).

Five of the six FIV-positive cats challenged with t. gondii had positive clinical scores in all three categories (attitude, appetite, and respiratory signs), and the total scores were higher than those of the T. gondii control group. Beginning on days 6 to 9 after inoculation, three FIV-infected cats challenged with T. gondii developed high fevers, depression, and moderate to severe ocular lesions, including chorioretinitis with subretinal granuloma formation, localized retinal detachment, and fibrinous Severe and progressive tachypnea, anterior uveitis. were noted, icterus tachycardia, and dyspnea, interstitial and consolidated lung sounds were auscultated. These three cats were euthanized when moribund on day 9 or Two of the three remaining cats 10 after inoculation. developed mild to moderate clinical toxoplasmosis but recovered. This clinical course of T. gondii infection in JSY3 infected cats, including the high morbidity, was similar to that reported by Davidson et al. (Am. J. Pathol. WO 98/39451 PCT/US98/04147

-37-

143:1486 (1993)) for cats infected with $NCSU_1$.

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Postmortem findings. Postmortem exams were performed on the three FIV-T.gondii-infected cats that euthanized to confirm that their clinical disease was due One cat had gross evidence of to toxoplasmosis. interstitial pneumonia. All three animals had foci of discoloration in the liver consistent with hepatic necrosis, and the hearts contained foci of myocardial necrosis. Histologically, lesions were present in the lungs, livers, hearts, and brains of the three cats, and were similar to those seen in cats with dual FIV-NCSU1-T. gondii infection as described by Davidson et al., (Am. J. Pathol. 143:1486 (1993)). Except for the heart, T. gondii tachyzooites were seen in all tissues examined. tachyzooites were never numerous but most conspicuous as clusters inside of macrophages in the regions of severe inflammation and necrosis in the brain, lung, and liver.

The foregoing examples are illustrative of the present invention, and are not to be construed as limiting thereof. The invention is defined by the following claims, with equivalents of the claims to be included therein.

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

- (i) APPLICANT: Tompkins, Wayne A.F. Tompkins, Mary B. Yang, Joo-Sung
- (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: Feline Immunodeficiency Virus Clone
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 33
- (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
 - (A) ADDRESSEE: Bell Seltzer Park & Gibson
 - (B) STREET: PO Drawer 34009
 - (C) CITY: Charlotte
 - (D) STATE: North Carolina
 - (E) COUNTRY: USA
 - (F) ZIP: 28234
 - (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 - (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0. Version #1.30
- (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
 - (B) FILING DATE:
 - (C) CLASSIFICATION:
- (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 - (A) NAME: Bennett, Virginia C.
 - (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 37.092
 - (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 5051-332
 - (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 - (A) TELEPHONE: 919-420-2200
 - (B) TELEFAX: 919-881-3175
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 9471 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) LOCATION: 631..1980

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 6269..8824

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEO ID NO:1:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:	
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TCGAGTTCTC CCTTGAGGCT CCCACAGATA CAATAAATAT TTGAGATTGA ACCCTGTCAA	300
GTATCTGTGT AATCTTTTT ACCTGTGAGG TCTCGGAATC CGGGCCGAGA ACTTCGCAGT	360
TGGCGCCCGA ACAGGGACTT GATTGAGAGT GATTGAGGAA GTGAAGCTAG AGCAATAGAA	420
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CTITAAGAAA AGGCTTITGG AAAAGGAAAC AGGATTCATA CAGAGATTAA GAAAAGCGGA	5420
AGGAATAAGG TGGAGCTTCC ATACTAGAGA TTATTATATA GGATATGTAA GAGAGATGGT	5480
GGCCGGATCT AGTCTACCAG ATAGTTTAAG ACTGTATATT TATATAAGCA ATCCATTGTG	5540
GCACTGGTCA TACCGTCCTG GCCTGACAAA TTTTAATACA GAATGGCCTT TTGTGAATAT	5600
GTGGATAAAG ACAGGATTCA TGTGGGATGA TATTGAAAGC CAGAATATTT GCAAAGGAGG	5660
AGAGATTTCA CATGGATGGG GACCTGGAAT GGTGGGAATT GTGATAAAAG CTTTTAGTTG	5720
TGGAGAAAGA AAGATTGAGG CTACTCCTGT AATGATTATA AGAGGAGAAA TAGATCCAAA	5780
AAAATGGTGT GGAGATTGTT GGAATTTGAT GTGTCTTAGG AACTCACCTC CACAGACTTT	5840
ACAAAGACTT GCTATGTTGG CATGTGGCGT GCCGGCTAAG GAGTGGCGAG GATGCTGTAA	5900
TCAACGCTTT GTTTCTCCTT ACAGAACGCC TGCTGATTTG GAGGTCATTC AATCCAAGCC	5960
CAGCTGGAGT CTATTATGGT CAGGGAGCCT ATGAATGGAA GACATACTAA CATTATTTAA	6020
TAAGGTCACT AAGAAACTAG AAAAGGAAAA AGCTATCAGA ATATTTGTAT TAGCACATCA	6080
ATTAGAAAGG GACAAAGTTA TTAGATTACT ACAAGGATTA GTTTGGAGAC ATAGATTTAA	6140

GAAACCCCAA ACAAAATACT GTTTATGTTG GTTCTGTTGC AAATTCTACT ATTGGCAGTT	6200
GCAATCTACA TTATCAATAA CTACTGCTTA GAAATACTTA TAATAATATT TCATTTGCAA	6260
CAATAATT ATG GCA GAA GGA TTT GCA GCC AAT AGA CAA TGG ATA GGA CCA Met Ala Glu Gly Phe Ala Ala Asn Arg Gln Trp Ile Gly Pro 1 5 10	6310
GAA GAA GCT GAA GAG TTA TTA GAT TTT GAT ATA GCA ACA CAA ATG AAT Glu Glu Ala Glu Glu Leu Leu Asp Phe Asp Ile Ala Thr Gln Met Asn 15 20 25 30	6358
GAA GAA GGG CCA CTA AAT CCA GGG ATG AAC CCA TTT AGG GTA CCT GGA Glu Glu Gly Pro Leu Asn Pro Gly Met Asn Pro Phe Arg Val Pro Gly 35 40 45	6406
ATA ACA GAT AAA GAA AAG CAA GAC TAT TGT AAC ATA TTA CAA CCT AAG Ile Thr Asp Lys Glu Lys Gln Asp Tyr Cys Asn Ile Leu Gln Pro Lys 50 60	6454
TTA CAA GAT TTA CGG AAT GAA CTT CAA GAG GTA AAA CTA GAA GAA GGA Leu Gln Asp Leu Arg Asn Glu Leu Gln Glu Val Lys Leu Glu Glu Gly 65 70	6502
AAT GCA GGT AAG TTT AGA AGG GCA AGA TAT TTA AGA TAT TCT GAT GAA Asn Ala Gly Lys Phe Arg Arg Ala Arg Tyr Leu Arg Tyr Ser Asp Glu 80 85	6550
AAT GTG CTA TCT ATA GTC TAT TTG CTA ATA GGA TAT CTA AGA TAT TTA Asn Val Leu Ser Ile Val Tyr Leu Leu Ile Gly Tyr Leu Arg Tyr Leu 95	6598
ATA AAT CGT AGG AGT TTA GGA TCT TTA AGA CAT GAT ATA GAC ATA GAA Ile Asn Arg Arg Ser Leu Gly Ser Leu Arg His Asp Ile Asp Ile Glu 115	6646
ACA CCT CAA GAG GAA TAT TAT AGT AAT AGT GAA AGG GGT ACC ACA TTA Thr Pro Gln Glu Glu Tyr Tyr Ser Asn Ser Glu Arg Gly Thr Thr Leu 130 135	6694
AAT CAA AAA TAT GCG AGA AGA TGT TGT GTT AGC ACA CTT ATT ATG TAT Asn Gln Lys Tyr Ala Arg Arg Cys Cys Val Ser Thr Leu Ile Met Tyr 145	6742
TTA ATT CTT TTT GCA GTA GGC ATC TGG TGG GGA GCT AGA GCA CAA GTA Leu Ile Leu Phe Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Trp Gly Ala Arg Ala Gln Val 160 165	6790
GTG TGG AGA CTT CCC CCT TTA GTA GTT CCA GTA GAA GAA TCA GAA ATA Val Trp Arg Leu Pro Pro Leu Val Val Pro Val Glu Glu Ser Glu Ile 175 180 185	6838
ATT TTT TGG GAT TGT TGG GCA CCA GAA GAA CCC GCC TGT CAA GAC TTT Ile Phe Trp Asp Cys Trp Ala Pro Glu Glu Pro Ala Cys Gln Asp Phe 195 200 205	6886

CTT GGG GCA ATG ATA CAT CTA AAA GCT AGT ACG AAT ATA AGT ATA CAA Leu Gly Ala Met Ile His Leu Lys Ala Ser Thr Asn Ile Ser Ile Gln 210 215	6934
GAG GGA CCT ACC TTG GGG AAT TGG GCT AGA GAA ATA TGG GGA ACA TTA Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Gly Asn Trp Ala Arg Glu Ile Trp Gly Thr Leu 235	6982
TTC AAA AAG GCT ACC AGA CAA TGT AGA AGA GGT AGA ATA TGG AAA AGA Phe Lys Lys Ala Thr Arg Gln Cys Arg Arg Gly Arg Ile Trp Lys Arg 240 245	7030
TGG AAT GAA ACT ATA ACA GGA CCA TTA GGA TGT GCT AAT AAC ACA TGT Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile Thr Gly Pro Leu Gly Cys Ala Asn Asn Thr Cys 255 260 270	7078
TAT AAT ATT TCA GTA ATA GTA CCT GAT TAT CAA TGT TAT CTA GAC CGA Tyr Asn Ile Ser Val Ile Val Pro Asp Tyr Gln Cys Tyr Leu Asp Arg 285	7126
GTA GAT ACT TGG TTA CAA GGG AAA GTA AAT ATA TCA TTA TGT CTA ACA Val Asp Thr Trp Leu Gln Gly Lys Val Asn Ile Ser Leu Cys Leu Thr 295 300	7174
GGA GGA AAA ATG TTG TAC AAT AAA TAT ACA AAA CAA TTA AGC TAT TGT Gly Gly Lys Met Leu Tyr Asn Lys Tyr Thr Lys Gln Leu Ser Tyr Cys 315	7222
ACA GAC CCA TTA CAA ATC CCA CTG ATC AAT TAT ACA TTT GGA CCT AAT Thr Asp Pro Leu Gln Ile Pro Leu Ile Asn Tyr Thr Phe Gly Pro Asn 320 320	7270
CAA ACA TGT ATG TGG AAC ACT TCA CAA ATT CAG GAC CCT GAG ATA CCA Gln Thr Cys Met Trp Asn Thr Ser Gln Ile Gln Asp Pro Glu Ile Pro 350 335	7318
AAA TGT GGA TGG TGG AAT CAA AGA GCC TAT TAT AAA AAT TGT AAA TGG Lys Cys Gly Trp Trp Asn Gln Arg Ala Tyr Tyr Lys Asn Cys Lys Trp 365	7366
GAA AAA ACA GAT GTA AAG TTT CAT TGT CAA AGA ACA CAG AGT CAG CCT Glu Lys Thr Asp Val Lys Phe His Cys Gln Arg Thr Gln Ser Gln Pro 370	7414
GGA ACA TGG CTT AGA GCA ATC TCG TCA TGG AGA CAA AGG AAT AGA TGG Gly Thr Trp Leu Arg Ala Ile Ser Ser Trp Arg Gln Arg Asn Arg Trp 395	7462
GAA TGG AGA CCA GAT TTT GAA AGT GAA AAG GTG AAA ATA TCT CTA AAG Glu Trp Arg Pro Asp Phe Glu Ser Glu Lys Val Lys Ile Ser Leu Lys 400 405	7510
TGT AAT AGC ACA AAA AAC CTA ACC TTT GCA ATG AGA AGT TCA GGA GAT Cys Asn Ser Thr Lys Asn Leu Thr Phe Ala Met Arg Ser Ser Gly Asp 420	7558

TAT Tyr	GGA Gly	GAA Glu	GTA Val	AC(Thi 43!	^ G	GA (ly A	Ala	TGG Trp	ATA Ile	GAG G1u 440	J۲	TT (GGA Gly	TG Cy	T C s H	112	AGA Arg 445	AAT Asn	I	76	506
AAA Lys	TCA Ser	AAA Lys	CTT Let 450	ι Hi	T G	AT (sp (GAA Glu	GCA Ala	AGG Arg 455	Phe	T A e A	GA irg	ATT Ile	AG Ar	gι	GT Cys 160	AGA Arg	TGG Trp))	7(654
AAT Asn	ATA Ile	GGG Gly 465	Gli	AA AS	T A n T	CC hr	TCA Ser	CTC Leu 470	ATT	GA [*] As _l	T A p T	ACA Thr	TGT Cys	GG G1 47	y F	\AC \sn	ACT Thr	CA/ G1r	1	7	702
AAT Asn	GTT Val 480	Ser	GG(G GC y Al	A A a A	sn	CCT Pro 485	GTA Val	GAT Asp	TG Cy	T <i>A</i> s 1	ACC Thr	ATG Met 490	١y	T (GCA Ala	AAT Asn	AA/ Ly:	A 5	7	750
ATG Met 495	TAC Tyr	AAT Asr	TG Cy	T TO s Se	er L	TA eu 500	CAA Gln	AAC Asn	GGG Gly	TT Ph	e	ACT Thr 505	ATG Met	A/ L)	AG (GTA Val	GAT Asp	GAG Asi 51	D .	7	798
CTT Leu	ATI Ile	AT(G CA t Hi	s Ph	C # ne # 15	\AT \Sn	ATG Met	ACA Thr	. AAA Lys	GC 5 A1 52	a	GTA Val	GAA Glu	AT Me	rG et	TAT Tyr	AAT Asn 525	AT Il	T e	7	846
GCT Ala	GG/ Gly	A AA / As	T TG n Tr 53	p Se	er (TGT Cys	ACA Thr	TCT Ser	GA(Asj 53) Le	rg eu	CCA Pro	CCA Pro	A A(nr	TGG Trp 540	GGG G1y	TA Ty	T r	7	'894
AT(Met	AA' Asi	T TG 1 Cy 54	s As	kC Ti sn C	GT :	ACA Thr	AAT Asn	AAT Asr 550	1 2e	T A/ r As	AT sn	GAT Asp	AA7 Asr	1	CT hr 55	AGA Arg	ATG Met	GC A1	A a	7	942
TG ⁻ Cy:	T CC s Pr 56	o As	C AA	AT C sn G	AA 1n	GGC Gly	ATC 11e 565	: Lei	A AG J Ar	G A	AT sn	TGG Trp	TA ⁻ Tyi 570	ŗΑ	AC .sn	CCA Pro	GTA Val	GC A1	A a	7	7990
GG G1 57	A TT y Le 5	A CC u Ar	iA C	AA T In S	CC er	TTG Leu 580	Glu	A AA(G TA s Ty	T C.	AA 1n	GTT Val 585	. va	A A 1 L	AA .ys	CAA Gln	CCA Pro	A GA O As 59	γÞ	{	8038
TA Ty	C TI	A G	rg G al V	al F	CA Pro 595	GGG Gly	GA/ Glu	A GT u Va	C AT 1 Me	et G	AA 11 u 500	1 yr	Γ AA - Ly	A A s T	CT Thr	AGA Arg	AGO Arg 60	را إ	VA ∕s		8086
AG Ar	iG G('g A	CA G la A	la I	TT (le l 10	CAT	G∏ Va	r ATO	G TT t Le	A G(u A 6	la L	TT .eu	GC/ A1a	A AC a Th	A (STA /al	TTA Let 620	1 2e	T A ^T	TG et		8134
G(A	CC G(la G	ly A	CA 6 1a 6 25	iGG /	ACG Thr	GG(G1)	G GC y Al	T AC a Th 63	ir A	CT / la]	ATA Ile	GG G1	G AT y M∈	75	GTA Val 635	1111	A CA r Gl	A T. n T.	AT yr	Ŷ	8182
C/ H	AC C is G 6	AA G 1n V 40	Π (al l	CTA Leu	GCA Ala	AC Th	C CA r Hi 64	s G	VA G In G	AA (lu /	GCT Ala	AT Il	e G	NA / lu 50	AAG Lys	GT(G AC 1 Th	T G r G	AA lu		8230

GCC TTA AAG ATA AAC AAC TTG AGA TTA GTT ACA TTA GAG CAT CAA GTA Ala Leu Lys Ile Asn Asn Leu Arg Leu Val Thr Leu Glu His Gln Val 655 660 670	3278
CTA GTA ATA GGA TTA AAA GTA GAA GCT ATG GAA AAA TTT TTA TAT ACA Leu Val Ile Gly Leu Lys Val Glu Ala Met Glu Lys Phe Leu Tyr Thr 675 680 685	8326
GCT TTC GCT ATG CAA GAA TTA GGA TGT AAT CAA AAT CAA TTC TTC TGC Ala Phe Ala Met Gln Glu Leu Gly Cys Asn Gln Asn Gln Phe Phe Cys 690 695	8374
AAA GTC CCT CCT GAA TTG TGG ATG AGG TAT AAT ATG TCT ATA AAT CAA Lys Val Pro Pro Glu Leu Trp Met Arg Tyr Asn Met Ser Ile Asn Gln 705 710	8422
ACA ATA TGG AAT CAT GGA AAT ATA ACT TTG GGG GAA TGG TAT AAC CAA Thr Ile Trp Asn His Gly Asn Ile Thr Leu Gly Glu Trp Tyr Asn Gln 720 725 730	8470
ACA AAA GAT TTA CAA CAA AAG TTT TAT GAA ATA ATA ATG GAC ATA GAA Thr Lys Asp Leu Gln Gln Lys Phe Tyr Glu Ile Ile Met Asp Ile Glu 745 740 750	8518
CAA AAT AAT GTA CAA GGG AAA AAA GGG ATA CAA CAA TTA CAA AAG TGG Gln Asn Asn Val Gln Gly Lys Lys Gly Ile Gln Gln Leu Gln Lys Trp 755	8566
GAA GAT TGG GTA GGA TGG ATA GGA AAT ATT CCA CAA TAC TTA AAG GGA Glu Asp Trp Val Gly Trp Ile Gly Asn Ile Pro Gln Tyr Leu Lys Gly 770 775	8614
CTA TTG GGA GGT ATC TTG GGA ATA GGA TTA GGA GTG TTA TTA ATT Leu Leu Gly Gly Ile Leu Gly Ile Gly Leu Gly Val Leu Leu Leu Ile 785	8662
TTA TGT TTA CCC ACA TTG GTT GAT TGT ATA AGA AAT TGT ATC CAC AAG Leu Cys Leu Pro Thr Leu Val Asp Cys Ile Arg Asn Cys Ile His Lys 800 805	8710
ATA CTA GGA TAC ACA GTA ATT GCA ATG CCT GAA GTA GAA GGA GAA GAA Ile Leu Gly Tyr Thr Val Ile Ala Met Pro Glu Val Glu Gly Glu 825 815	8758
ATA CAA CCA CAA ATG GAA TTG AGG AGA AAT GGT AGG CAA TGT GGC ATA Ile Gln Pro Gln Met Glu Leu Arg Arg Asn Gly Arg Gln Cys Gly Ile 835	8806
TCT GAA AAA GAG GAG GAA TGATGAAGTA TCTCAGACTT ATTTTATAAG Ser Glu Lys Glu Glu 850	.8854
GGAGATGCTG TGCTGAGTTC TTCCCTTTGA GGAAGGTATG TCATATGAAT CCATTTCAAA	8914
TCAAATTAAA CTAATAAAGT ATGTATTATA AGGTAAAAAG AAAAAAAA	8974

AAGAAGGAAG	AAAGCCTTCA	AGAATATGAT	GACAGCTTTA	GAAGATCGCT	TTAGAAAGCT	9034
ATTTGGCACA	AATTCTACAA	CGGGAGACAG	TACAGTGGAA	TCTGACGATG	AACCTCCTAA	9094
AAAAGAAAAA	AGGGTGGACT	GGGATGAGTA	TTGGGACCCT	GAAGAAATAG	AAAGAATGCT	9154
TATGGACTAG	TGACTGTTTA	CGAACAAATG	ATAAATGATG	GAAACAGCTG	AGCATGACTC	9214
ATAGTTAAAG	CGCTAGCAGC	TGCTTAACCG	CAAAACCACA	TCCTATGTAA	AGCTTGCTGA	9274
TGACGTATAA	TTTGCTCCAC	TGTAAAAGTA	TATAACCAGT	GCTTTGTGAG	ACTTCGGGGA	9334
GTCTCTCCGT	TGAGGACTTT	CGAGTTCTCC	CTTGAGGCTC	CCACAGATAC	AATAAATATT	9394
TGAGATTGAA	CCCTGTCAAG	TATCTGTGTA	ATCTTTTTA	CCTGTGAGGT	CTCGGAATCC	9454
GGGCCGAGAA	CTTCGCA					9471

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 450 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Met Gly Asn Gly Gln Gly Arg Asp Trp Lys Met Ala Ile Lys Arg Cys
1 10 15

Ser Asn Val Ala Val Gly Val Gly Gly Lys Ser Lys Lys Phe Gly Glu 20 25 30

Gly Asn Phe Arg Trp Ala Ile Arg Met Ala Asn Val Ser Thr Gly Arg 35 40 45

Glu Pro Gly Asp Ile Pro Glu Thr Leu Asp Gln Leu Arg Leu Val Ile 50 60

Cys Asp Leu Gln Glu Arg Arg Glu Lys Phe Gly Ser Ser Lys Glu Ile 65 70 75 80

Asp Met Ala Ile Val Thr Leu Lys Val Phe Ala Val Val Gly Leu Leu 85 90 95

Asn Met Thr Val Ser Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala Glu Asn Met Tyr Thr Gln 100 105 110

Met Gly Leu Asp Thr Arg Pro Ser Met Arg Glu Ala Gly Gly Lys Glu 115 120 125

Glu Ser Pro Pro Gln Ala Ser Pro Ile Gln Thr Ala Asn Gly Ala Pro 130 135 140 Gln Tyr Val Ala Leu Asp Pro Lys Met Val Ser Ile Phe Met Glu Lys 155 145 Ala Arg Glu Gly Leu Gly Gly Glu Glu Val Gln Leu Trp Phe Thr Ala Phe Ser Ala Asn Leu Thr Pro Thr Asp Met Ala Thr Leu Ile Met Ala Ala Pro Gly Cys Ala Ala Asp Lys Glu Ile Leu Asp Glu Ser Leu Lys 195 200 205 Gln Leu Thr Ala Glu Tyr Asp Arg Thr His Pro Pro Asp Gly Pro Arg 210 215 220 Pro Leu Pro Tyr Phe Thr Ala Ala Glu Ile Met Gly Ile Gly Leu Thr 225 Gln Glu Gln Gln Ala Glu Ala Arg Phe Ala Pro Ala Arg Met Gln Cys Arg Ala Trp Tyr Leu Glu Ala Leu Gly Lys Leu Ala Ala Ile Lys Ala 260 265 270 Lys Ser Pro Arg Ala Val Gln Leu Arg Gln Gly Ala Lys Glu Asp Tyr 275 280 285 Ser Ser Phe Ile Asp Arg Leu Phe Ala Gln Ile Asp Gln Glu Gln Asn Thr Ala Glu Val Lys Leu Tyr Leu Lys Gln Ser Leu Ser Met Ala Asn Ala Asn Ala Glu Cys Lys Lys Ala Met Ser His Leu Lys Pro Glu Ser 335 Thr Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Arg Ala Cys Gln Glu Val Gly Ser Pro Gly 340 345 Tyr Lys Met Gln Leu Leu Ala Glu Ala Leu Thr Lys Val Gln Val Val Gln Ser Lys Gly Ser Gly Pro Val Cys Phe Ash Cys Lys Lys Pro Gly 370 375 His Leu Ala Lys Gln Cys Arg Asp Val Lys Lys Cys Asn Lys Cys Gly 385 390 400 Lys Pro Gly His Leu Ala Ala Lys Cys Trp Gln Gly Gly Lys Lys Asn 415 415 Ser Gly Asn Trp Lys Ala Gly Arg Ala Ala Ala Pro Val Asn Gln Val Gln Gln Ala Val Met Pro Ser Ala Pro Pro Met Glu Glu Arg Leu Leu Asp Leu 450

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 852 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

Met Ala Glu Gly Phe Ala Ala Asn Arg Gln Trp Ile Gly Pro Glu Glu
1 5 10 15

Ala Glu Glu Leu Leu Asp Phe Asp Ile Ala Thr Gln Met Asn Glu Glu 20 25 30

Gly Pro Leu Asn Pro Gly Met Asn Pro Phe Arg Val Pro Gly Ile Thr 35 40 45

Asp Lys Glu Lys Gln Asp Tyr Cys Asn Ile Leu Gln Pro Lys Leu Gln 50 60

Asp Leu Arg Asn Glu Leu Gln Glu Val Lys Leu Glu Glu Gly Asn Ala 65 70 75 80

Gly Lys Phe Arg Arg Ala Arg Tyr Leu Arg Tyr Ser Asp Glu Asn Val 85 90 95

Leu Ser Ile Val Tyr Leu Leu Ile Gly Tyr Leu Arg Tyr Leu Ile Asn $100 \hspace{1cm} 105 \hspace{1cm} 110$

Arg Arg Ser Leu Gly Ser Leu Arg His Asp Ile Asp Ile Glu Thr Pro 115 120 125

Gln Glu Glu Tyr Tyr Ser Asn Ser Glu Arg Gly Thr Thr Leu Asn Gln 130 135

Lys Tyr Ala Arg Arg Cys Cys Val Ser Thr Leu Ile Met Tyr Leu Ile 145 150 155 160

Leu Phe Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Trp Gly Ala Arg Ala Gln Val Val Trp 165 170 175

Arg Leu Pro Pro Leu Val Val Pro Val Glu Glu Ser Glu Ile Ile Phe 180 185

Trp Asp Cys Trp Ala Pro Glu Glu Pro Ala Cys Gln Asp Phe Leu Gly 195 200 205

Ala Met Ile His Leu Lys Ala Ser Thr Asn Ile Ser Ile Gln Glu Gly 210 215 220

Pro Thr Leu Gly Asn Trp Ala Arg Glu Ile Trp Gly Thr Leu Phe Lys 225 Lys Ala Thr Arg Gln Cys Arg Arg Gly Arg Ile Trp Lys Arg Trp Asn Glu Thr Ile Thr Gly Pro Leu Gly Cys Ala Asn Asn Thr Cys Tyr Asn 260 265 270 Ile Ser Val Ile Val Pro Asp Tyr Gln Cys Tyr Leu Asp Arg Val Asp 275 280 285 Thr Trp Leu Gln Gly Lys Val Asn Ile Ser Leu Cys Leu Thr Gly Gly 290 295 300 Lys Met Leu Tyr Asn Lys Tyr Thr Lys Gln Leu Ser Tyr Cys Thr Asp 315 310 Pro Leu Gln Ile Pro Leu Ile Asn Tyr Thr Phe Gly Pro Asn Gln Thr 330 Cys Met Trp Asn Thr Ser Gln Ile Gln Asp Pro Glu Ile Pro Lys Cys Gly Trp Trp Asn Gln Arg Ala Tyr Tyr Lys Asn Cys Lys Trp Glu Lys 355 360 Thr Asp Val Lys Phe His Cys Gln Arg Thr Gln Ser Gln Pro Gly Thr 370 380 Trp Leu Arg Ala Ile Ser Ser Trp Arg Gln Arg Asn Arg Trp Glu Trp 385 390 395 Arg Pro Asp Phe Glu Ser Glu Lys Val Lys Ile Ser Leu Lys Cys Asn 405 410 Ser Thr Lys Asn Leu Thr Phe Ala Met Arg Ser Ser Gly Asp Tyr Gly 420 425 Glu Val Thr Gly Ala Trp Ile Glu Phe Gly Cys His Arg Asn Lys Ser 435 440 445 Lys Leu His Asp Glu Ala Arg Phe Arg Ile Arg Cys Arg Trp Asn Ile 450 450 Gly Glu Asn Thr Ser Leu Ile Asp Thr Cys Gly Asn Thr Gln Asn Val 465 470 480 Ser Gly Ala Asn Pro Val Asp Cys Thr Met Tyr Ala Asn Lys Met Tyr 485 Asn Cys Ser Leu Gln Asn Gly Phe Thr Met Lys Val Asp Asp Leu Ile 505 Met His Phe Asn Met Thr Lys Ala Val Glu Met Tyr Asn Ile Ala Gly Asn Trp Ser Cys Thr Ser Asp Leu Pro Pro Thr Trp Gly Tyr Met Asn Cys Asn Cys Thr Asn Asn Ser Asn Asp Asn Thr Arg Met Ala Cys Pro 550 Asn Asn Gln Gly Ile Leu Arg Asn Trp Tyr Asn Pro Val Ala Gly Leu Arg Gln Ser Leu Glu Lys Tyr Gln Val Val Lys Gln Pro Asp Tyr Leu Val Val Pro Gly Glu Val Met Glu Tyr Lys Thr Arg Arg Lys Arg Ala 600 Ala Ile His Val Met Leu Ala Leu Ala Thr Val Leu Ser Met Ala Gly Ala Gly Thr Gly Ala Thr Ala Ile Gly Met Val Thr Gln Tyr His Gln Val Leu Ala Thr His Gln Glu Ala Ile Glu Lys Val Thr Glu Ala Leu 650 Lys Ile Asn Asn Leu Arg Leu Val Thr Leu Glu His Gln Val Leu Val Ile Gly Leu Lys Val Glu Ala Met Glu Lys Phe Leu Tyr Thr Ala Phe 680 Ala Met Gln Glu Leu Gly Cys Asn Gln Asn Gln Phe Phe Cys Lys Val Pro Pro Glu Leu Trp Met Arg Tyr Asn Met Ser Ile Asn Gln Thr Ile 705 710 715 720 Trp Asn His Gly Asn Ile Thr Leu Gly Glu Trp Tyr Asn Gln Thr Lys Asp Leu Gln Gln Lys Phe Tyr Glu Ile Ile Met Asp Ile Glu Gln Asn Asn Val Gin Gly Lys Lys Gly Ile Gln Gln Leu Gln Lys Trp Glu Asp 755 Trp Val Gly Trp Ile Gly Asn Ile Pro Gln Tyr Leu Lys Gly Leu Leu Gly Gly Ile Leu Gly Ile Gly Leu Gly Val Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu Cys 790 Leu Pro Thr Leu Val Asp Cys Ile Arg Asn Cys Ile His Lys Ile Leu Gly Tyr Thr Val Ile Ala Met Pro Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Ile Gln 825 820

PCT/US98/04147

Pro Gln Met Glu Leu Arg Arg Asn Gly Arg Gln Cys Gly Ile Ser Glu 835 840 845

Lys Glu Glu Glu 850

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1350 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

ATGGGGAACG GACAGGGCG AGATTGGAAA ATGGCCATTA AGAGATGTAG TAATGTTGCT 60 GTAGGAGTAG GGGGGAAGAG TAAAAAATTT GGAGAAGGGA ATTTCAGATG GGCCATTAGA 120 ATGGCTAATG TATCTACAGG ACGAGAACCT GGTGATATAC CAGAGACTTT AGATCAACTA 180 AGGTTGGTTA TTTGCGATTT ACAAGAAAGA AGAGAAAAAT TTGGGTCGAG CAAAGAAATT 240 GACATGGCAA TTGTTACATT AAAAGTCTTT GCGGTAGTAG GACTTTTAAA TATGACAGTG 300 TCTACTGCTG CTGCAGCTGA AAATATGTAC ACTCAGATGG GATTAGACAC TAGACCATCT 360 ATGAGAGAAG CAGGAGGAAA AGAGGAAAGC CCTCCACAGG CATCTCCTAT TCAAACAGCA 420 AATGGAGCAC CACAATATGT AGCACTTGAC CCAAAAATGG TGTCCATTTT TATGGAAAAG 480 GCAAGAGAAG GATTAGGAGG TGAGGAAGTT CAGCTATGGT TTACTGCCTT CTCTGCAAAT 540 TTAACACCTA CTGACATGGC CACATTAATA ATGGCCGCAC CAGGGTGCGC TGCAGATAAA 600 GAAATATTGG ATGAAAGCTT AAAGCAATTG ACGGCAGAGT ATGATCGTAC CCATCCTCCT 660 GATGGACCTA GACCATTACC CTATTTTACT GCAGCAGAAA TTATGGGTAT AGGATTAACT 720 CAAGAACAAC AAGCAGAAGC AAGATTTGCA CCAGCTAGGA TGCAGTGTAG AGCATGGTAT 780 CTCGAGGCAC TAGGAAAATT GGCCGCCATA AAAGCTAAGT CTCCTCGAGC TGTGCAGTTA 840 AGACAAGGAG CTAAGGAAGA TTATTCATCC TTTATAGACA GATTGTTTGC CCAAATAGAT 900 CAAGAACAAA ATACAGCTGA AGTTAAGTTA TATTTAAAAC AGTCATTAAG CATGGCTAAT 960 GCTAATGCAG AATGTAAAAA GGCAATGAGC CACCTTAAGC CAGAAAGTAC CCTAGAAGAA 1020 AAGCTGAGAG CTTGTCAAGA AGTAGGCTCA CCAGGATATA AAATGCAACT CTTGGCAGAA 1080

	J.			
GCTCTTACAA AAGTTCAAGT AGTGCAATCA	AAAGGATCAG	GACCAGTGTG	TTTCAACTGT	1140
AAAAAACCAG GACATCTAGC AAAACAGTGT	AGAGATGTGA	AAAAATGTAA	TAAATGTGGA	1200
AAGCCTGGTC ATTTAGCTGC CAAATGCTGC	G CAAGGTGGTA	AAAAGAATTC	GGGAAACTGG	1260
AAGGCGGGGC GAGCTGCAGC CCCAGTGAA	CAAGTGCAGC	AAGCAGTAAT	GCCATCTGCA	1320
CCTCCAATGG AGGAGAGACT ATTGGATTT	Α ,			1350
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5	:			

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 405 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: 1..405

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

ATO Met	GGG Gly	AAC Asn 855	GGA Gly	CAG Gln	GGG Gly	CGA Arg	GAT Asp 860	TGG Trp	AAA Lys	ATG Met	GCC Ala	ATT Ile 865	AAG Lys	AGA Arg	TGT Cys	48
AG [*] Sei	AAT Asn 870	GTT Val	GCT Ala	GTA Val	GGA Gly	GTA Val 875	GGG Gly	GGG Gly	AAG Lys	AGT Ser	AAA Lys 880	AAA Lys	TTT Phe	GGA Gly	GAA Glu	96
GG G1 88	G AAT y Asn 5	TTC Phe	AGA Arg	TGG Trp	GCC Ala 890	ATT Ile	AGA Arg	ATG Met	GCT Ala	AAT Asn 895	GTA Val	TCT Ser	ACA Thr	GGA Gly	CGA Arg 900	144
GA G1	A CCT u Pro	GGT Gly	GAT Asp	ATA Ile 905	Pro	GAG Glu	ACT Thr	TTA Leu	GAT Asp 910	GIN	CTA Leu	AGG Arg	TTG Leu	GTT Val 915	ATT Ile	192
TG Cy	C GAT	TTA Leu	CAA Glr 920	ı Glu	AGA Arg	AGA Arg	GAA Glu	Lys 925	Phe	GGG Gly	TCG Ser	AGC Ser	Lys 930	ulu	ATT	240
G/ As	AC ATO	G GCA t Ala 935	a Ile	r GTT e Val	ACA Thr	Leu	AAA Lys 940	, vai	Phe	GCG Ala	GTA Val	GTA Val 945	עוגט	CTT Leu	TTA Leu	288
A. A:	AT ATO	G ACA	A GT(r Va	G TCT 1 Sei	T ACT	r GCT	GCT Ala	GCA Ala	A GCT	GAA Glu	A AAT 1 Asr	r ATO	TAC Tyr	ACT Thr	CAG Gln	336

-55-

950 955 960

ATG GGA TTA GAC ACT AGA CCA TCT ATG AGA GAA GCA GGA GGA AAA GAG Met Gly Leu Asp Thr Arg Pro Ser Met Arg Glu Ala Gly Gly Lys Glu 965 970 975

GAA AGC CCT CCA CAG GCA TCT Glu Ser Pro Pro Gln Ala Ser 985 405

384

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 135 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

Met Gly Asn Gly Gln Gly Arg Asp Trp Lys Met Ala Ile Lys Arg Cys
10
15

Ser Asn Val Ala Val Gly Val Gly Gly Lys Ser Lys Lys Phe Gly Glu 20 25

Gly Asn Phe Arg Trp Ala Ile Arg Met Ala Asn Val Ser Thr Gly Arg

Glu Pro Gly Asp Ile Pro Glu Thr Leu Asp Gln Leu Arg Leu Val Ile 50 60

Cys Asp Leu Gln Glu Arg Arg Glu Lys Phe Gly Ser Ser Lys Glu Ile 65 70 80

Asp Met Ala Ile Val Thr Leu Lys Val Phe Ala-Val Val Gly Leu Leu 85 90 95

Asn Met Thr Val Ser Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala Glu Asn Met Tyr Thr Gln 100 105 110

Met Gly Leu Asp Thr Arg Pro Ser Met Arg Glu Ala Gly Gly Lys Glu 115 120 125

Glu Ser Pro Pro Gln Ala Ser 130

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 669 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 1..669

	(xi)	SEC	UEN	CE C	ES(CRI	PTIC	N: S	EQ	ID	NO	:7:							
CCT Pro	ATT Ile	CAA G1n	ACA Thr	GCA A1a 140	A	AT sn	GGA Gly	GCA Ala	CCA Pro	י (AA 11n .45	TAT Tyr	GTA Val	A G	SCA Ala	CTT Leu	GAC Asp 150	CCA Pro	48
AAA Lys	ATG Met	GTG Val	TCC Ser 155	Π	T T e P	TT	ATG Met	GAA G1u	AA(Ly: 16(5 <i>F</i>	GCA Ala	AGA Arg	GA/ G1	4 G	GGA Gly	TTA Leu 165	GGA Gly	GGT Gly	96
GAG Glu	GAA Glu	GTT Val 170	CAG Gln	CT.	ĄТ u Т	GG rp	TTT Phe	ACT Thr 175	ΑI	C 7 a F	TTC Phe	TCT Ser	GC/ A1	d /	AAT Asn 180	TTA Leu	ACA Thr	CCT Pro	144
ACT Thr	GAC Asp 185	Met	GCC A1a	C AC a Th	A T	ΓTΑ ∟eu	ATA Ile 190	met	GC A1	C (a /	GCA Ala	CCA Pro	GG G1 19	y '	TGC Cys	GCT Ala	GCA Ala	GAT Asp	192
AAA Lys 200	Glu	ATA Ile	TT(G GA u As	р (GAA Glu 205	AGC Ser	TTA Leu	ι AΔ ι Ly	G 'S	CAA Gln	Leu 210	l In	G	GCA Ala	GAG G1u	TAT Tyr	GAT Asp 215	240
CGT Arg	ACC Thr	CAT	CC Pr	T CC o Pr 22	0	GAT Asp	GGA Gly	CC Pro	AC Ar	`g	CCA Pro 225	Let	CC i Pr	0°	TAT Tyr	TTT	ACT Thr 230	GCA Ala	288
GCA Ala	GAA Glu	ATT LITE	T AT Me 23	t G	aT ly	ATA Ile	GG/ Gly	A TT/ / Le	u li	or 40	CAA Gln	GA/ Glu	A CA u G1	AA ln	CAA Gln	GCA Ala 245	GIL	A GCA u Ala	336
AG/ Arg	A TT J Phe	T GC/ e Al- 25	a Pr	A G O A	CT la	AGO Arg	ATO Me	G CA t G1 25	n L	GT ys	AGA Arg	GC Al	A T(a Ti	GG rp	TAT Tyr 260	Let	GAI Gl	G GCA u Ala	384
CT. Le	A GG u G1 26	y Ly	Α Π s Le	īG G eu A	CC 1a	GC(27 27	е Ly	A G s A	CT la	AAG Lys	G TC S Se	L L	CT ro 75	CGA Arg	GCT Ala	T GT a Va	G CAG 1 Glr	432
TT Le 28	u Ar	A CA g G1	A G(n G	GA G ly A	CT (1 a	AA(Ly: 28	s Gil	A GA u As	T T p T	AT yr	TC/ Sei	A TO r Se 29	T P	TT he	ATA Ile	A GAG e Asi	C AG p Ar	A TTO g Leo 295	4
TT Ph	T GC ie Al	CC CA a G1	A A	TA 0	AT Asp	CA G1	A GA n Gl	A CA	A A In A	\AT \sn	AC.	A GO	T G	AA llu	GT Va	T AA 1 Ly	G TT s Le	A TA	T 528

669

30	00	305	310
TTA AAA CAG TCA TT Leu Lys Gln Ser Le 315	TA AGC ATG GCT AAT (eu Ser Met Ala Asn 320	GCT AAT GCA GAA TGT Ala Asn Ala Glu Cys 325	AAA AAG 576 Lys Lys
GCA ATG AGC CAC CT Ala Met Ser His Le 330	TT AAG CCA GAA AGT eu Lys Pro Glu Ser 335	ACC CTA GAA GAA AAG Thr Leu Glu Glu Lys 340	3
GCT TGT CAA GAA G Ala Cys Gln Glu V 345	TA GGC TCA CCA GGA al Gly Ser Pro Gly 350	TAT AAA ATG CAA CTC Tyr Lys Met Gln Leu 355	TTG 669 Leu
(A) (B)	FOR SEQ ID NO:8: NCE CHARACTERISTICS LENGTH: 223 amino TYPE: amino acid TOPOLOGY: linear	: acids	
(ii) MOLECU	ULE TYPE: protein		
	NCE DESCRIPTION: SE	Q ID NO:8:	
		Gln Tyr Val Ala Lei 10	u Asp Pro 15
Lys Met Val Ser 20	Ile Phe Met Glu Lys 29	s Ala Arg Glu Gly Le 5	u Gly Gly O
Glu Glu Val Gln 35	Leu Trp Phe Thr Al	a Phe Ser Ala Asn Le 45	u Thr Pro
Thr Asp Met Ala 50	Thr Leu Ile Met Al 55	a Ala Pro Gly Cys Al 60	a Ala Asp
65	70	s Gln Leu Thr Ala G 75	
	85	g Pro Leu Pro Tyr Pl 90	
Ala Glu Ile Met 100	: Gly Ile Gly Leu Th)	nr Gln Glu Gln Gln A 05	la Glu Ala 10
Arg Phe Ala Pro 115	o Ala Arg Met Gln C 120	ys Arg Ala Trp Tyr L 125	eu Glu Ala
130	135	la Lys Ser Pro Arg A 140	
Leu Arg Gln Gl 145	y Ala Lys Glu Asp T 150	yr Ser Ser Phe Ile A 155	Asp Arg Leu 160

Phe Ala Gln Ile Asp Gln Glu Gln Asn Thr Ala Glu Val Lys Leu Tyr 165 170 175

Leu Lys Gln Ser Leu Ser Met Ala Asn Ala Asn Ala Glu Cys Lys Lys 180 185

Ala Met Ser His Leu Lys Pro Glu Ser Thr Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Arg 195 200 205

Ala Cys Gln Glu Val Gly Ser Pro Gly Tyr Lys Met Gln Leu Leu 210 215 220

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 42 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (ix) FEATURE:

WO 98/39451

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 1..42
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

GCA GAG TAT GAT CGT ACC CAT CCT CCT GAT GGA CCT AGA CCA Ala Glu Tyr Asp Arg Thr His Pro Pro Asp Gly Pro Arg Pro 225 230 235 42

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID. NO:10:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

Ala Glu Tyr Asp Arg Thr His Pro Pro Asp Gly Pro Arg Pro 10^{-1}

-59-	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 264 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(ix) FEATURE: (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 1264	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:	
ACA AAA GTT CAA GTA GTG CAA TCA AAA GGA TCA GGA CCA GTG TGT TTC Thr Lys Val Gln Val Val Gln Ser Lys Gly Ser Gly Pro Val Cys Phe 15 20 25 30	48
AAC TGT AAA AAA CCA GGA CAT CTA GCA AAA CAG TGT AGA GAT GTG AAA Asn Cys Lys Pro Gly His Leu Ala Lys Gln Cys Arg Asp Val Lys 45	96
AAA TGT AAT AAA TGT GGA AAG CCT GGT CAT TTA GCT GCC AAA TGC TGG Lys Cys Asn Lys Cys Gly Lys Pro Gly His Leu Ala Ala Lys Cys Trp 50 55	144
CAA GGT GGT AAA AAG AAT TCG GGA AAC TGG AAG GCG GGG CGA GCT GCA Gln Gly Gly Lys Lys Asn Ser Gly Asn Trp Lys Ala Gly Arg Ala Ala 65	192
GCC CCA GTG AAT CAA GTG CAG CAA GCA GTA ATG CCA TCT GCA CCT CCA Ala Pro Val Asn Gln Val Gln Gln Ala Val Met Pro Ser Ala Pro Pro 80 85	240
ATG GAG GAG AGA CTA TTG GAT TTA Met Glu Glu Arg Leu Leu Asp Leu 95	264
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 88 amino acids(B) TYPE: amino acid(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:	
Thr Lys Val Gln Val Val Gln Ser Lys Gly Ser Gly Pro Val Cys Phe 1 15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 3841 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

ATGATTGGAG TAGGAGGAGG AAAGAGAGGA ACAAATTATA TCAATGTGCA TTTAGAGATT	60
AGAGATGAAA ATTATAAGAC ACAATGTATA TTTGGCAATG TTTGTGTCTT AGAAGATAAC	120
TCATTAATAC AACCATTATT AGGGAGAGAT AATATGATTA GATTCAATAT TAGGTTAGTA	180
ATGGCTCAAA TTTCTGACAA GATTCCAATA GTAAAAGTAA AAATGAAGGA TCCAAATAAA	240
GGACCTCAAA TAAAACAATG GCCATTAACA AATGAAAAAA TTGAAGCTTT AACAGAAATA	300
GTAGAAAGAC TAGAAAGAGA AGGGAAAGTA AAAAGAGCAG ATCCAAATAA CCCATGGAAT	360
ACACCAGTAT TTGCAATAAA AAAGAAAAGT GGAAAATGGA GAATGCTCAT AGATTTTAGA	420
GAATTGAACA AATTAACTGA GAAAGGGGCA GAAGTCCAGT TAGGACTCCC TCATCCTGCT	480
GGATTAAAAA TGAAAAAACA AGTTACTGTG CTAGATATAG GAGATGCATA CTTCACTATT	540
CCCTTGGATC CAGACTATGC TCCCTATACT GCATTCACAT TACCTAGAAA GAATAATGCA	600
GGACCAGGGA GGAGATATGT ATGGTGCAGT TTACCACAGG GGTGGGTTCT AAGCCCATTG	660
ATATATCAAA GTACTTTAGA TAATATAATA CAACCTTTTA TTAGACAAAA TCCTGAGTTA	720
GATATTTATC AATATATGGA TGACATTTAT ATAGGATCAA ACTTAAGTAA AAAGGAGCAT	780

-61-

WO 98/39451 PCT/US98/04147

AA222222AA AATTTAA220 TOOTA	040
AAAGAAAAG TAGAAGAATT AAGAAAATTG TTATTATGGT GGGGATTTGA AACCCCGGAA	840
GACAAATTAC AAGAAGAGCC CCCATATAAG TGGATGGGCT ATGAATTACA TCCATTAACA	900
TGGTCAATAC AGCAAAAACA ATTAGAAATT CCAGAAAGAC CCACATTAAA TGAACTGCAG	960
AAATTAGCAG GTAAGATAAA CTGGGCCAGT CAAACTATCC CAGACTTAAG TATAAAAGAA	1020
CTAACTAACA TGATGAGAGG AGATCAGAAG TTAGACTCAA TAAGAGAATG GACTGTGGAA	1080
GCCAAGAGAG AAGTACAAAA AGCTAAGGAA GCTATTGAGA TGCAAGCACA GCTAAATTAT	1140
TATGATCCCC ACCGAGAATT ATATGCAAAA TTAAGTTTAG TGGGACCACA TCAAATATGT	1200
TATCAAGTGT ATCATAAGAA CCCAGAATGT ATTTTATGGT ATGGTAAGAT GAATAGACAA	1260
AAGAAAAAGG CAGAAAATAC CTGTGATATA GCTCTAAGGG CATGTTATAA AATAAGAGAA	1320
GAATCTATTA TAAGAATAGG AAAAGAACCA ATATATGAAA TACCTACTTC TAGAGAAGCC	1380
TGGGAGTCAA ATTTAATTAA TTCACCATAT CTTAAGGCCC CACCTCCTGA GGTAGAATAT	1440
ATCCATGCTG CTGTGAATAT AAAAAGAGCA TTAAGTATGA TAAAAGATGT TCCAATACCA	1500
GAAGCAGAAA CGTGGTATAT AGATGGAGGC AGAAAGCTAG GAAAAGCAGC AAAAGCAGCC	1560
TATTGGACAG ATACAGGGAA GTGGCAAGTA ATGGAGTTAG AAGGCAGTAA TCAGAAGGCA	1620
GAAGTACAAG CATTATTATT GGCATTAAAA GCAGGATCAG AGGAAATGAA TATTATAACA	1680
GATTCACAAT ATGTTATAAA TATTATTCTT CAACAACCAG ATATGATGGA GGGAATCTGG	1740
CAAGAAGTTT TAGAAGAATT GGAGAAAAAA ACAGCAATAT TTATAGATTG GGTCCCAGGA	1800
CATAAAGGTA TTCCAGGAAA TGAGGAAGTA GATAAGCTTT GTCAAACAAT GATGATAATA	1860
GAAGGGGATG GGATATTAGA TAAAAGGTCA GAAGATGCGG GATATGATTT ATTGGCTGCA	1920
AAAGAAATAC ATTTATTGCC AGGAGAGGTA AAAGTAATAC CAACAGGGGT AAAGCTAATG	1980
CTGCCTAAAG GACATTGGGG ACTAATAATG GGAAGAAGCT CGATAGGGAG TAAAGGATTG	2040
GATGTATTAG GAGGGGTAAT AGATGAAGGA TATCGAGGTG AAATTGGAGT AATAATGATT	2100
AATGTATCAA GAAAATCAAT CACCTTAATG GAACAACAAA AGATAGCACA ATTAATAATA	2160
TTGCCTTGTA AACATGAAGT ATTAGAACAA GGAAAAGTTG TAATGGATTC AGAGAGAGAG	2220
GACAAAGGTT ATGGGTCAAC AGGAGTATTC TCCTCTTGGG TTGACAGGAT TGAGGAAGCA	2280
GAAATAAATC ATGAAAAATT TCACTCAGAT CCACAATACT TAAGGACTGA ATTTAATTTA	2340
CCCAAGATGG TTGCAGAAGA GATAAGACGA AAGTGCCCTG TATGTAGAAT CAGAGGAGAA	2400
CAAGTGGGAG GACAATTGAA AATAGGGCCT GGAATATGGC AAGTGGATTG CACACACTTT	2460
UZZIO I GOGINI CONTRA C	

NATAGTAAGA TAATCATTGT AGCAGTACAT GTGGAATCAG GATTTTTATG GGCACAGATA	2520
ATTCCACAGG AGACTGCAGA TTGTACAGTC AAGGCTCTTC TGCAACTTAT ATGTGCTCAT	2580
AATGTTACAG AATTACAAAC AGACAATGGA CCAAATTTTA AAAATCAGAA AATGGAAGGT	2640
TTATTAAATT TTATGGGAAT AAAACATAAA TTAGGGATAC CAGGTAACCC ACAATCACAG	2700
GCATTAGTGG AAAATGCTAA TAACACATTA AAAGCTTGGA TTCAAAAATT CCTACCAGAG	2760
ACTACCTCTC TGGATAATGC TCTGGCCCTA GCCCTGTATA GTCTCAACTT TAAACAAAGG	2820
GGTAGACTAG GAAGGATGGC CCCTTATGAA TTATACATAC AACAAGAATC ATTAAGAATA	2880
CAAGACTATT TITCGCAGAT TCCACAAAAG TTAATGATGC AGTGGGTGTA TTACAAAGAT	2940
CAAAAAGACA AAAAATGGAA GGGACCAATG AGAGTGGAAT ATTGGGGACA AGGATCAGTA	3000
TTATTAAAGG ATGAAGAGAA GGGATATTTT CTTGTACCTA GGAGACACAT AAGAAGAGTC	3060
CCAGAACCCT GCACTCTTCC TGAAGGGGAT GAGTGACGAA GATTGGCAGG TAAGTAGAAG	3120
ACTCTTTGCA GTGCTCCAAG GAGGAGTACG TAGTGCTATG CTATACATAT CTAGACTACC	3180
TCCGGACGAA AGAGAAAGGT ATAAAAAAAGA CTTTAAGAAA AGGCTTTTGG AAAAGGAAAC	3240
AGGATTCATA CAGAGATTAA GAAAAGCGGA AGGAATAAGG TGGAGCTTCC ATACTAGAGA	3300
TTATTATATA GGATATGTAA GAGAGATGGT GGCCGGATCT AGTCTACCAG ATAGTTTAAG	3360
ACTGTATATT TATATAAGCA ATCCATTGTG GCACTGGTCA TACCGTCCTG GCCTGACAAA	3420
TTTTAATACA GAATGGCCTT TTGTGAATAT GTGGATAAAG ACAGGATTCA TGTGGGATGA	3480
TATTGAAAGC CAGAATATTT GCAAAGGAGG AGAGATTTCA CATGGATGGG GACCTGGAAT	3540
GGTGGGAATT GTGATAAAAG CTTTTAGTTG TGGAGAAAGA AAGATTGAGG CTACTCCTGT	3600
AATGATTATA AGAGGAGAAA TAGATCCAAA AAAATGGTGT GGAGATTGTT GGAATTTGAT	3660
GTGTCTTAGG AACTCACCTC CACAGACTTT ACAAAGACTT GCTATGTTGG CATGTGGCGT	3720
GCCGGCTAAG GAGTGGCGAG GATGCTGTAA TCAACGCTTT GTTTCTCCTT ACAGAACGCC	3780
TGCTGATTTG GAGGTCATTC AATCCAAGCC CAGCTGGAGT CTATTATGGT CAGGGAGCCT	3840
A	3841

(2)	INFORMATION	FOR	SE0	ID	NO:14:
161	THE ORDER FOR	1 011	JLY		

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 3093 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: 1..3093

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

(X1)) 2F(MENC	E UE	2CKI	FIIU	N. J	LQ I	J 110							
ATG ATT Met Ile 90	Gly	Val	Gly	Gly	95	Lys	Arg	uly	1111	100	131	110	,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	48
CAT TTA His Leu 105	GAG Glu	ATT Ile	AGA Arg	GAT Asp 110	GAA Glu	AAT Asn	TAT Tyr	AAG Lys	ACA Thr 115	CAA G1n	TGT Cys	ATA Ile	TTT Phe	GGC Gly 120	96
AAT GTT Asn Val	TGT Cys	GTC Val	TTA Leu 125	GAA Glu	GAT As p	AAC Asn	TCA Ser	TTA Leu 130	ATA Ile	CAA Gln	CCA Pro	TTA Leu	TTA Leu 135		144
AGA GAT Arg Asp	AAT Asn	ATG Met 140	He	AGA Arg	TTC Phe	AAT Asn	ATT Ile 145	Arg	TTA Leu	GTA Val	ATG Met	GCT Ala 150	CAA Gln	ATT	192
TCT GAO Ser Asp	C AAG C Lys 155	: Ile	CCA Pro	ATA Ile	GTA Val	AAA Lys 160	Val	AAA Lys	ATG Met	AAG Lys	GAT Asp 165		AAT Asr	AAA Lys	240
GGA CC Gly Pr	o Gli	A ATA	AAA ELys	CAA Gln	TGG Trp 175	Pro	TTA Leu	ACA I Thr	AAT Asr	GA4 1 G1u 180	,	ATT	GAA Glu	A GCT u Ala	288
TTA AC Leu Th 185	A GA r Gl	A AT/ u Ile	A GTA e Val	GAA Glu 190	ı Arç	CT/ Leu	A GAA u Glu	A AGA u Arg	GA G G T G 19!	J U.	G AAA y Lys	A GTA	A AAA I Ly:	A AGA s Arg 200	336
GCA GA Ala As	T CC sp Pr	A AA o As	T AA(n Asi 20!	n Pro	A TG(o Tri	AA ¹	T ACA	A CCA r Pro 21	o vu	A TT 1 Ph	T GC/ e Ala	A ATA	A AA e Ly 21	A AAG s Lys 5	384
AAA A(Lys Se	GT GG er Gl	A AA y Ly 22	's Ir	G AG p Ar	A ATO	G CT t Le	C AT. u I1 22	C 73	T TT p Ph	T AG e Ar	A GA g G1	A TTo u Le 23		C AAA n Lys	432
TTA A	CT GA			G GC	A GA a G1	A GT u Va	C CA	G TI n Le	A GG	A CT y Le	C CC eu Pr	T CA	T CC s Pr	T GCT TO Ala	480

Leu Thr Glu Lys Gly Ala Glu Val Gln Leu Gly Leu Pro His Pro Ala

		235					240					245				
Gly	TTA Leu 250	AAA Lys	ATG Met	AAA Lys	AAA Lys	CAA G1n 255	GTT Val	ACT Thr	GTG Val	CTA Leu	GAT Asp 260	ATA Ile	GGA Gly	GAT Asp	GCA Ala	528
TAC Tyr 265	TTC Phe	ACT Thr	ATT Ile	CCC Pro	TTG Leu 270	GAT Asp	CCA Pro	GAC Asp	TAT Tyr	GCT Ala 275	CCC Pro	TAT Tyr	ACT Thr	GCA Ala	TTC Phe 280	576
ACA Thr	TTA Leu	CCT Pro	AGA Arg	AAG Lys 285	AAT Asn	AAT Asn	GCA Ala	GGA Gly	CCA Pro 290	GGG Gly	AGG Arg	AGA Arg	TAT Tyr	GTA Val 295	TGG Trp	624
TGC Cys	AGT Ser	TTA Leu	CCA Pro 300	CAG Gln	GGG Gly	TGG Trp	GTT Val	CTA Leu 305	AGC Ser	CCA Pro	TTG Leu	ATA Ile	TAT Tyr 310	CAA G1n	AGT Ser	672
ACT Thr	TTA Leu	GAT Asp 315	Asn	ATA Ile	ATA Ile	CAA Gln	CCT Pro 320	TTT Phe	ATT Ile	AGA Arg	CAA Gln	AAT Asn 325	Pro	GAG Glu	TTA Leu	720
GAT Asp	ATT Ile 330	Tyr	CAA Gln	TAT Tyr	ATG Met	GAT Asp 335	GAC Asp	ATT Ile	TAT Tyr	ATA Ile	GGA G1y 340	Ser	AAC Asn	TTA Leu	AGT Ser	768
AAA Lys 345	Lys	GAG Glu	CAT His	AAA Lys	GAA Glu 350	ı Lys	GTA Val	GAA Glu	GAA Glu	TTA Leu 355	Arg	AAA J Lys	TTG Leu	TTA Leu	TTA Leu 360	816
TGG Trp	TGG Trp	GGA Gly	Y TTT	GAA Glu 365	ı Thr	CCG Pro	GAA Glu	GAC Asp	Lys 370	Leu	CAA Glr	A GAA n Glu	A GAG u Glu	CCC Pro 375	CCA Pro	864
TAT Tyr	AAC Lys	G TG(S Trp	AT(Me1 38(t Gly	TAT / Tyr	GAA Glu	Let	CAT His 385	Pro	Lei	A ACA 1 Thi	A TGO	TCA Ser 390	. 116	CAG Gln	912
CA/ G1r	A AAA n Lys	A CA S G1: 39:	n Lei	A GA/ u G1:	A AT	CC/ Pro	GAA Glu 400	ı Arç	CCC Pro	C ACA	Lei	4 AA u Asi 40	n Gil	A CTO Leu	G CAG	960
AA, Ly:	A TT. s Le 41	u Al	A GG a G1	T AAI	G ATA	A AA(e As; 41!	n Iri	G GCC p Ala	C AG a Sei	r CA)	A AC h Th 42	rli	C CC/ e Pro	A GA(c Ast	TTA Leu	1008
AG Se 42	r Il	A AA e Ly	A GA s G1	A CT u Le	A AC u Th 43	r As	C AT n Me	G ATO	G AGA	A GG g Gl 43	y As	T CA p G1	G AAI n Ly:	G TT/ s Lei	A GAC u Asp 440	1056
TC Se	A AT	A AG e Ar	A GA g Gl	VA TG lu Tr 44	p Th	T GT ir Va	G GA 1 G1	A GC u Al	C AA a Ly 45	s Ar	A GA g Gl	A GT u Va	A CA 1 G1	A AA n Ly 45	A GCT s Ala 5	1104
AA Ly	NG GA	A GO Iu Al	T AT	∏ GA le G1	AG AT	G CA	A GC n Al	A CA a Gl	G CT n Le	A AA eu As	T TA n Ty	AT TA vr Ty	AT GA /r As	T CC p Pr	C CAC o His	1152

	<u> </u>		
460	465	470	
CGA GAA TTA TAT GCA AAA TTA Arg Glu Leu Tyr Ala Lys Lei 475	480	485	1200
TAT CAA GTG TAT CAT AAG AA Tyr Gln Val Tyr His Lys As 490 49	n Pro Giu cys Ii	T TTA TGG TAT GGT AAG e Leu Trp Tyr Gly Lys 500	1248
ATG AAT AGA CAA AAG AAA AA Met Asn Arg Gln Lys Lys Ly 505	S Ala ulu Asii ii	CC TGT GAT ATA GCT CTA or Cys Asp Ile Ala Leu 15 520	1296
AGG GCA TGT TAT AAA ATA AC Arg Ala Cys Tyr Lys Ile Ar 525	A GAA GAA TCT A ng Glu Glu Ser I 530	TT ATA AGA ATA GGA AAA le Ile Arg Ile Gly Lys 535	1344
GAA CCA ATA TAT GAA ATA CG Glu Pro Ile Tyr Glu Ile P 540	CT ACT TCT AGA G ro Thr Ser Arg G 545	AA GCC TGG GAG TCA AAT lu Ala Trp Glu Ser Asn 550	1392
TTA ATT AAT TCA CCA TAT C Leu Ile Asn Ser Pro Tyr L 555	TT AAG GCC CCA C eu Lys Ala Pro P 560	CCT CCT GAG GTA GAA TAT Pro Pro Glu Val Glu Tyr 565	1440
ATC CAT GCT GCT GTG AAT A	TA AAA AGA GCA 1 1e Lys Arg Ala 1 75	TTA AGT ATG ATA AAA GAT Leu Ser Met Ile Lys Asp 580	1488
GTT CCA ATA CCA GAA GCA (Val Pro Ile Pro Glu Ala (585	יכי שיו וווו גוונ	ATA GAT GGA GGC AGA AAG Ile Asp Gly Gly Arg Lys 595 600	1536
CTA GGA AAA GCA GCA AAA (Leu Gly Lys Ala Ala Lys 605	GCA GCC TAT TGG Ala Ala Tyr Trp 610	ACA GAT ACA GGG AAG TGG Thr Asp Thr Gly Lys Trp 615	1584
014	GGC AGT AAT CAG Gly Ser Asn Gln 625	AAG GCA GAA GTA CAA GCA Lys Ala Glu Val Gln Ala 630	1632
	GCA GGA TCA GAG Ala Gly Ser Glu 640	GAA ATG AAT ATT ATA ACA Glú Met Asn Ile Ile Thr 645	1680
	AAT ATT ATT CTT Asn Ile Ile Leu 655	CAA CAA CCA GAT ATG ATG Gln Gln Pro Asp Met Met 660	1728
	val Led Gld Gld	TTG GAG AAA AAA ACA GCA Leu Glu Lys Lys Thr Ala 675	1776
000	CCA CCA CAT AAA	A GGT ATT CCA GGA AAT GAG s Gly Ile Pro Gly Asn Glu	3 1824 J

				(685					69	90					6	95			
GAA Glu	GTA Val	GA ⁻ As _I	o L	AG .ys '00	CTT Leu	TGT Cys	CAA G1n	ACA Thr	ATG Met 705	M	TG / et	ATA Ile	ATA Ile	GAA Glu	GGG Gly 710	Α	AT Sp	GGG Gly		1872
ATA Ile	TTA Leu	GA As 71	рL	VAA _ys	AGG Arg	TCA Ser	GAA Glu	GAT Asp 720	GCG Ala	G G	GA ly	TAT Tyr	GAT Asp	TTA Leu 725	TTG Leu	i G	GCT Ala	GCA Ala		1920
AAA Lys	GAA Glu 730	AT Il	A (CAT	TTA Leu	TTG Leu	CCA Pro 735	GGA Gly	GAG G1u	i G	TA 'al	AAA Lys	GTA Val 740	ATA Ile	CCA Pro	A <i>A</i>	\CA Thr	GGG Gly		1968
GTA Val 745	AAG Lys	CT Le	A A	ATG Met	CTG Leu	CCT Pro 750	AAA Lys	GGA Gly	CAT His	T T	GG rp	GGA Gly 755	CTA Leu	ATA Ile	AT(G (GGA Gly	AGA Arg 760		2016
AGC Ser	TCG Ser	AT Il	A (GGG Gly	AGT Ser 765	AAA Lys	GGA Gly	TTG Leu	GA ⁻ Ası) (STA /a1 /70	TTA Leu	GGA Gly	GGG Gly	GT/ Va	1	ATA Ile 775	GAT Asp		2064
GAA G1u	GGA Gly	TA Ty	/r	CGA Arg 780	GGT Gly	GAA Glu	ATT	GGA Gly	GT/ Va 78		ATA Ile	ATG Met	ATT Ile	AAT Asr	GT/ Va 79	1	TCA Ser	AGA Arg		2112
AAA Lys	. TCA Ser	· I	TC 1 e 9 5	ACC Thr	TTA Leu	ATG Met	GAA Glu	CAA Glr 800	n Gl	A A	AAG Lys	ATA Ile	GCA Ala	CAA Glr 805	ı Le	A u	ATA Ile	ATA Ile		2160
TTG Leu	CC Pro 81	o C	GT ys	AAA Lys	CAT His	GAA Glu	GT/ Va 81	l Lei	A GA u G1	A u	CAA Gln	GGA Gly	Lys 820	Va	r GT I Va	A 1	ATG Met	GAT Asp		2208
TCA Ser 825	~ G1	G A u A	GA .rg	GGA Gly	GAC Asp	AAA Lys 830	GI	T TA' y Ty	T GG r Gl	iG y	TCA Ser	ACA Thr 835	زاتا'	GT/ Va	A TT I Ph	Cie	TC C Ser	TCT Ser 840		2256
TG(Tr	G GT 5 Va	T G 1 A	AC sp	AGG Arg	ATT 116 845	e Gli	G GA U G1	A GC u Al	A GA a G1	u	ATA Ile 850	AST	CAT His	「GA ₃G1	A AA u Ly	Α ′S	TTT Phe 855	CAC		2304
TC. Se	A GA r As	T C	CA Pro	CAA G1r 860	ן Tyı	C TT.	A AG u Ar	G AC g Th	r G	VA I u 55	TTT	AA®	r TT/ n Lei	A CC u Pr	0 r7	NG /S 70	ATG Met	GTT Val		2352
GC A1	A GA a G	u (GAG G1u B75	Π	A AG e Ar	A CG g Ar	A AA g Ly	G TO 's Cy 88	S P	CT ro	GTA Val	TG Cy:	T AG/ s Ar	A AT g Il 88	e Ai	GA ng	GGA Gly	GAA Glu	\	2400
CA G1	n Va	ΓG (al (90	GGA Gly	GG G1	A CA y G1	A TT n Le	G AA u Ly 89	/S 1	TA G le G	GG ly	CC [*] Pro	r GG o Gl	A AT. y Il 90	e ir	G CA	AA In	GTQ Va	GAT Asp	-	2448
Τ(C)	GC A	CA hr	CAC His	C TT S Ph	T AA e As	T AC n Se	ST Aver Ly	AG A	ΓΑ Α le I	TC le	AT II	T GT e Va	A GC 1 Al	A GT a Va	TA C	AT is	GT(Va	G GAA 1 Glu	7 /	2496

		015	920
905	910	915	
TCA GGA TTT TTA TGG Ser Gly Phe Leu Trp 925	GCA CAG ATA ATT CCA Ala Gln Ile Ile Pro 930	שווו שוע וווו הוע השף	TGT 2544 Cys
ACA GTC AAG GCT CTT Thr Val Lys Ala Leu 940	CTG CAA CTT ATA TGT Leu Gln Leu Ile Cys 945	GCT CAT AAT GTT ACA Ala His Asn Val Thr 950	GAA 2592 Glu
TTA CAA ACA GAC AAT Leu Gln Thr Asp Asr 955	GGA CCA AAT TTT AAA Gly Pro Asn Phe Lys 960	AAT CAG AAA ATG GAA Asn Gln Lys Met Glu 965	GGT 2640 Gly
TTA TTA AAT TTT ATO Leu Leu Asn Phe Met 970	G GGA ATA AAA CAT AA C Gly Ile Lys His Lys 975	A TTA GGG ATA CCA GGT s Leu Gly Ile Pro Gly 980	AAC 2688 Asn
	A TTA GTG GAA AAT GC a Leu Val Glu Asn Al 990	T AAT AAC ACA TTA AA a Asn Asn Thr Leu Ly 995	A GCT 2736 s Ala 1000
TGG ATT CAA AAA TT	C CTA CCA GAG ACT AC e Leu Pro Glu Thr Th 105	C TCT CTG GAT AAT GC r Ser Leu Asp Asn Al 10 10	u Lou
OTO TA	AT AGT CTC AAC TTT AV Vr Ser Leu Asn Phe Ly 1025	A CAA AGG GGT AGA CT 's Gln Arg Gly Arg Le 1030	A GGA 2832 u Gly
AGG ATG GCC CCT TA Arg Met Ala Pro Ty 1035	AT GAA TTA TAC ATA C yr Glu Leu Tyr Ile G 1040	AA CAA GAA TCA TTA AG In Gln Glu Ser Leu Ar 1045	A ATA 2880 ng Ile
	CG CAG ATT CCA CAA A er Gln Ile Pro Gln L 1055	AG TTA ATG ATG CAG TO ys Leu Met Met Gln T 1060	GG GTG 2928 rp Val
AAA OAT O	AA AAA GAC AAA AAA T iln Lys Asp Lys Lys T 1070	GG AAG GGA CCA ATG A rp Lys Gly Pro Met A 1075	GA GTG 2976 rg Val 1080
GAA TAT TGG GGA (Glu Tyr Trp Gly (CAA GGA TCA GTA TTA 1 GIn Gly Ser Val Leu I 1085	En FA2 Vah ain ain a	AG GGA 3024 ys Gly 095
TAT TTT CTT GTA Tyr Phe Leu Val 1100	CCT AGG AGA CAC ATA Pro Arg Arg His Ile 1105	aly hig var ito ata.	CCC TGC 3072 Pro Cys
ACT CTT CCT GAA Thr Leu Pro Glu 1115	GGG GAT GAG Gly Asp Glu		3093

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1031 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:
- Met Ile Gly Val Gly Gly Gly Lys Arg Gly Thr Asn Tyr Ile Asn Val 1 5 15
- His Leu Glu Ile Arg Asp Glu Asn Tyr Lys Thr Gln Cys Ile Phe Gly 20 25 30
- Asn Val Cys Val Leu Glu Asp Asn Ser Leu Ile Gln Pro Leu Leu Gly 35 40 45
- Arg Asp Asn Met Ile Arg Phe Asn Ile Arg Leu Val Met Ala Gln Ile 50 60
- Ser Asp Lys Ile Pro Ile Val Lys Val Lys Met Lys Asp Pro Asn Lys 65 70 75 80
- Gly Pro Gln Ile Lys Gln Trp Pro Leu Thr Asn Glu Lys Ile Glu Ala 85 90 95
- Leu Thr Glu Ile Val Glu Arg Leu Glu Arg Glu Gly Lys Val Lys Arg 100 105 110
- Ala Asp Pro Asn Asn Pro Trp Asn Thr Pro Val Phe Ala Ile Lys Lys 115 120 125
- Lys Ser Gly Lys Trp Arg Met Leu Ile Asp Phe Arg Glu Leu Asn Lys 130 135 140
- Leu Thr Glu Lys Gly Ala Glu Val Gln Leu Gly Leu Pro His Pro Ala 145 150 160
- Gly Leu Lys Met Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Val Leu Asp Ile Gly Asp Ala 165 170 † 175
- Tyr Phe Thr Ile Pro Leu Asp Pro Asp Tyr Ala Pro Tyr Thr Ala Phe 180 185
- Thr Leu Pro Arg Lys Asn Asn Ala Gly Pro Gly Arg Arg Tyr Val Trp 195 200 205
- Cys Ser Leu Pro Gln Gly Trp Val Leu Ser Pro Leu Ile Tyr Gln Ser 210 220
- Thr Leu Asp Asn Ile Ile Gln Pro Phe Ile Arg Gln Asn Pro Glu Leu 225 230 235 240

Asp Ile Tyr Gln Tyr Met Asp Asp Ile Tyr Ile Gly Ser Asn Leu Ser 255

Lys Lys Glu His Lys Glu Lys Val Glu Glu Leu Arg Lys Leu Leu Leu 265 270

Trp Trp Gly Phe Glu Thr Pro Glu Asp Lys Leu Gln Glu Glu Pro Pro 275 280 285

Tyr Lys Trp Met Gly Tyr Glu Leu His Pro Leu Thr Trp Ser Ile Gln 290 295 300

Gln Lys Gln Leu Glu Ile Pro Glu Arg Pro Thr Leu Asn Glu Leu Gln 305 310 315

Lys Leu Ala Gly Lys Ile Asn Trp Ala Ser Gln Thr Ile Pro Asp Leu 325 330 335

Ser Ile Lys Glu Leu Thr Asn Met Met Arg Gly Asp Gln Lys Leu Asp 340 345

Ser Ile Arg Glu Trp Thr Val Glu Ala Lys Arg Glu Val Gln Lys Ala 355 360 365

Lys Glu Ala Ile Glu Met Gln Ala Gln Leu Asn Tyr Tyr Asp Pro His 370 375

Arg Glu Leu Tyr Ala Lys Leu Ser Leu Val Gly Pro His Gln Ile Cys 385 390 395 400

Tyr Gln Val Tyr His Lys Asn Pro Glu Cys Ile Leu Trp Tyr Gly Lys 405 410 415

Met Asn Arg Gln Lys Lys Lys Ala Glu Asn Thr Cys Asp Ile Ala Leu 420 425 430

Arg Ala Cys Tyr Lys Ile Arg Glu Glu Ser Ile Ile Arg Ile Gly Lys 435 440 445

Glu Pro Ile Tyr Glu Ile Pro Thr Ser Arg Glu Ala Trp Glu Ser Asn 450 455 460

Leu Ile Asn Ser Pro Tyr Leu Lys Ala Pro Pro Pro Glu Val Glu Tyr 475 470 480

Ile His Ala Ala Val Asn Ile Lys Arg Ala Leu Ser Met Ile Lys Asp 485 490 495

Val Pro Ile Pro Glu Ala Glu Thr Trp Tyr Ile Asp Gly Gly Arg Lys 500 505

Leu Gly Lys Ala Ala Lys Ala Ala Tyr Trp Thr Asp Thr Gly Lys Trp 515 520 525

Gln Val Met Glu Leu Glu Gly Ser Asn Gln Lys Ala Glu Val Gln Ala 530 535 540 Leu Leu Leu Ala Leu Lys Ala Gly Ser Glu Glu Met Asn Ile Ile Thr Asp Ser Gln Tyr Val Ile Asn Ile Ile Leu Gln Gln Pro Asp Met Met Glu Gly Ile Trp Gln Glu Val Leu Glu Glu Leu Glu Lys Lys Ihr Ala 580 Ile Phe Ile Asp Trp Val Pro Gly His Lys Gly Ile Pro Gly Asn Glu Glu Val Asp Lys Leu Cys Gln Thr Met Met Ile Ile Glu Gly Asp Gly Ile Leu Asp Lys Arg Ser Glu Asp Ala Gly Tyr Asp Leu Leu Ala Ala Lys Glu Ile His Leu Leu Pro Gly Glu Val Lys Val Ile Pro Thr Gly 650 Val Lys Leu Met Leu Pro Lys Gly His Trp Gly Leu Ile Met Gly Arg Ser Ser Ile Gly Ser Lys Gly Leu Asp Val Leu Gly Gly Val Ile Asp Glu Gly Tyr Arg Gly Glu Ile Gly Val Ile Met Ile Asn Val Ser Arg Lys Ser Ile Thr Leu Met Glu Gln Gln Lys Ile Ala Gln Leu Ile Ile Leu Pro Cys Lys His Glu Val Leu Glu Gln Gly Lys Val Val Met Asp Ser Glu Arg Gly Asp Lys Gly Tyr Gly Ser Thr Gly Val Phe Ser Ser 740 745 750 Trp Val Asp Arg Ile Glu Glu Ala Glu Ile Asn His Glu Lys Phe His Ser Asp Pro Gln Tyr Leu Arg Thr Glu Phe Ash Leu Pro Lys Met Val Ala Glu Glu Ile Arg Arg Lys Cys Pro Val Cys Arg Ile Arg Gly Glu
785 790 795 800 Gln Val Gly Gln Leu Lys Ile Gly Pro Gly Ile Trp Gln Val Asp Cys Thr His Phe Asn Ser Lys Ile Ile Ile Val Ala Val His Val Glu 825 Ser Gly Phe Leu Trp Ala Gln Ile Ile Pro Gln Glu Thr Ala Asp Cys 845 840

Thr Val Lys Ala Leu Leu Gln Leu Ile Cys Ala His Asn Val Thr Glu 850 860

Leu Gln Thr Asp Asn Gly Pro Asn Phe Lys Asn Gln Lys Met Glu Gly 865 870 880

Leu Leu Asn Phe Met Gly Ile Lys His Lys Leu Gly Ile Pro Gly Asn 885 890 895

Pro Gln Ser Gln Ala Leu Val Glu Asn Ala Asn Asn Thr Leu Lys Ala 905 910

Trp Ile Gln Lys Phe Leu Pro Glu Thr Thr Ser Leu Asp Asn Ala Leu 915 920 925

Ala Leu Ala Leu Tyr Ser Leu Asn Phe Lys Gln Arg Gly Arg Leu Gly 930 940

Arg Met Ala Pro Tyr Glu Leu Tyr Ile Gln Glu Ser Leu Arg Ile 945 950 955 960

Gln Asp Tyr Phe Ser Gln Ile Pro Gln Lys Leu Met Met Gln Trp Val 965 970 975

Tyr Tyr Lys Asp Gln Lys Asp Lys Lys Trp Lys Gly Pro Met Arg Val 980 985 990

Glu Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Ser Val Leu Leu Lys Asp Glu Glu Lys Gly 995 1000 1005

Tyr Phe Leu Val Pro Arg Arg His Ile Arg Arg Val Pro Glu Pro Cys 1010 1020

Thr Leu Pro Glu Gly Asp Glu 1025 1030

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 753 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..753
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

ATG ATT GAC GAA GAT TGG CAG GTA AGT AGA AGA CTC TTT GCA GTG CTC Met Ile Asp Glu Asp Trp Gln Val Ser Arg Arg Leu Phe Ala Val Leu

			1035)				1040					1045)			
CAA (Gln (Gly (GGA Gly 1050	Val	CGT Arg	AGT Ser	GCT Ala	ATG Met 1055	Leu	TAC Tyr	ATA Ile	TCT Ser	AGA Arg 1060	Leu	CCT Pro	CCG Pro		96
GAC (Asp	GAA Glu 1065	Arg	GAA Glu	AGG Arg	TAT Tyr	AAA Lys 1070	Lys	GAC Asp	TTT Phe	AAG Lys	AAA Lys 1075	Arg	CTT. Leu	TTG Leu	GAA Glu		144
AAG Lys 1080	Glu	ACA Thr	GGA Gly	TTC Phe	ATA Ile 1085	Gln	AGA Arg	TTA Leu	AGA Arg	AAA Lys 1090	Ala	GAA Glu	GGA Gly	ATA Ile	AGG Arg 1095		192
TGG Trp	AGC Ser	TTC Phe	CAT His	ACT Thr 1100	Arg	GAT Asp	TAT Tyr	TAT Tyr	ATA Ile 1105	Gly	TAT Tyr	GTA Val	AGA Arg	GAG Glu 111	Met		240
GTG Val	GCC Ala	GGA Gly	TCT Ser 111	Ser	CTA Leu	CCA Pro	GAT Asp	AGT Ser 112	Leu	AGA Arg	CTG Leu	TAT Tyr	ATT Ile 112	Tyr	ATA Ile		288
AGC Ser	AAT Asn	CCA Pro 113	Leu	TGG Trp	CAC His	TGG Trp	TCA Ser 113	Tyr	CGT Arg	CCT Pro	GGC Gly	CTG Leu 114	Thr	AAT Asn	TTT Phe		336
AAT Asn	ACA Thr 114	Glu	TGG Trp	CCT Pro	TTT Phe	GTG Val 115	Asn	ATG Met	TGG Trp	ATA Ile	AAG Lys 115	Thr	GGA Gly	TTC Phe	ATG Met		384
TGG Trp 116	Asp	GAT Asp	ATT	GAA Glu	AGC Ser 116	_G1n	AAT Asn	ATT	TGC Cys	AAA Lys 117	Gly	GGA Gly	GAG Glu	ATT	TCA Ser 1175		432
CAT His	GGA Gly	TGG Trp	GGA Gly	CCT Pro	Gly	ATG Met	GTG Val	GGA Gly	ATT Ile 118	· Val	ATA	AAA Lys	GCT Ala	TTT Phe 119	AGT Ser		480
TGT Cys	GGA Gly	GAA Glu	A AGA J Arg 119	J Lys	ATT Ile	GAG Glu	GCT Ala	ACT Thr 120	· Pro	GTA Val	ATC Met	ATT Ile	ATA 11e 120	: Arg	GGA Gly		528
GAA Glu	ATA Ille	GAT Asp 121	o Pro	A AAA D Lys	AAA S Lys	TG0 Trp	G TG1 Cys 121	: Gly	A GAT	TG¶ Cys	TG(Tr	AAT Asr 122	ı Lei	ATO Met	TGT Cys		576
CTT Leu	AGG Arg 122	g Asr	C TC/ n Se	A CCT	r CCA o Pro	CAC Gli 123	n Thi	r TT/ r Lei	A CAA u G1r	A AGA n Arg	CT Lei 12	ı Ala	T ATO	TTO L Lei	G GCA u Ala		624
TG1 Cys 124	s Gly	C GT(y Va	G CC 1 Pr	G GC o Ala	T AAG a Lys 124	s_G1	G TG0 u Tr ₁	G CG. p Ar	A GG/ g Gl:	A TG(y Cy: 12	s Cy:	T AA' s Asi	T CAA n Gli	A CG(n Arg	C TTT g Phe 1255	5	672
GT Va	T TC 1 Se	T CC r Pr	T TA o Ty	C AG	A ACC	G CC r Pr	T GC o Al	T GA a As	T TTO	G GAI	G GT u Va	C AT	T CA e Gl	A TCC n Sei	C AAG r Lys		720

1260

1265

1270

CCC AGC TGG AGT CTA TTA TGG TCA GGG AGC CTA Pro Ser Trp Ser Leu Leu Trp Ser Gly Ser Leu 1275 1280 753

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 251 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

Met Ile Asp Glu Asp Trp Gln Val Ser Arg Arg Leu Phe Ala Val Leu
10 15

Gln Gly Gly Val Arg Ser Ala Met Leu Tyr Ile Ser Arg Leu Pro Pro 20 25 30

Asp Glu Arg Glu Arg Tyr Lys Lys Asp Phe Lys Lys Arg Leu Leu Glu . 35 40

Lys Glu Thr Gly Phe Ile Gln Arg Leu Arg Lys Ala Glu Gly Ile Arg 50 60

Trp Ser Phe His Thr Arg Asp Tyr Tyr Ile Gly Tyr Val Arg Glu Met 65 70 75 80

Val Ala Gly Ser Ser Leu Pro Asp Ser Leu Arg Leu Tyr Ile Tyr Ile 85 90 95

Ser Asn Pro Leu Trp His Trp Ser Tyr Arg Pro Gly Leu Thr Asn Phe 100 105 110

Asn Thr Glu Trp Pro Phe Val Asn Met Trp Ile Lys Thr Gly Phe Met 115 120 125

Trp Asp Asp Ile Glu Ser Gln Asn Ile Cys Ly\$ Gly Gly Glu Ile Ser 130 135 140

His Gly Trp Gly Pro Gly Met Val Gly Ile Val Ile Lys Ala Phe Ser 145 150 160

Cys Gly Glu Arg Lys Ile Glu Ala Thr Pro Val Met Ile Ile Arg Gly 165 170 175

Glu Ile Asp Pro Lys Lys Trp Cys Gly Asp Cys Trp Asn Leu Met Cys 180 185

Leu Arg Asn Ser Pro Pro Gln Thr Leu Gln Arg Leu Ala Met Leu Ala - 195 200 205

PCT/US98/04147 WO 98/39451

-74-

Cys Gly Val Pro Ala Lys Glu Trp Arg Gly Cys Cys Asn Gln Arg Phe Val Ser Pro Tyr Arg Thr Pro Ala Asp Leu Glu Val Ile Gln Ser Lys 230 Pro Ser Trp Ser Leu Leu Trp Ser Gly Ser Leu 245 250

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 2556 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

ATGGCAGAAG GAT	TTGCAGC C	CAATAGACAA	TGGATAGGAC	CAGAAGAAGC	TGAAGAGTTA	60
TTAGATTTTG ATA	TAGCAAC A	ACAAATGAAT	GAAGAAGGGC	CACTAAATCC	AGGGATGAAC	120
CCATTTAGGG TAC	CTGGAAT A	ACAGATAAA	GAAAAGCAAG	ACTATTGTAA	CATATTACAA	180
CCTAAGTTAC AAG	ATTTACG (GAATGAACTT	CAAGAGGTAA	AACTAGAAGA	AGGAAATGCA	240
GGTAAGTTTA GAA	GGGCAAG A	ATATTTAAGA	TATTCTGATG	AAAATGTGCT	ATCTATAGTC	300
TATTTGCTAA TAG	GATATCT /	AAGATATTTA	ATAAATCGTA	GGAGTTTAGG	ATCTTTAAGA	360
CATGATATAG ACA	ATAGAAAC A	ACCTCAAGAG	GAATATTATA	GTAATAGTGA	AAGGGGTACC	420
ACATTAAATC AAA	AATATGC	GAGAAGATGT	TGTGTTAGCA	CACTTATTAT	GTATTTAATT	480
CTTTTTGCAG TAG	GCATCTG	GTGGGGAGCT	AGAGCACAAG	TAGTGTGGAG	ACTTCCCCCT	540
TTAGTAGTTC CA	GTAGAAGA	ATCAGAAATA	ATTTTTTGGĢ	ATTGTTGGGC	ACCAGAAGAA	600
CCCGCCTGTC AA	GACTTTCT	TGGGGCAATG	ATACATCTAA	AAGCTAGTAC	GAATATAAGT	660
ATACAAGAGG GA	CCTACCTT	GGGGAATTGG	GCTAGAGAAA	TATGGGGAAC	ATTATTCAAA	720
AAGGCTACCA GA	CAATGTAG	AAGAGGTAGA	ATATGGAAAA	GATGGAATGA	AACTATAACA	780
GGACCATTAG GA	TGTGCTAA	TAACACATGT	TATAATATT	CAGTAATAGT	ACCTGATTAT	840
CAATGTTATC TA	GACCGAGT	AGATACTTGG	S TTACAAGGGA	A AAGTAAATAT	ATCATTATGT	900
CTAACAGGAG GA	WAAATGTT	GTACAATAA	A TATACAAAA	CAATTAAGCTA	A TTGTACAGAC	960

CCATTACAAA TCCCACTGAT CAATTATACA TTTGGACCTA ATCAAACATG TATGTGGAAC	1020
ACTICACAAA TICAGGACCC TGAGATACCA AAATGTGGAT GGTGGAATCA AAGAGCCTAT	1080
TATAAAAATT GTAAATGGGA AAAAACAGAT GTAAAGTTTC ATTGTCAAAG AACACAGAGT	1140
CAGCCTGGAA CATGGCTTAG AGCAATCTCG TCATGGAGAC AAAGGAATAG ATGGGAATGG	1200
AGACCAGATT TTGAAAGTGA AAAGGTGAAA ATATCTCTAA AGTGTAATAG CACAAAAAAC	1260
CTAACCTTTG CAATGAGAAG TTCAGGAGAT TATGGAGAAG TAACGGGAGC TTGGATAGAG	1320
TTTGGATGTC ATAGAAATAA ATCAAAACTT CATGATGAAG CAAGGTTTAG AATTAGATGT	1380
AGATGGAATA TAGGGGAGAA TACCTCACTC ATTGATACAT GTGGAAACAC TCAAAATGTT	1440
TCAGGGGCAA ATCCTGTAGA TTGTACCATG TATGCAAATA AAATGTACAA TTGTTCTTTA	1500
CAAAACGGGT TTACTATGAA GGTAGATGAC CTTATTATGC ATTTCAATAT GACAAAAGCT	1560
GTAGAAATGT ATAATATTGC TGGAAATTGG TCTTGTACAT CTGACTTGCC ACCAACATGG	1620
GGGTATATGA ATTGTAACTG TACAAATAAT AGTAATGATA ATACTAGAAT GGCATGTCCT	1680
AACAATCAAG GCATCTTAAG GAATTGGTAT AACCCAGTAG CAGGATTACG ACAATCCTTG	1740
GAAAAGTATC AAGTTGTAAA ACAACCAGAT TACTTAGTGG TCCCAGGGGA AGTCATGGAA	1800
TATAAAACTA GAAGGAAAAG GGCAGCTATT CATGTTATGT TAGCTCTTGC AACAGTATTA	1860
TCTATGGCCG GAGCAGGGAC GGGGGCTACT GCTATAGGGA TGGTAACACA ATATCACCAA	1920
GTTCTAGCAA CCCATCAAGA AGCTATTGAA AAGGTGACTG AAGCCTTAAA GATAAACAAC	1980
TTGAGATTAG TTACATTAGA GCATCAAGTA CTAGTAATAG GATTAAAAGT AGAAGCTATG	2040
GAAAAATTTT TATATACAGC TTTCGCTATG CAAGAATTAG GATGTAATCA AAATCAATTC	2100
TTCTGCAAAG TCCCTCCTGA ATTGTGGATG AGGTATAATA TGTCTATAAA TCAAACAATA	2160
TGGAATCATG GAAATATAAC TTTGGGGGAA TGGTATAACC AAACAAAAGA TTTACAACAA	2220
AAGTTTTATG AAATAATAAT GGACATAGAA CAAAATAATG TACAAGGGAA AAAAGGGATA	2280
CAACAATTAC AAAAGTGGGA AGATTGGGTA GGATGGATAG GAAATATTCC ACAATACTTA	2340
AAGGGACTAT TGGGAGGTAT CTTGGGAATA GGATTAGGAG TGTTATTATT AATTITATGT	2400
TTACCCACAT TGGTTGATTG TATAAGAAAT TGTATCCACA AGATACTAGG ATACACAGTA	2460
ATTGCAATGC CTGAAGTAGA AGGAGAAGAA ATACAACCAC AAATGGAATT GAGGAGAAAT	2520
GGTAGGCAAT GTGGCATATC TGAAAAAGAG GAGGAA	2556

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
 - (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..36
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

CAA GAA TTA GGA TGT AAT CAA AAT CAA TTC TTC TGC Gln Glu Leu Gly Cys Asn Gln Asn Gln Phe Phe Cys 260

36

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

Gln Glu Leu Gly Cys Asn Gln Asn Gln Phe Phe Cys

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

GGATGAGTAT TGGAACCCTG AA

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:	
GATTCCGAGA CCTCACAGGT AA	22
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:	
AATAGGGAAG CAGTAGCAGA C	21
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:	
GTAAATCGCA AATAACCAAC C	21
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:	
TGACGGTGTC TACTGCTGCT	20
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:	
CACACTGGTC CTGATCCTTT T	21
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:	
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:	
CCACAATATG TAGCACTTGA CC	22
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:	
GGGTACTTTC TGGCTTAAGG TG	22
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 27 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:	
GGGGGACCTA CCTTGGGGAA TTGGGCT	27
(a) THEODINATION FOR SECUED MOVED.	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 35 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:	
GGTGATCATG ATCAGTGGGA TTTGTAATGG GTCTG	35
500 CEO TO NO. 21.	
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:	
 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 35 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear 	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:	
GGTGATCATG ATCAGTGGGA TITGTAATGG GTCTG	35

(2)	INFORMATION	FOR	SEQ	ID	NO:32:
-----	-------------	-----	-----	----	--------

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs

 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:

ATAAGGGAGA TACTGTGCTG A

21

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

GCGATCTTCT AACTCTGTCA T

21

THAT WHICH IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. An isolated feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV) having all of the identifying characteristics of FIV clone JSY3.
- 2. An isolated feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV) whose proviral DNA comprises a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1 and sequences which vary from SEQ ID NO:1 due to the degeneracy of the genetic code.
- 3. A biologically pure culture of host cells containing the feline immunodeficiency virus of claim $1. \,$
- 4. A biologically pure culture of host cells containing the feline immunodeficiency virus of claim 2.
- $^{\circ}5$. Isolated DNA comprising a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1 and sequences which vary from SEQ ID NO:1 due to the degeneracy of the genetic code.
 - 6. A vector comprising DNA of claim 5.
- 7. A vector according to claim 6, wherein said vector comprises bacteriophage lambda.
- 8. A host cell containing and capable of expressing a vector according to claim 6.
- 9. A host cell according to claim 8, wherein said host cell comprises Escherichia coli.
- 10. A host cell according to claim 8, wherein said host cell comprises a yeast cell.
- 11. A host cell according to claim 8, wherein said host cell comprises a mammalian host cell.

- 12. Isolated DNA comprising a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:9, SEQ ID NO:11, SEQ ID NO:13, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ ID NO:18, SEQ ID NO:19; and
 - (b) sequences which vary from those of (a) above due to the degeneracy of the genetic code.
 - 13. A vector comprising DNA of claim 12.
- 14. A vector according to claim 13. wherein said vector comprises bacteriophage lambda.
- 15. A host cell containing and capable of expressing a vector according to claim 13.
- 16. A host cell according to claim 15. wherein said host cell comprises *Escherichia coli*.
- 17. A host cell according to claim 15. wherein said host cell comprises a yeast cell.
- 18. A host cell according to claim 15, wherein said host cell comprises a mammalian host cell.
- 19. A polypeptide having a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3. SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8. SEQ ID NO:10. SEQ ID NO:12. SEQ ID NO:15, SEO ID NO:17, and SEQ ID NO:20.
- 20. A specific pathogen free (SPF) cat infected with feline immunodeficiency virus clone JSY3.
 - 21. A colony of SPF cats according to claim 20.

1/44

FIGURE 1

430	440	450		470	480 * *
* * TTCTGGGATG AG AAGACCCTAC TC → JSY3	* * FATTGGGA CCC ATAACCCT GGG	* * TGAAGAA ATAI ACTTCTT TAT	* * GAAAGAA TGC CTTTCTT ACC	TTATGGA CT	AGTGACTG
490 * *	* *	510 * * GGAAACA GCT	* * *CAGCATG AC	530 * * TCATAGTT AA	540 * * AGCGCTAG TCGCGATC
AAATGCTTGT TT 550 * CAGCTGCTTA AG GTCGACGAAT TG	560	570 * *	580 * *	590 * * GATGACGT A	600 * * TAATTTGCT
610 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	620	630 * *	640 * *	650 * *	660 * * CGTTGAGGA
670 * *	680 * * CTCCCTTGAG G	690 * *	700 * *	710 * * ATTTGAGAT	720 * * rgaaccctgt
730 * *	740 * * TGTAATCTTT 1 ACATTAGAAA A	750 * *	760 * *	770 * *	780 * * AGAACTTCGC
790 * * AGTTGGCGCC TCAACCGCGG	* *	810 * * CTTGATTGAG GAACTAACTC	ACTCATTGAG	830 * * GAAGTGAAGC CTTCACTTCG	840 * * TAGAGCAATA ATCTCGTTAG
850 * * GAAAGCTGTT CTTTCGACAA	* *	870 * * CCTGCTGACC GGACGACTGG	* * TAAATAGGGA	890 * * AGCAGTAGCA TCGTCATCGT	

2/44
Figure 1, continued

910	920	930 * *	940	950	960
ACAGTGAGTA	* * TCTCTAGTGA AGAGATCACT	AGCAGACTCG	AGCTCATAAT	CAAGTCACTG	TTTAAAGGCC
970	980 * *	990 * *	1000 * *	1010 * *	1020 * *
CAGATAAATT	ACATCTGGTG TGTAGACCAC	ACTCTTCGCG	GACCTTCAAG	CCAGGAGATT	CGCCGAGGGA
1030	1040 * *	1050 * *	1060 * *	1070 * *	1080 * *
CAGTCAACAA	GGTAGGAGAG CCATCCTCTC	ATTCTGCAGC	AACATGGGGA TTGTACCCCT	ACGGACAGGG	GCGAGATTGG CGCTCTAACC
		•	$GAG \rightarrow$		
1090	1100 * *	1110 * *	1120 * *	1130 * *	1140 * *
AAAATGGCCA TTTTACCGGT	TTAAGAGATG AATTCTCTAC I K R C	TAGTAATGTT ATCATTACAA	GCTGTAGGAG CGACATCCTC	TAGGGGGGAA ATCCCCCCTT	GAGTAAAAA CTCATTTTT
1150	1160	1170	1180	1190	1200 * *
TTTGGAGAAG	G GGAATTTCAG CCTTAAAGTC G N F F	ATGGGCCATT	AGAATGGCTA TCTTACCGAT	ATGTATCTAC TACATAGATG	AGGACGAGAA TCCTGCTCTT
1210) 1220	1230	1240	1250	1260
CCTGGTGAT/	A TACCAGAGA(TTTAGATCA/	CTAAGGTTGG	TTATTTGCGA	TTTACAAGAA
	0 128	0 129	1300	1310	1320
AGAAGAGAA TCTTCTCTT		C GAGCAAAGA G CTCGTTTCT	A ATTGACATGO T TAACTGTACO	CAATTGTTAC	ATTAAAAGTC TAATTTTCAG
133	134	0 135	0 136	0 1370	1380
TTTGCGGTA	G TAGGACTTT	T AAATATGAC A TTTATACTG	A GTGTCTACT T CACAGATGA	G CTGCTGCAG(C GACGACGTC(C TGAAAATATG G ACTTTTATAC A E N M>

3/44
Figure 1, continued

1390	1400 * *	1410 * *	1420 * *	1430 * *	1440 * *
TACACTCAGA ATGTGAGTCT	TGGGATTAGA ACCCTAATCT M G L D	CACTAGACCA GTGATCTGGT	TCTATGAGAG AGATACTCTC	AAGCAGGAGG TTCGTCCTCC	AAAAGAGGAA
AGCCCTCCAC TCGGGAGGTG S P P	1460 ★ * AGGCATCTCC TCCGTAGAGG Q A S P p15 ← -	TATTCAAACA ATAAGTTTGT I Q T • p25	GCAAATGGAG CGTTTACCTC A N G	CACCACAATA GTGGTGTTAT A P Q Y	TGTAGCACTT ACATCGTGAA V A L>
GΛCCCΔΔΔΔΔ	1520 * * TGGTGTCCAT ACCACAGGTA M V S I	TTTTATGGAA AAAATACCTT	AAGGCAAGAG	AAGGATTAGG TTCCTAATCC	AGGTGAGGAA TCCACTCCTT
GTTCAGCTAT	1580 * * GGTTTACTGC CCAAATGACG W F T A	CTTCTCTGCA	AATTTAACAC TTAAATTGTG	CTACTGACAT GATGACTGTA	GGCCACATTA
ATAATGGCCC TATTACCGGC I M A	1640 * * * G CACCAGGGTG G GTGGTCCCAC A P G C	CGCTGCAGAT CGCGACGTCTA CAAD	T AAAGAAATAT A TTTCTTTATA K E I	TGGATGAAAG A ACCTACTTTC L D E S	CTTAAAGCAA CGAATTTCGTT CLKQ>
TTGACGGCA		TACCCATCC ATGGGTAGG	T CCTGATGGA	CTAGACCATT GGATCTGGTA	T ACCCTATTTT A TGGGATAAAA
175 * ACTGCAGCA TGACGTCGT T A A	* * G AAATTATGG C TTTAATACC	* * G TATAGGATT	* * A ACTCAAGAA T TGAGTTCTT	* * * :	* * * A AGCAAGATTT T TCGTTCTAAA

4/44
Figure 1, continued

1810 1820 * * * *	1830	1840 * *	1850	1860 * *
GCACCAGCTA GGATGCAGTG TO CGTGGTCGAT CCTACGTCAC A P A R M Q C	TAGAGCATGG T ATCTCGTACC A	ATCTCGAGG CA TAGAGCTCC GT	CTAGGAAA A	ATTGGCCGCC TAACCGGCGG
1870 1880 * * * *	1890 * *	1900 * *	1910 * *	1920 * *
ATAAAAGCTA AGTCTCCTCG A TATTTTCGAT TCAGAGGAGC I K A K S P R	AGCTGTGCAG T	TAAGACAAG GA ATTCTGTTC CT	GCTAAGGA /	AGATTATTCA TCTAATAAGT
1930 1940 * * * *	1950 * *	1960 * *	1970 * *	1980 * *
TCCTTTATAG ACAGATTGTT AGGAAATATC TGTCTAACAA S F I D R L F	TGCCCAAATA (ACGGGTTTAT (SATCAAGAAC AA CTAGTTCTTG TI	AATACAGC TTATGTCG	TGAAGTTAAG ACTTCAATTC
1990 2000 * * * *	2010	2020 * *	2030 * *	2040 * *
TTATATITAA AACAGTCATT AATATAAATT TTGTCAGTAA L Y L K Q S L	AAGCATGGCT /	AATGCTAATG CA	AGAATGTAA TCTTACATT	AAAGGCAATG TTTCCGTTAC
2050 2060	2 0 70	2080 * *	2090 * *	2100 * *
AGCCACCTTA AGCCAGAAAG TCGGTGGAAT TCGGTCTTTC S H L K P E S	TACCCTAGAA ATGGGATCTT	GAAAAGCTGA G CTTTTCGACT C	AGCTTGTCA TCGAACAGT	AGAAGTAGGC TCTTCATCCG
2110 2120	2130	2140 * *	2150 * *	2160 * *
TCACCAGGAT ATAAAATGCA AGTGGTCCTA TATTTTACGT S P G Y K M Q	ACTCTTGGCA TGAGAACCGT	GAAGCTCTTA C	AAAAGTTCA TTTTCAAGT KVQ	AGTAGTGCAA TCATCACGTT
2170 2180	2190	2200	2210	2220
TCAAAAGGAT CAGGACCAGT AGTTTTCCTA GTCCTGGTCA S K G S G P V	GTGTTTCAAC	TGTAAAAAAC (ACATTTTTTG (CAGGACATCT STCCTGTAGA	AGCAAAACAG TCGTTTTGTC
 = =	2250	2260 * *	2270 * *	2280
TGTAGAGATG TGAAAAAATG	TAATAAATGT	GGAAAGCCTG	GTCATTTAGO CAGTAAATCO	TGCCAAATGC ACGGTTTACG

5/44

Figure 1, continued CRDVKKCNKC GKPGHLAAKC> 2330 2320 2290 2310 2300 TGGCAAGGTG GTAAAAAGAA TTCGGGAAAC TGGAAGGCGG GGCGAGCTGC AGCCCCAGTG ACCOTTCCAC CATTITICTT AAGCCCTTTG ACCTTCCGCC CCGCTCGACG TCGGGGTCAC WQGGKKNSGNWKAGRAA APV> 2390 2380 2370 2360 2350 AATCAAGTGC AGCAAGCAGT AATGCCATCT GCACCTCCAA TGGAGGAGAG ACTATTGGAT TTAGTTCACG TCGTTCGTCA TTACGGTAGA CGTGGAGGTT ACCTCCTCTC TGATAACCTA NQVQQAVMPSAPPMEERLLD> 2460 2440 2450 2420 2430 2410 TTATAAATTA TAATAAAGTA GGTACTACTA CAACATTAGA AAAGAGGCCA GAAATACTTA AATATTTAAT ATTATTTCAT CCATGATGAT GTTGTAATCT TTTCTCCGGT CTTTATGAAT L> ← p10 2520 2490 2500 2510 2480 2470 TATTTGTAAA TGGGTACCCT ATAAAATTTT TATTAGATAC AGGAGCAGAT ATAACAATTT ATAAACATTT ACCCATGGGA TATTITAAAA ATAATCTATG TCCTCGTCTA TATTGTTAAA 2570 2560 2540 2550 2530 TAAATAGGAG AGATTTTCAA GTAAAAAATT CTATAGAAAA TGGAAGGCAA AATATGATTG ATTTATCCTC TCTAAAAGTT CATTTTTTAA GATATCTTTT ACCTTCCGTT TTATACTAAC M I> $\rightarrow pol$ ORF1 2630 2620 2600 2610 2590 GAGTAGGAGG AGGAAAGAGA GGAACAAATT ATATCAATGT GCATTTAGAG ATTAGAGATG CTCATCCTCC TCCTTTCTCT CCTTGTTTAA TATAGTTACA CGTAAATCTC TAATCTCTAC G V G G G K R G T N Y I N V H L E I R D> **270**0 2690 2680 2660 2670 AAAATTATAA GACACAATGT ATATTTGGCA ATGTTTGTGT CTTAGAAGAT AACTCATTAA TTTTAATATT CTGTGTTACA TATAAACCGT TACAAACACA GAATCTTCTA TTGAGTAATT ENYKTQCIFGNVCVLEDNSL>

6/44 Figure 1, continued

2710	2720	2730	2740	2750 * *	2760 * *
TACAACCATT ATTAC ATGTTGGTAA TAATC I Q P L L	GGAGA GATAA	TATGA TTAGA	ATTCAA TAT TAAGTT ATA	TAGGTTA GTA ATCCAAT CA	AATGGCTC TTACCGAG
2770	2780 * * *	2790	2800 * *	2810	2820 * *
AAATTTCTGA CAAG	ATTCCA ATAGT	TAAAAG TAAA	AATGAA GGA TTACTT CCT	ATCCAAAT AA FAGGTTTA TT	AGGACCTC TCCTGGAG
2830	2840 * * *	2850	2860 * *	2870 * *	2880 * *
AAATAAAACA ATGG TTTATTTTGT TACC Q I K Q W	CCATTA ACAAA GGTAAT TGTT	ATGAAA AAAT FACTTT TTTA	TGAAGC TT ACTTCG AAA	TAACAGAA AT ATTGTCTT TA	TAGTAGAAA NTCATCTTT
2890	2900	2910	2920 * *	2930 * *	2940 * *
GACTAGAAAG AGAACTGATCTTTC TCTTR L E R E	A <mark>GGGAAA GTAA</mark>	AAAGAG CAGA	ATCC <mark>AAA TA</mark> TAGGTTT AT	ACCCATGG AA TGGGTACC T	ATACACCAG FATGTGGTC
2950	2960 * *	2970 * *	2980 * *	2990 * *	3000 * *
TATTTGCAAT AAA	AAAGAAA AGTG	GAAAAT GGA	GAATGCT CA CTTACGA GT	TAGATTIT AI TATCTAAAA T	GAGAATTGA CTCTTAACT
3010	3020 * *	3030	3040 * *	3050 * *	3060 * *
ACAAATTAAC TGA TGTTTAATTG ACT N K L T E	GAAAGGG GCAG	BAAGTCC AGT CTTCAGG TCA	TAGGACT CO ATCCTGA GO	CCTCATCCT G GGAGTAGGA C	CTGGATTAA GACCTAATT
3070	3080	3090	3100 * *	3110 * *	3120 * *
AAATGAAAAA ACA TTTACTTTTT TGT K M K K (AGTTACT GTG	CTAGATA TAC	GAGATGC AT	TACTTCACT A	AAGGGAACC
3130 * *	* *	* *	* *		* *
ATCCAGACTA TGO TAGGTCTGAT ACO D P D Y	CTCCCTAT ACT	GCATTCA CA CGTAAGT GT	TTACCTAG A AATGGATC T	AAGAATAAT (CGTCCTGGTC

7/44
Figure 1, continued

3190 3200 * * *	3210	3220 * *	3230 * *	3240 * *
GGAGGAGATA TGTATGGTGG CCTCCTCTAT ACATACCACG G R R Y V W C	C AGTTTACCAC AG	GGGTGGGT TCT/ CCCCACCCA AGA	NAGCCCA TIGA TTCGGGT AACT	TATATAG
3250 326 * * *	0 3270	3280 * *	3290 * *	3300 * *
AAAGTACTTT AGATAATAT TTTCATGAAA TCTATTATA Q S T L D N I	A ATACAACCTT T T TATGTTGGAA A I Q P F	TATTAGACA AAA ATAATCTGT TTT I R Q N	TCCTGAG TTA AGGACTC AAT P E L	CTATAAA D I>
3310 332	3330	3340 * *	3350 * *	3360 * *
ATCAATATAT GGATGACAT TAGTTATATA CCTACTGTA Y Q Y M D D	T TATATAGGAT C	CAAACTTAAG TAA	TITCCTC GTA	TTTCTTT
3370 338 * * *	3390	3400 * *	3410 * *	3420 * *
AAGTAGAAGA ATTAAGAA TTCATCTTCT TAATTCTT K V E E L R	AA TTGTTATTAT (TT AACAATAATA (K L L L I	GGTGGGGATT TG CCACCCCTAA AC W W G F	AAACCCCG GAA TTTGGGGC CT E T P E	TCTGTTTA D K>
3430 34 * * *	40 3450	3460 * *	3470 * *	3480 * *
TACAAGAAGA GCCCCCAT ATGTTCTTCT CGGGGGTA L Q E E P P	AT AAGTGGATGG	GCTATGAATT AC	ATCCATTA AC TAGGTAAT TG	TACCAGTT
3490 35 * * *	3510	3520 * *	3530 * *	3540 * *
TACAGCAAAA ACAATTA ATGTCGTTTT TGTTAAT I Q Q K Q L	GAA ATTCCAGAAA CTT TAAGGTCTTT E I P E	CTGGGTGTAA T R P T L	TACTTGAC GT	CTTTAATC K L>
3550 3 * * *	560 3570 * * *	3580 * *	3590 * *	3600 * *
CAGGTAAGAT AAACTGG GTCCATTCTA TTTGACC A G K I N W	GCC AGTCAAACTA	TCCCAGACTT A	AGTATAAAA G/ TCATATTIT C	AACTAACTA TTGATTGAT
3610	3620 3630 * * *	3640	3650 * *	3660 * *
ACATGATGAG AGGAGAT TGTACTACTC TCCTCT/ N M M R G D	CAG AAGTTAGACT	CAATAAGAGA A	TGGACTGTG G ACCTGACAC C	AAGCCAAGA

8/44
Figure 1, continued

3670 368 * * *	3690	3700	3710	3720
GAGAAGTACA AAAAGCTAA	AG GAAGCTATTG	AGATGCAAGC A	CAGCTAAAT T	TATTATGATC
CTCTTCATGT TTTTCGATT	C CITCGATAAC C E A I	E M Q A	Q L N	Y Y D>
3730 374 * * *	40 3750	3760	3770	3780 * *
CCCACCGAGA ATTATATGO	CA AAATTAAGTT	TAGTGGGACC A	ACATCAAATA 7	TGTTATCAAG
GGGTGGCTCT TAATATACC	A K L S	L V G P	H Q I	C Y Q>
3790 38 * * *	00 3810	3820	3830	3840 * *
TGTATCATAA GAACCCAG	AA TGTATTTTAT	GGTATGGTAA	GATGAATAGA	CAAAAGAAAA
ACATAGTATT CTTGGGTC V Y H K N P	TT ACATAAAATA E C I L	W Y G K	M N R	Q K K>
3850 38 * * *				
* * * * AGGCAGAAAA TACCTGTG	* * * * * AT ATAGCTCTA	* * * A GGGCATGTTA	* * TAAAATAAGA	* * GAAGAATCTA
TCCGTCTTTT ATGGACAC	CTA TATCGAGAT D I A L	r cccgtacaat	ATTITATTCI	CTICLIAGAL
–				
3910 39 * * *	* * *	* * *	* *	* *
TTATAAGAAT AGGAAAAC AATATTCTTA TCCTTTTC	CIT GGTTATATA	C TTTATGGATG	AAGATCTCTT	CGGACCCTCA
I I R I G K	E P I Y	EIPT	SRE	A W E>
3970 39 * * *	980 399 * *	0 4000	4010 * *	4020 * *
CAAATTTAAT TAATTCA	CCA TATCTTAAG	G CCCCACCTCC	TGAGGTAGAA	TATATCCATG
GTTTAAATTA ATTAAGT S N L I N S	P Y L K	A P P P	E V E	Y I H>
4030 4	.040 405 * *	4060	4070	4080 * *
CTGCTGTGAA TATAAAA	AGA GCATTAAG1	A TGATAAAAGA	TGTTCCAATA	CCAGAAGCAG
GACGACACTT ATATTT	TCT CGTAATTCA R A L S	AT ACTATITICT	ACAAGGTTAT	GGTCTTCGTC
	1100 411			
* * *	* *	* * *	* *	* *
AAACGTGGTA TATAGAT	ACCT CCGTCTTT	CG ATCCTTTTCG	i TCGTTTTCGT	CGGA LAACC L
ETWYID	G G R K	LGKA	AKA	A Y W>

9/44 Figure 1, continued

4150	4160	4170	4180 * *	4190 * *	4200 * *
CAGATACAGG GA GTCTATGTCC CT T D T G	AGTGGCAA GT TCACCGTT CA K W Q \	TAATGGAGT T ATTACCTCA A / M E L	AGAAGGCAG T TCTTCCGTC A E G S	TAATCAGAAG GC TTAGTCTTC CG NQKA	AGAAGTAC TCTTCATG L E V>
4210	4220	4230	4240	4250 * *	4260 * *
* * AAGCATTATT AT TTCGTAATAA TA Q A L L	TGGCATTA A	AAGCAGGAT (CAGAGGAAAT (STCTCCTTTA (GAATATTATA A(CTTATAATAT T(CAGATICAC STCTAAGTG
4270	4280	4290	4300 * *	4310 * *	4320 * *
AATATGTTAT A TTATACAATA T Q Y V I	AATATTATT C TTATAATAA G N I I	TTCAACAAC GAAGTTGTTG L Q Q	CAGATATGAT GTCTATACTA P D M M	CCTCCCTTAG A E G I	CCGTTCTTC W Q E>
4330	4340	4350 * *	4360 * *	4370 * *	4380 * *
TTTTAGAAGA A AAAATCTTCT T V L E E	TTGGAGAAA AACCTCTTT L E K	AAAACAGCAA TTTTGTCGTT K T A	ATAAATATCT I F I D	AACCCAGGGT (CCTGTATTTC G H K>
		* *	* *		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
GTATTCCAGG	AAATGAGGAA	GTAGATAAGC	TTTGTCAAAC	AATGATGATA TTACTACTAT M M I	17710110000
4450	4460	4470	4480		4500 * *
	AGATAAAAGG TCTATTTTCC	TCAGAAGATG	GCCCTATACT	TTTATTGGCT AAATAACCGA L L A	CGTTTTCTTT
4510 * *	+ *	*	* *	* * *	
TACATTTATT	GCCAGGAGAG	GTAAAAGTA	T Δ I (5(5 115 U.	G GGTAAAGCTA C CCATTTCGAT G V K L	IACGACGGAI
4570	. 4. 4	* *	* *	0 4610 * * *	* *
AAGGACATTG	GGGACTAATA	A ATGGGAAGA	A GCTCGATAG	G GAGTAAAGGA CC CTCATTTCCT G S K G	TTGGATGTAT AACCTACATA

10/44
Figure 1, continued

4630	4640	4650	4660 * *	4670 * *	4680 * *
TAGGAGGGGT ATCCTCCCCA	AATAGATGAA TTATCTACTT	GGATATCGAG CCTATAGCTC	GTGAAATTGG CACTTTAACC	AGTAATAATG	ATTAATGTAT TAATTACATA
4690	4700	4710	4720	4730	4740
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
CAAGAAAATC GTTCTTTTAG	TAGTGGAAT	TACCTTGTTG	TTTTCTATCG	TGTTAATTAT	TATAACGGAA
S R K S	I T L	M E Q	QKIA	Q L I	I L P>
4750	4760	4770	4780	4790	4800 ★ ★
* * GTAAACATGA	AGTATTAGAA	. CAAGGAAAAG	TTGTAATGGA	TTCAGAGAGA	GGAGACAAAG
CATTTGTACT	TCATAATCTT	GTTCCTTTTC	AACATTACCT	AAGTCTCTCT	CCTCTGTTTC
CKHE	V L E	QGK	V V M D	SER	G D K>
4810	4820	4830	4840	4850	4860
* *	* *	* * *	* *	* * *	* * GCAGAAATAA
CAATACCCAG	TTGTCCTCAT	T AAGAGGAGAA	CCCAACTGT(CTAACTCCTT	CGTCTTTATT
G Y G S	T G V	F S S	WVDF	RIEE	A E I>
4870	4880) 4890 * * *	4900) 4910 * * *	4920 * *
ATCATGAAAA	ATTTCACTCA	A GATCCACAA	T ACTTAAGGA	C TGAATTTAAT	TTACCCAAGA
TAGTACTITI	TAAAGTGAG	T CTAGGTGTT	A TGAATTCCT	G ACTTAAATTA	AATGGGTTCT
				TEFN	
4930	494	0 495	0 496	0 4970 * * *	4980
TGGTTGCAGA	A AGAGATAAG	A CGAAAGTGC	C CTGTATGTA	G AATCAGAGGA	A GAACAAGTGG
ACCAACGTC	TCTCTATTC	T GCTTTCACG	G GACATACAT	C TTAGTCTCC	r cttgttcacc
MVA	ELIR	RKC	PVC	KIKG	E Q V>
			0 502 * *	0 5030	5040
					CTTTAATAGTA
CTCCTGTTA	A CTTTTATCO	C GGACCTTAT	A CCGTTCACC	T AACGTGTGT	G AAATTATCAT
G G Q	LKIG	a PGI	W Q V	DCIH	F N S>
505 *	0 506 * *	50 507 * *		80 509 * *	0 5100 * * *
AGATAATCA	T TGTAGCAG	TA CATGTGGA	AT CAGGATITI	T ATGGGCACA	G ATAATTCCAC
TCTATTAGT	A ACATCGTC	AT GTACACCT	TA GTCCTAAAV S G F	AA TACCCGIGI + W A ∩	C TATTAAGGTG I I P>
$V \perp 1$	7 A V	4 11 A F	J U 1		· = - ·

11/44
Figure 1, continued

5110 * *	5120 * *	5130 * *	5140 * *	5150 * *	5160 * *
AGGAGACTGC ATCCTCTGACG	AGATTGTACA G	TCAAGGCTC	TTCTGCAACT AAGACGTTGA	TATATGTGCT ATATACACGA	CATAATGTTA GTATTACAAT
5170	5180 * *	5190 * *	5200 * *	5210 * *	5220 * *
CAGAATTACA GTCTTAATGT T E L Q	AACAGACAAT (GACCAAATT	TTAAAAATCA AATTTTTAGT	GAAAATGGAA CTTTTACCTT	GGTTTATTAA CCAAATAATT
5230 * *	5240 * *	52 5 0	5260 * *	5270 * *	5280 * *
ATTTTATGGG	AATAAAACAT TTATTTTGTA I K H	AAATTAGGGA TTTAATCCCT	TACCAGGTAA ATGGTCCATT	CCCACAATCA GGGTGTTAGT	CAGGCATTAG GTCCGTAATC
5290	5300 * *	5310 * *	5320 * *	5330 * *	5340 * *
TGGAAAATGC	TAATAACACA ATTATTGTGT N N T	TTAAAAGCTT AATTTTCGAA	GGATTCAAAA	TAAGGATGGT	CTCTGATGGA
5350	5360	5370 * *	5380 * *	5390 * *	5400 * *
CTCTGGATAA	TGCTCTGGCC ACGAGACCGG A L A	CTAGCCCTGT	ATAGTCTCAA TATCAGAGTT	CTTTAAACAA GAAATTTGTT	AGGGGTAGAC TCCCCATCTG
5410	5420	5430 * *	544(5450	5460 * * *
TAGGAAGGAT	GGCCCCTTAT	GAATTATACA CTTAATATGT	TACAACAAGA ATGTTGTTC	A ATCATTAAGA F TAGTAATTCT	ATACAAGACT TATGTTCTGA I Q D>
547(*	5480	5490	550) 551(* * ;	5520
ATTTTTCGCA	A GATTCCACAA	AAGTTAATGA	TGCAGTGGG TACGTCACCC	T GTATTACAA/ A CATAATGTT	A GATCAAAAAG T CTAGTTTTTC D Q K>
553 *	* * *	* *	* *	* *	0 5580 * * *
ACAAAAAT	G GAAGGGACCA	A ATGAGAGTG	G AATATTGGG	G ACAAGGATC	A GTATTATTAA T CATAATAATT V L L>

12/44 Figure 1, continued

5590 * *	5600	5610	5620 * *	5630 * *	5640 * *
AGGATGAAGA G	AAGGGATAT TTT TTCCCTATA AAA K G Y F	CTTGTAC CT	TAGGAGACA CA	ATAAGAAGA G TATTCTTCT (STCCCAGAAC CAGGGTCTTG
5650 * *	5660 * *	5670	5680 * *	5690 * *	5700 * *
CCTGCACTCT T	CCTGAAGGG GAT	GAGTGAC GA	AAGATTGGC A	GGTAAGTAG A	TTCTGAGAAA
P C T L	ORF 2> PEGD	E> ← <i>ORF1</i>			
5710 * *	5720	5730	5740 * *	5750 * *	5760 * *
GCAGTGCTCC /	AAGGAGGAGT AC FTCCTCCTCA TG Q G G V	GTAGTGCT A	TGCTATACA T ACGATATGT A	TATCTAGACT ATAGATCTGA	TGGAGGCCTG
5770 * *	5780 * *		5800 * *	5810	5820 * *
GAAAGAGAAA	GGTATAAAAA AG CCATATTTTT TC R Y K K	ACTITAAG A	AAAGGCTTT T	TGGAAAAGGA ACCTTTTCCT	TTGTCCTAAG
5830 * *	5840	5850 * *	5860 * *	5870 * *	5880 * *
ATACAGAGAT	TAAGAAAAGC GC ATTCTTTTCG CC L R K A	CTTCCTTAT 7	TCCACCTCGA .	AGGTATGATC	TCTAATAATA
5890 * *	5900 * *	5910 * *	5920 * *	5930 * *	5940 * *
ATAGGATATG TATCCTATAC	TAAGAGAGAT GI ATTCTCTCTA C V R E M	STGGCCGGA CACCGGCCT	TCTAGTCTAC AGATCAGATG	CAGATAGTTT GTCTATCAAA	TTCTGACATA
5950 * *	5960 * *	5970 * *	5980 * *	5990 * *	6000 * *
AATATATTA TTATATAAT	GCAATCCATT G CGTTAGGTAA C S N P L	TGGCACTGG ACCGTGACC	TCATACCGTC AGTATGGCAG	CTGGCCTGAC GACCGGACTG	TAATTTTAAA ATTAAAATTT

13/44 Figure 1, continued

6010	6020	6030	6040 * *	6050	6060 * *
ACAGAATGGC C	TTTTGTGAA T.	ATGTGGATA TACACCTAT	AAGACAGGAT -	TCATGTGGGA AGTACACCCT	TGATATTGAA ACTATAACTT
6070	6080	6090	6100 * *	6110 * *	6120 * *
AGCCAGAATA T	TTGCAAAGG A	GGAGAGATT CCTCTCTAA	TCACATGGAT AGTGTACCTA S H G	GGGGACCTGG CCCCTGGACC	AATGGTGGGA TTACCACCCT
6130	6140	6150	6160 * *	6170 * *	6180 * *
ATTGTGATAA A	AGCTTTTAG T	TGTGGAGAA ACACCTCTT	AGAAAGATTG TCTTTCTAAC R K I	AGGCTACTCC TCCGATGAGG	TGTAATGATT ACATTACTAA
6190	6200	6210	6220 * *	6230 * *	6240 * *
ATAAGAGGAG	AAATAGATCC /	AAAAAAATGG TTTTTTTACC	TGTGGAGATT ACACCTCTAA C G D	GTTGGAATTT CAACCTTAAA	GATGTGTCTT CTACACAGAA
6250	6260	6270 * *	6280	6290 * *	6300 * *
AGGAACTCAC	CTCCACAGAC	TTTACAAAGA	CTTGCTATGT GAACGATACA L A M	TGGCATGTGG ACCGTACACC	CGTGCCGGCT GCACGGCCGA
6310	6320	6330	6340	6350 * *	6360
AAGGAGTGGC	GAGGATGCTG	TAATCAACG(TITIGTTTCTC	CTTACAGAAC	GCCTGCTGAT GCGGACGACTA
6370		6390	0 6400 * * *	6410	6420
TTGGAGGTCA AACCTCCAGT	TTCAATCCAA AAGTTAGGTT	GCCCAGCTG(CGGGTCGAC)	G AGTCTATTAT	GGTCAGGGAG CCAGTCCCTC W S G S	CCTATGAATG CGGATACTTAC
6430	6440	645	0 6460	6470	6480
GAAGACATAC	TAACATTATT	TAATAAGGT	C ACTAAGAAA	TAGAAAAGG	A AAAAGCTATC T TTTTCGATAG

14/44 Figure 1, continued

6490	6500 * *	6510	6520	6530 * *	6540 * *
AGAATATTTG	TATTAGCACA ATAATCGTGT	TCAATTAGAA	AGGGACAAAG	TTATTAGATT	actacaagga
6550 * *	6560 * *	6570 * *	6580 * *	6590 * *	6600 * *
TTAGTTTGGA	GACATAGATT CTGTATCTAA	TAAGAAACCC	CAAACAAAAT	ACTGTTTATG	TTGGTTCTGT
6610 * *	* *	6630 * *	6640 * *	6650 * *	6660 * *
TGCAAATTCT ACGTTTAAGA	ACTATTGGCA TGATAACCGT	GTTGCAATCT	ACATTATCAA	TAACTACTGC	TTAGAAATAC
6670	6680 * *	6690 * *	6700	6710 * *	6720 * *
ΤΑΔΤΑΔΤΑΤΤ	ATTTCATTTG TAAAGTAAAC	CAACAATAAT	TATGGCAGAA ATACCGTCTT	GGATTTGCAG CCTAAACGTC	CCAATAGACA
6730	6740	6750	6760	6770	6780
ATGGATAGGA	CCAGAAGAAG	CTGAAGAGT	TATTAGATTTT	GATATAGCAA CTATATCGTT	CACAAATGAA
6790 *	6800	6810	6820	6830	6840
TGAAGAAGG	CCACTAAAT	C CAGGGATGA	A CCCATTTAGO T GGGTAAATCO	GTACCTGGAA CATGGACCTT	A TAACAGATAA
685 *	0 686 * *	0 687 * *	0 6880	6890) 6900 * * *
AGAAAAGCA	A GACTATTGT	T TGTATAATG	T TGGATTCAA	T GTTCTAAAT(C GGAATGAACT G CCTTACTTGA R N E L>
691 *	.0 692	0 693	80 694 * *	0 695 * *	0 6960 * * *
AGTTCTCCA	TA AAACTAGAA	G AAGGAAATG	SC AGGTAAGTT	T AGAAGGGCA A TCTTCCCGT	A GATATTTAAG T CTATAAATTC R Y L R>

15/44 Figure 1, continued

6970 * *	6980	6990	7000 * *	7010 * *	7020 * *
ATATTCTGAT GAA	AATGTGC TAT	CTATAGT C	TATTTGCTA A	TAGGATATC T ATCCTATAG A	AAGATATTT TTCTATAAA R Y L>
7030 * *	7040 * *	7050 * *	7060 * *	7070 * *	7080 * *
AATAAATCGT AGG TTATTTAGCA TCC I N R R	AGTTTAG GAT	CTTTAAG A	CATGATATA G	ACATAGAAA C	IGGAGLICI
7090 * *	7100 * *	7110 * *	7120 * *	7130 * *	7140 * *
GGAATATTAT AG	TAATAGTG AAA	AGGGGTAC (TAAATTAAAT (CAAAAATATG (GTTTTTATAC (CGAGAAGA IG GCTCTTCTAC
7150 * *	7160	71 7 0	7180 * *	7190 * *	7200 * *
TTGTGTTAGC AC	ACTTATTA TG	ΤΑΤΤΤΑΤ	TCTTTTTGCA I	CATCCGTAGA	CCACCCCTCG
	* *	* *	7240 * *	* ^	•
TAGAGCACAA GT	TOACACCT C	LC V VCCCCCC	ΔΔΔΤΓΔΊΓΑΑ	GGTCATUTE	AATCAGAAAT TTAGTCTTTA E S E I>
7270 * *	7280 * *	7290 * *	7300 * *	7310 * *	7320 * *
AATTTTTTGG G	ATTGTTGGG C	ACCAGAAGA TGGTCTTCT	ACCCGCCTGT TGGGCGGACA	CAAGACTTTC	TTGGGGCAAT AACCCCGTTA L G A M>
7330 * *		7350 * *	7360	7370 * *	7380 * *
GATACATCTA A	AAGCTAGTA C	GAATATAAG	TATACAAGAG	GGACCTACCT CCTGGATGGA	TGGGGAATTG ACCCCTTAAC L G N W>
7390 * *	* *	* *	7420	* *	7440
GGCTAGAGAA	ATATGGGGAA	STAATAAGT	T TTTCCGATG0	i ICIGITACA	A GAAGAGGTAG T CTTCTCCATC R R G R>

16/44 Figure 1, continued

7450	7460	7470	7480 * *	7 4 90	7500 * *
AATATGGAAA	AGATGGAATG TCTACCTTAC	AAACTATAAC TTTGATATTG	AGGACCATTA	GGATGTGCTA CCTACACGAT	ATAACACATG TATTGTGTAC
7510 * *	7520 * *	7530 * *	7540 * *	7550 * *	7560 * *
TTATAATATT	TCAGTAATAG AGTCATTATC	TACCTGATTA ATGGACTAAT	TCAATGTTAT AGTTACAATA	CTAGACCGAG GATCTGGCTC	TAGATACTTG
7570 * *	7580 * *	7590 * *	7600 * *	7610 * *	7620 * *
GTTACAAGGG CAATGTTCCC L Q G	TTTCATTTAT	ATAGTAATAC	AGATTGTCCT	CCTTTTTACA	TGTACAATAA ACATGTTATT L Y N K>
7630 * *	7640 * *	7650 * *	7660 * *	7670 * *	7680 * *
TATATGTTTT	GTTAATTCGA	TAACATGTCT	CCCATTACAA GGGTAATGTT PLQ	TAGGGTGACT	AGTTAATATG
7690 * *	7700 * *	7710	7720	7730 * *	7740 * *
ATTTGGACCT TAAACCTGGA	AATCAAACAT TTAGTTTGTA	GTATGTGGAA	A CACTTCACAA F GTGAAGTGTT	ATTCAGGACC TAAGTCCTGG	CTGAGATACC
7750 * *	7760) 777(* * :	7780	7790 * *	7800
AAAATGTGGA	TGGTGGAAT	C AAAGAGCCT/	TAAAAATTTA ATTTTTATAA T	TGTAAATGGG ACATTTACCC	AAAAAACAGA CTTTTTTGTCT E K T D>
		0 783 * *	0 7840		7860
TGTAAAGTTT	r cattgtcaa a gtaacagtt	T CTTGTGTCT	C AGTCGGACCT	TGTACCGAAT	A GAGCAATCTC T CTCGTTAGAG R A I S>
78 7 (0 788 * *	0 789	0 7900		0 7920 * * *
GTCATGGAGA CAGTACCTC	T GTTTCCTTA	T CTACCCTTA	C CTCTGGTCT	A AAACTTTCAI	G AAAAGGTGAA C TTTTCCACTT E K V K>

17/44
Figure 1, continued

	7940 * *	7950 * *	7960 * *	7970 * *	7980 * *
AATATCTCTA AA TTATAGAGAT TT I S L K	GTGTAATA GO		CTAACCTTT G GATTGGAAA C	GHACICH	STTCAGGAGA CAAGTCCTCT S S G D>
7990 * *	8000	8010 * *	8020 * *	8030 * *	8040 * *
TTATGGAGAA GT	TAACGGGAG C	TTGGATAGA G	TTTGGATGT (AAACCTACA (CATAGAAATA / STATCTTTAT	AATCAAAACT TTAGTTTTGA
8050 * *	8060 * *	8070 * *	8080 * *	8090 * *	8100 * *
TCATGATGAA GO AGTACTACTT CO H D E	CAAGGTTTA G	AATTAGATG 1	ACTACCTTA	ATAGGGGAGA TATCCCCTCT	ATACCTCACT TATGGAGTGA
8110 * *	8120 * *	8130 * *	8140 * *	8150 * *	8160 * *
CATTGATACA T	GTGGAAACA(TCAAAATGT	TTCAGGGGCA AAGTCCCCGT	TAGGACATC	ATTGTACCAT TAACATGGTA D C T M>
8170 * *	8180 * *	8190 * *	8200 * *	8210 * *	8220 * *
GTATGCAAAT A	AAATGTACA	ATTGTTCTTT	ACAAAACGGG TGTTTTGCCC	TTTACTATGA AAATGATACT	AGGTAGATGA TCCATCTACT
ملت ا	* *	* *	× ×		
CCTTATTATG	CATTTCAATA	TGACAAAAGC	TGTAGAAATG ACATCTTTAC	TATAATATTG ATATTATAAC	CTGGAAATTG GACCTTTAAC A G N W>
8290 * *		8310 * *	8320 * *	8330 * * *	8340
GTCTTGTACA	TCTGACTTGC	CACCAACATG	GGGGTATATO CCCCATATAO	, HAACAHG/	GTACAAATAA A CATGTTTATT C T N N>
8350 * *	8360 * *	8370	8380	8390	8400
TACTAATCAT	AATACTAGAA	TGGCATGTCC	TAACAATCA ATTGTTAGT	A GGCATCTTA T CCGTAGAAT	A GGAATTGGTA T CCTTAACCAT R N W Y>

18/44 Figure 1, continued

8410 * * *	8420	8430	8440 * *	8450 * *	8460 * *
TAACCCAGTA GCAGG ATTGGGTCAT CGTCC N P V A G	SATTAC GACAA CTAATG CTGTT	TCCTT GGA AGGAA CCT	AAAGTAT CA TTTCATA GT	VAGTTGTAA A FTCAACATT T	ACAACCAGA TGTTGGTCT
8470	8480	8490	8500	8510	8520
* * *	* * *	*	* *	* *	* ^
TTACTTAGTG GTCCC	CAGGGG AAGTC	ATGGA ATA	TAAAACT AG	GAAGGAAAA (GGCAGCTAT CCGTCGATA
Y L V V I	P G E V	M E Y	K T R	R R K F	R A A I>
8530	8540 * * *	8550	8560	8570	8580 * *
* * TCATGTTATG TTAG					
AGTACAATAC AATC	GAGAAC GTTGT	CATAA TAO	SATACCGG CO	CTCGTCCCT (GCCCCCGATG
H V M L	ALAT	V L S	S M A 6	G A G	1 G A I>
8590	8600 * * *	8610	8620	8630	8640
* * TGCTATAGGG ATGG	TAACAC AATA1	rcacca ag	TTCTAGCA A	CCCATCAAG	AAGCTATTGA
ACGATATCCC TACC	ATTGTG TTATA	AGTGGT TC	AAGATCGT TO	GGGTAGTTC	TTCGATAACT
A I G M	VTQY	H Q '	V L A	THQ	E A 1 E>
8650 * *	8660 * * *	8670 * *	8680 * *	8690 * *	8700 * *
AAAGGTGACT GAAG	CCTTAA AGATA	AAACAA CT	TGAGATTA G	TTACATTAG	AGCATCAAGT
TITCCACTGA CTTC	GGAATT TCTA	TTTGTT GA	ACTCTAAT C	CAATGTAATC	TCGTAGTTCA
8710 * *	8720 * *	8730 * *	8740 * *	8750 * *	8760 * *
ACTAGTAATA GGAT	ITAAAAG TAGA	AGCTAT GG	TTTAAAAA	TTATATACAG	CTTTCGCTAT
TGATCATTAT CCT/	AATTITC ATCT	TCGATA CC	TTTTAAA A	AATATATGTC	GAAAGCGATA
LVIG	L K V E	A M	EKF		A I A IF
8770 * *	8780 * *	8790 * *	8800 * *	8810 * *	
GCAAGAATTA GGA	TGTAATC AAAA	TCAATT CT	TTCTGCAAA G	STCCCTCCTG	AATTGTGGAT
CGTTCTTAAT CCT.	ACATTAG TTTT C N O N	AGTTAA GA	VAGACGTTT (CAGGGAGGAC	E L W M>
O E L G TM Pep		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	V 1 1	
		0050	0000	0070	8880
8830 * *	8840 * *	8850 * *	8860 * *	8870 * *	
GAGGTATAAT ATG	TCTATAA ATCA AGATATT TAG	AAACAAT AT	TGGAATCAT (ACCTTAGTA (GGAAATATAA CCTTTATATT	CTTTGGGGGA GAAACCCCCT

19/44

Figure 1, continued RYNMSINQTIWNHGNI TLG E> 8900 8910 8920 8930 8940 8890 * * ATGGTATAAC CAAACAAAAG ATTTACAACA AAAGTTTTAT GAAATAATAA TGGACATAGA TACCATATTG GTTTGTTTTC TAAATGTTGT TTTCAAAATA CTTTATTATT ACCTGTATCT WYNQTKDLQQKFYEII MDIE> 9000 8970 8980 8990 8960 8950 ACAAAATAAT GTACAAGGGA AAAAAGGGAT ACAACAATTA CAAAAGTGGG AAGATTGGGT TGTTTTATTA CATGTTCCCT TTTTTCCCTA TGTTGTTAAT GTTTTCACCC TTCTAACCCA QNN V QG K K G I Q Q L Q K W E D W V> 9050 9040 9030 9020 9010 AGGATGGATA GGAAATATTC CACAATACTT AAAGGGACTA TTGGGAGGTA TCTTGGGAAT TCCTACCTAT CCTTTATAAG GTGTTATGAA TITCCCTGAT AACCCTCCAT AGAACCCTTA GWIGNIPQYLKGLLGG ILG I> 9080 9090 9100 9110 9070 * * AGGATTAGGA GTGTTATTAT TAATTTTATG TITACCCACA TTGGTTGATT GTATAAGAAA TCCTAATCCT CACAATAATA ATTAAAATAC AAATGGGTGT AACCAACTAA CATATTCTTT GLG VLL LILC LPT L V D C I R N> 9170 9160 9150 9140 9130 * * * * TTGTATCCAC AAGATACTAG GATACACAGT AATTGCAATG CCTGAAGTAG AAGGAGAAAGA AACATAGGTG TTCTATGATC CTATGTGTCA TTAACGTTAC GGACTTCATC TTCCTCTTCT CIHKILGYTVIAM PEVEGEE> 9240 9230 9210 9220 9200 9190 AATACAACCA CAAATGGAAT TGAGGAGAAA TGGTAGGCAA TGTGGCATAT CTGAAAAAGA TTATGTTGGT GTTTACCTTA ACTCCTCTTT ACCATCCGTT ACACCGTATA GACTTTTTCT IQPQMELRRNGRQ CGI SEK E> 9300 9290 9280 9270 9260 GGAGGAATGA TGAAGTATCT CAGACTTATT TTATAAGGGA GATGCTGTGC TGAGTTCTTC CCTCCTTACT ACTTCATAGA GTCTGAATAA AATATTCCCT CTACGACACG ACTCAAGAAG E E> ← ENV 9330 9340 9350 9360 9320 9310

WO 98/39451 PCT/US98/04147

20/44

		Figu	re 1 continu	ied	
CCTTTGAGGA	AGGTATGTCA	7 4.7 Γ ΔΊΊΤΑΔΩΤΔΊ	TTCAAATCA	AATTAAACTA /	ATAAAGTATG
CCANACTOCT	TCCATACAGT A	TACTTAGGT A	AAGTTTAGT	TAATTIGAT	TATTTCATAC
GGAAACTCCT	ICCATACAGT A	AIACTTAGGT 7	VVQTTINGT	7 17 4 11 1 1 1 1 1 1	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
9370	9380	9390	9400	9410	9420 * *
	TAAAAAGAAA /				
ATAATATTCC	ATTTTTCTTT	TTTTCTGTTT (CTTCTTCTTC	ПССПСПП	CGGAAGTTCT
9430	9440 * *	9450	9460	9470	9480
ATATGATGAC	AGCTTTAGAA	GATCGCTTTA (GAAAGCTATT	IGGCACAAAI	ICTACAACGG
TATACTACTG	TCGAAATCTT	CTAGCGAAAT	CTTTCGATAA	ACCGIGITIA	AGATGTTGCC
9490	9500 * *	9510	9520	9530	9540
* *	* *	* *	* *	* *	* *
GAGACAGTAC CTCTGTCATG	AGTGGAATCT TCACCTTAGA	CTGCTACTTG	GAGGATTTTT	TCTTTTTCC	CACCTGACCC
0550	05.00	0570	0500	0500	9600
955U * *	9560 * *	* *	* *	* *	* *
	GGACCCTGAA				
AIGAGIATIG	CCTGGGACTT	CTTTATCTT	CTTACGAATA	CCTGATCACT	GACAAATGCT
TACTCATAAC	CCTGGGACTT	CITIAICITI	CITACGAATA	CCIUAICACI	d/C/VVIIGOT
0610	0620	9630	9640	9650	9660
* *	9620 * *	* *	* *	* *	* *
	AATGATGGAA				
TGTTTACTAT	TTACTACCTT	TGTCGACTCG	TACTGAGTAT	CAATTTCGCG	ATCGTCGACG
0670	0690	0600	9700	9710	9720
90/U * *	9680 * *	* *	* *	* *	* *
TTAACCCCAA	AACCACATCC	ΤΔΤΩΤΔΔΔΩΓ	TTGCTGATGA	CGTATAATTT	GCTCCACTGT
AATTGGCGTT	TTGGTGTAGG	ATACATTTCG	AACGACTACT	GCATATTAAA	CGAGGTGACA
,,,,,					
9730	9740	9750	9760	9770	9780
* *					
AAAAGTATAT	AACCAGTGCT	TTGTGAGACT	TCGGGGAGTC	TCTCCGTTGA	GGACTTTCGA
TTTTCATATA	TTGGTCACGA	AACACTCTGA	AGCCCCTCAG	AGAGGCAACT	CCTGAAAGCT
0700	0000	0010	0020	9830	9840
9790	9800				
	GAGGCTCCCA			GATTGAACCC	TGTCAAGTAT
CAAGAGGGAA	CTCCGAGGGT	GTCTATGTTA	TTTATAAACT	CTAACTTGGG	ACAGTTCATA
CANDADOA	, C. CCGAGGG	g.om.ann		J J	
9850	9860	9870	9880	9890	
* *					:
CTGTGTAATO	TTTTTACCT	GTGAGGTCTC	GGAATCCGGG	CCGAGAACTT	CGCA
GACACATTAG	AAAAAATGGA	CACTCCAGAG	CCTTAGGCCC	GGCTCTTGAA	GCGT

FIG. 2

Alignment of Gag Open Reading Frames of FIV Strains

09 * J - 09 ^ ·	21/44 - 6 ^	- 8 ^ -	- 6 .	-8 ·-	— 8 .
GDIPETLDQL			: : : :	-	
50 * MANVSTGREP	: ·			· ·	: : : : :
40 * GEGNFRWAIR 	—— : : : : :			: : : : : :	: : : : : : :
30 * VGVGGKSKKF	:	:	:		
MAIKRCSNVA	:		:		: : : : : :
FIV-NCSU Gag * MGNGQGRDWK 1. FIV PPR	2. FIV Z1 [2138]	3. FIV CG [2136]	4. FIV 14 [2132]	5. FIV TM1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6. FIV TM2 [2012]

120 120 120 x x x TAAAAENMY TQMGLDTRPS	120		2/44	120 	120 	120 120
100 * AVVGLLNMTV					. A	- -
90 * * KVF	: :	:	:	:	: ·	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *					: : : : :	 }
FIG. 2D 70 FIV-NCSU g *	RLVICDLOEH 1. FIV PPR [2141]	2. FIV Z1 [2138]	3. FIV CG [2136]	4. FIV 14 [2132]	5. FIV TM1	6. FIV TM2 [2012]

	^ — o	^ 23/4	180.	-0 ^ —	· o ^ –	. 85 .
180 * * * 180 180	. — 68		78	180	180	÷ .
180 * QLWFTAFSAN		•				•
1		•	•			•
Z N		•	•			•
	·	_ : _	: _	: _	:-	:
170 * EEV	•	•			•	•
170 * AREGLGGEEV 		•			•	•
פר	•	•		•	•	•
ARE	•	•		•	•	•
	: :	· : -	: -	:-	:-	:
160 * PKMVSIFMEK			•		•	
AE SE	•	•	•	•	•	•
, M	•		•	•	•	•
7		•	•	•	•	•
0 - 0	· : —	<u> </u>	:-	:-	: -	:
150 * NGAPQYVALD		•	•	•	•	•
Ş			•	•	•	•
APC	•	•	:		•	:
2	•	>	>	> .	•	•
0 4	- > <i>-</i>	_>	>	— >	>	——> <u>:</u>
140 * PIQTA	•	•		•	•	•
g	•		:	÷	>-	· -
PPQASF	>.	> .	<i>-</i> .		•	•
<u>~</u>	•	•	•	•	•	•
o * 00	−œ −	Ġ	'	——Ġ		
130 * KEES		•	•	:	•	•
9	•	•	•	•	•	•
130 19 * MREAGGKEES	•	•	•	•	± σ.	β. S.
IG. 2C IV-NCSU 9 MR 1. FIV PPR	∵ ₹	ž ×.	3. FIV CG 2136] K.	4 X	N TM1 V K . S	X X
	2141] TK.	7.7 [88	FIV 36]	4. FIV 14 [2132] K.	12. [2]	F 57
FIG. 2C FIV-NCSU 9 MF 1. FIV PPF	[2141] T F	Z. FIV [2138]	3. FIV (4.	5. FIV TM1 [2012] V K. S	6. FIV TM2 [2012] V K. S.

오 *	<u> </u>	240	240 	240 	240 	240 	
240	AAEIMGIGLT	α ·	24 ·	N :			
230	DGPRPLPYFT	:	: ·	: ·	: ·		
220	* TAEYDRTHPP	Z	: : : : : :	: : : : : :	: : : : :		·
210	* EILDESLKOL	: : : : :		: : : : : :		<u>></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
200	* MAAPGCAADK	:			: : : : : :		·
FIG. 2D	FIV-NCSU g * LTPTDMATLI	1. FIV PPR [2141]	2. FIV Z1 [2138]	3. FIV CG [2136]	4. FIV 14 [2132]	5. FIV TM1	
	SUBST	TITUTE S	HEET (RU	LE 26)			

	25/	44			_
300 * FIDRLFAQID 300	000	300	008 	300°	ς
290 * RQGAKEDYSS 	: -	-— :	: - : : : : : :		: : : :
280 * KAKSPRAVQL			· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
270 * LEALGKLAAI	—— : '		: : : : : :	: : : : : :	: : : : :
260 * PARMQCRAWY	:	: : : : : :	: : : : : :	:	
FIG. 2E 250 FIV-NCSU g DEQQAEARFA 1. FIV PPR	2. FIV Z1 [2138]	3. FIV CG [2136]	4. FIV 14 [2132]	5. FIV TM1 [2012]	6. FIV TM2 [2012]
SUBSTITUTI	E SHEET (I	RULE 26)			

360 * PGYKMQLLAE	360	^· - 300 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- % - 360	- 098 - - 098 - 	7 300 	360
350 * KI RACOEVGS	•	: - н : :	: - H :	: -		
340 *		: ·	—— : - : : : :	: ·		
330	ANAECKKAMA	: 			. PDR	PD
320	YLKQSLSMAN	:	—— :	—— : Н : :	 H : :	—— .
FIG. 2F 310 FIV-NCSU g *	QEONTAEVKL 1. FIV PPR [2141]	2. FIV Z1 [2138]	3. FIV CG 2136]	4. FIV 14 [2132]	5. FIV TM1 1 2012]	6. FIV TM2 [2012]
s	UBSTITUTE	SHEET (R	ULE 26)			

			27/44				
420	KPGHLAAKCW QGGKKNSGNW 	420 R	N. N	420 NR	420 N	420 R.TE>	420
410	KPGHLAAKCW	·— · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 	> > >	Z :	Z
400	RDVKKCNKCG		ш : :	ш		 N	К
390	* KKPGHLAKQC	α.	c .	cc	. cc	cc : : :	
380	* KGSGPVCFNC	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·			- PRL	- PRL
FIG. 2G	FIV-NCSU g ALTKVQV	1. FIV PPR [2141]	2. FIV Z1 [2138]	3. FIV CG [2136]	4. FIV 14 [2132]	5. FIV TM1 [2012]RTT	6. FIV TM2 [2012] R T
	SUB	STITUTE	SHEET (F	RULE 25)			

FIG. 2H

FIV-NCSU	9 430 g *	440 *	450 *
	KAGRAAAPVN	QVQQAVMPSA	PPMEERLLDL
1. FIV PI [2141]	PR	T	K >
2. FIV Z ² [2138]	1		K >
3. FIV C	G 	M	K >
4. FIV 14 [2132]	1	M	K >
5. FIV TI [2012] . V		IV	K>
6. FIV TI	M2 ,	 	K >

FIG. 3A Alignment of Whole Envelope Protein Sequence

	ο Λ.	_o ^	_e ^	- g ^ ·	-o ,
60 * * EKQDYCNILQ	-8	-00 [/] ·	-09 [^] ·	- 6 [^] . - 1	-00 ^{(*}
* 07Cl	•	•	•	•	•
K	ż	ż	ż	ш	ш
	•	•	·	:	
50 * * PFRVPGITDK	—— ш	—— <u>.</u>			∢ Ш
* /PGi	•	•	•	•	AV.EA
PFR\	•	•	•	•	∢ :
	•			:	:
40 * * * EEGPLNPGMN			 	-	>.
, NO	•	•		•	•
* EGPI	•	•	•	•	•
	•		•	•	
30 * * LDFDIATQMN	o	— - σ			:
* IATC	•	•	•	•	•
DFD	•	•	•	•	×
_	•		•	•	
20 * SAEEL	:		:		:
* ZEC/	•		•		•
* WIGPEE	<u></u>	•	•	•	•
	:	•	•	•	
0, A					•
# AA	•	•		>	•
10 * * * MAEGFAANRO	•			· × ·	ğ
US.	1. FIV 14 [4221]	2. FIV Z1 [4202]	3. FIV CG 4187]	fiv19k 8]	5. FIV PPR 4102]
env-NCSU M	. FIV	E FI	3. FIV [4187]	4. fiv [4168]	5. FIV [4102]
			-	4 7	w <u>-</u>
SUBSTITUT	E SHEET	(RULE 2	5)		

120 * * INRRSLGSLR	120 1 N.K	120 .GNK>	120 120 120 120	1 120 VD.KKF>	120 120 <u>/</u> R>
110 * * YLLIGYLRYL	HAFG.	L.HAFCIG	L.HAF C1G.	. SFV F	LIH.FCT
100 * * YSDENVLSIV					s
90 * * GKFRRARYLR			ш.	ш. :	
80 * * QEVKLEEGNA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	:		cc	· · · · ·
FIG. 3B 70 env-NCSU 2 * * PKLQDLRNEL	1. FIV 14 [4221]	2. FIV Z1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3. FIV CG [4187]	4. fiv19k [4168]AI	5. FIV PPR [4102]
SUBSTI	TUTE SH	EET (RUL	E 26)		

			31/4	14		
* 180	RAQVVWRLPP				. — 180 	TN . I
170	LFAVGIWWGA	1 0 1	1 0 :	T	AI 	I
* 160	CVSTLIMYLI	. LG.VTL	. LG.VTL	. LG.VTL	L.G.AAFl	 -
150	TLNOKYARRC		 5 0		. O . V . G.K	
	* EYYSNSEF	. S	Σ 	Z. X.	Σ· Υ	
FIG. 3C	env-NCSU 2 * * * HDIDIETPQE	1. FIV 14 [4221]	2. FIV Z1 [4202]	3. FIV CG [4187]	4. fiv19k [4168]	5. FIV PPR [4102]

240 * TLFK	^ :	^ -	^ -	- - ^ -	^ :
240 * * AREIWGTLFK	240 A .	240 A .	240 A .	240 A .	240
230 * * IQEGPTLGNW	: - : : : : : :	α <u>·</u>	: -	: ·	—— : : : :
220 * * * IHLKASTNIS	: : : : :	: : : : : :	:	: : : : :	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
210 * * PACQDFLGAM	: : : : : : :	: : : : : :	:	:	
200 * * IFWDCWAPEE	:	:	:		
FIG. 3D 190 env-NCSU 2 * * LVVPVEESE	1. FIV 14 [4221]	2. FIV Z1 [4202]	3. FIV CG [4187]	4. fiv19k [4168]	5. FIV PPR [4102]

33/44 300 LQGKVNISLC 300 300 300 300 **QCYLDRVDTW** 290 280 YNISVIVPDY 270 **GPLGCANNTC** 260 **IWKRWNETIT** KATROCRRGR 250 5. FIV PPR [4102] 4. fiv19k [4168] 3. FIV CG [4187] env-NCSU 2 1. FIV 14 [4221] 2. FIV Z1 [4202]

0		^ _	^.	^ -		;
360	, NORA	360 . ™	360 . M .	360 M	360 . K	360 I .
	KCGWWNQRAY	•	· · ·	· · ·	•	· · ·
350	* * TSQIQDPEIP	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		
340	* * FGPNQTCMWN	:			: : : : :	: : : : : :
330	* * BLQIPLINYT			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	:	
320	2	: : : : :	:	:	:	
Ç	2 * * * * * LTGGKMLYNK YTKQLS\					——Œ
FIG. 3F	env-NCSU 2 LTG	1. FIV 14 [4221]	2. FIV Z1 [4202]	3. FIV CG [4187]	4. fiv19k [4168]	5. FIV PPR [4102]
	SUBST	ITUTE SH	łeet (Rul	.E 26)		

420 * * ISLKCNSTKN	420	420 K	420 – P	420	420 H >
ISI		o	· ·) >	:
410 * * RPDFESEKVK	: - ¥ :		: - ¥ :	: - cc : : :	: : : : : : :
390 * 400 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	: - : : : : :	: - : : : : :	· -		: : : : : :
390 * * QPGTWLRAIS			ω		I. T
380 * * VKFHCQRTQS			:	 	: : : : :
FIG. 3G 370 3nv-NCSU 2 * * YKNCKWEKTD	1. FIV 14 [4221] [4221] _{NSEAK} .		3. FIV CG [4187]	4. fiv19k [4168] NQ. S Q	5. FIV PPR [4102]
SUBSTI	TUTE SHE	ET (RULE	26)		

Ç	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	480	480 H.S.V.S.V.S.	480	480	
FIG. 3H	env-NCSU 2 * * * LTFAMRSSGD	1. FIV 14 [4221]	2. FIV Z1 [4202]	3. FIV CG [4187]	4. fiv19k [4168]	5. FIV PPR [4102]

		Δ	^ _	^ ^	- ^	^
	540 * * SCTSDLPPTW	540 S S	540 S S	540 S.S.	540 T N	. 540 0 N v
	SCT	•	•	•	∑ :	; ;
	530 * * * VEMYNIAGNW			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	: : : :	:
		•		•	•	•
	520 * * LIMHFNMTKA	:	· · ·		•	
	* 1	•	Ø :	:	•	•
	L	•	>	>	•	
	510 * VDD	 :	 :	:	 :	:
	TM ₹	•	•	•	•	•
	510 * * QNGFTMKVDD	•	•	•	:	•
		:	· ·	:	:	:
	500 * YNCSL	•	•	•	•	•
	YANKMY	•	•	•	.c.	•
	X	တ	Ś	ω.	- :	•
	490 * TM	:	:	:	:	•
	* PVD(•	•	•	•
	490 U 2 * * SGANPVDCTM			g :	\$.	ਰ ਜ
<u>.</u> 3	env-NCSU 2 SG/	1. FIV 14 4221]	2. FIV Z1 4202]	3. FIV CG 4187]	fiv19k 58]	5. FIV PPR 4102]
FIG. 31	env-ľ	1. FIV [4221]	2. FIV 7 [4202]	3. FIV (4. fiv [4168]	5. FIV [4102]
	SUBSTIT	TUTE SHE	ET (RULE	26)		
			and the same of	-		7

		36	3/44		
600 * * * * * * * * * * * * *	- — — ^ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	^. : 009 : :	600 	^	600
590 * EKYQWKQPD	: : : : :	:	:		ш : : : :
580 * NPVAGLROSL		:			V
570 * NNGGILRNWY	a				EDK
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	S I I I		>		0 1 8 N D N K
FIG. 3J 550 env-NCSU 2 *	1. FIV 14	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3. 6FIV CG	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	SUBS	TITUTE SHEET	(RULE 26)		

FIG. 3K

99 * N. I	^:	39/44 ^ :	^ <u>`</u>	^ <u>`</u>	^ <u>`</u>
660 * * KVTEALKINN	099	. ·	. 660		999 I · · · · I
650 * * VLATHQEAIE	: > : : :	:	:	:	
640 * * AIGMVTQYHQ	:	:			:
630 * * SMAGAGTGAT	:	:			: :
620 * * HVMLALATVL	:				:
610 env-NCSU 2 * * YKTRRKRAAI	1. FIV 14 [4221] P	2. FIV Z1 [4202]	3. FIV CG 1 4187 P	4. fiv19k [4168] P	5. FIV PPR [4102]

		40/44			
720 * * RYNMSINQTI	720 T	720 	720 	720 	720 TL
710 * * FCKVPPELWM	⊦ - : : : :		_		. El. K L
700 * * A QELGCNQNQF	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
690 * * EKFLYTAFAM	···································		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		:
680 * * LVIGLKVEAM	: : : : : :				
FIG. 3L 670 env-NCSU 2 * *	1. FIV 14 [4221]	2. FIV Z1 [4202]	3. FIV CG 4187]	4. fiv19k [4168]	5. FIV PPR [4102]
SUBSTIT	TUTE SHE	ET (RULE	26)		

730 env-NCSU 2 * * *	740 * WYNQTKDLQQ	750 * * KFYEIIMDIE	760 * * * QNNVQGKKGI	760 * 770 A * * * * * QNNVQGKKGI QQLQKWEDWV	780 * * GWIGNIPQYL
1. FIV 14 [—— : : : : :	·		: - : : : : : : :	780
2. FIV Z1 [4202]	: : : : : : :		⊢		780
3. FIV CG [4187]		:	- - : :	: -	780 R
4. fiv19k [4168]	I	:	1		780
5. FIV PPR	;		C	0 Z	780 1 K

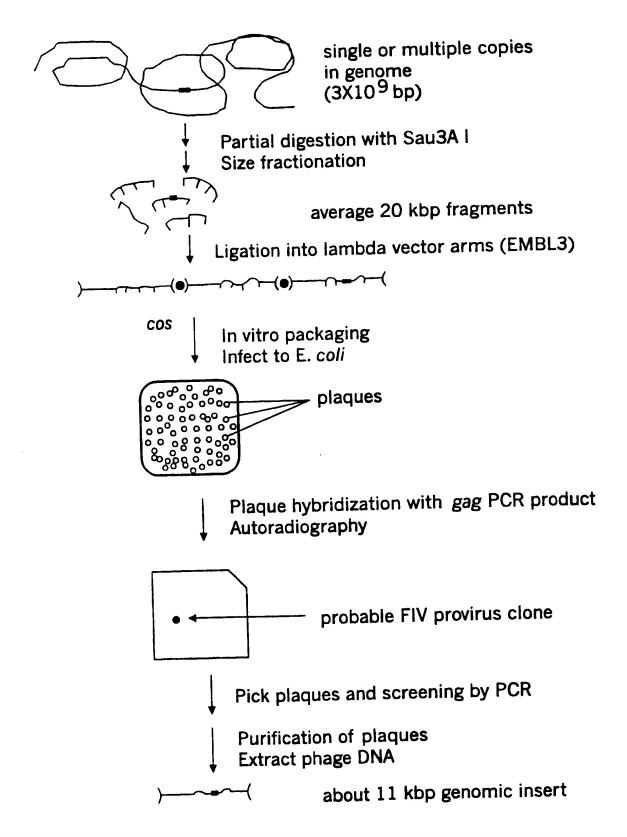
_	Z	2
(Y)
(r	j
Ĺ	1	_

		42/44			
840 * * * IQPQMELRRN	840	840	840	840	 840 ETV K >
830 * * IAMPEVEGEE	: : : :				
820 * * CIHKILGYTV		:	:		~~ :
810 * * * LPTLVDCIRN					:
GLGVLLLILC * * * 800	: : : : :			: :	: :
790 env-NCSU 2 * * KGLLGGILGI	1. FIV 14 [4221]	2. FIV Z1 [4202]	3. FIV CG [4187]	4. fiv19k [4168]	5. FIV PPR [4102]
CURCTO	TITTE CU	EET (DIII	E 26\		

FIG. 30

NOOLLO	850
env-NCSU 2	* *
GRQ	CGISEKE EE
1. FIV 14	Į.
[4221]	. M >
2. FIV Z1	ļ
[4202]	. M >
3. FIV CG	
[4187]	. M >
4. fiv19k	!
[4168]	. M >
5. FIV PPR	ļ
[4102]	. M >

FIG. 4



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

inte. Jonal Application No PCT/US 98/04147

				PC	1/US 98/0414/
A. CLASSIF IPC 6	C12N15/49 C12N1/19	C12N15/73 C12N1/21	C12N15/86 C07K14/155	C12N7/00 A01K67/027	C12N5/10
ccording to	International Patent Cla	issification(IPC) or to both	n national classification ar	id IPC	
. FIELDS	SEARCHED				
IPC 6			wed by classification sym	ools)	
Ocumental	on searched other than	minimum documentation	to the extent that such do	cuments are included in	the fields searched
electronic d	ata base consulted durir	ng the international search	n (name of data base and	. where practical, search	n terms used)
C. DOCUMI	ENTS CONSIDERED TO	BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document.	with indication, where app	propriate, of the relevant p	assages	Relevant to claim No.
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	vol. 70, i pages 301 see abstr see page	3012	505486		
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Date of the	e actual completion of th	einternational search		Date of mailing of the inf	ernational search report
	17 June 1998			24/06/1998	3
Name and	NL - 2280 HV Rij	Office, P.B. 5818 Patentla swijk 2040, Tx. 31 651 epo ni,	1	Authorized officer Galli, I	

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